

Table of Contents

Cover Sheet.....	2
Vessel Design Summary:.....	3
Nozzle Summary:.....	7
Nozzle Schedule:.....	8
Bill of Material:.....	9
MDMT Summary:.....	10
Warnings and Errors:.....	12
Input Echo:.....	13
XY Coordinate Calculations:.....	20
Internal Pressure Calculations:.....	21
Element: Btm Head.....	22
Element: Shell 1.....	25
Element: shell 2.....	27
Element: Cone.....	29
Element: Shell 3.....	31
Element: Top Head.....	33
Pressure Test Results: Shop Test.....	36
External Pressure Calculations:.....	38
Element and Detail Weights:.....	41
Nozzle Flange MAWP:.....	44
Natural Frequency Calculation:.....	45
Wind Load Calculation:.....	46
Earthquake Load Calculation:.....	48
Wind/Earthquake Shear, Bending:.....	50
Wind/Earthquake Deflection:.....	51
Longitudinal Stress Constants:.....	52
Longitudinal Allowable Stresses:.....	53
Longitudinal Stresses due to:.....	54
Stress due to Combined Loads:.....	56
Skirt Stress Calculations:.....	61
Center of Gravity Calculation:.....	66
Basering Calculations:.....	67
Conical Section: Cone.....	72
Nozzle Calcs.: Drain.....	79
Nozzle Calcs.: Manway.....	82
Nozzle Calcs.: Inlet.....	88
Nozzle Calcs.: Outlet.....	93
Nozzle Calcs.: Vent.....	99

DESIGN CALCULATION

In Accordance with ASME Section VIII Division 1

ASME Code Version : 2023

Analysis Performed by : Kedkep Consulting Inc

Job File : D:\Jobs 2008 to today\Business\web\Tower Analysis.pvdb

Date of Analysis : Jun 10,2025 9:37pm

PV Elite 27, January 2025

FileName : Tower Analysis

Vessel Design Summary:

Step: 36 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Vessel Design Summary:**ASME Code, Section VIII Division 1, 2023**

Diameter Spec : 40.000 x 28.000 in. ID
Vessel Design Length, Tangent to Tangent 41.33 ft.

Distance of Bottom Tangent above Grade 3.00 ft.
Distance of Base above Grade 0.00 ft.
Specified Datum Line Distance 0.00 ft.

Internal Design Temperature 200 F
Internal Design Pressure 100.000 psig

External Design Temperature 200 F
External Design Pressure 15.000 psig

Maximum Allowable Working Pressure 105.2 psig
External Max. Allowable Working Pressure 21.32 psig
Shop Test Pressure 130.000 psig

Required Minimum Design Metal Temperature -20.0 F
Warmest Computed Minimum Design Metal Temperature -39.0 F

Wind Design Code NBC-2005
Earthquake Design Code NBC 2005

Materials of Construction:

Component Type	Material	Class	Thickness	UNS #	Normal ized	Impact Tested
Shell	SA-516 70	...	...	K02700	No	No
Head	SA-516 70	...	...	K02700	No	No
Cone	SA-516 70	...	...	K02700	No	No
Skirt	SA-516 70	...	...	K02700	No	No
Nozzle	SA-106 B	...	...	K03006	No	No
Nozzle Flg	SA-105	...	...	K03504	Yes	No
Rings	SA-516 70	...	...	K02700	No	No
Basering	SA-516 70	...	...	K02700	No	No
Base Bolting	SA-193 B7	...	<= 2 1/2	G41400	No	No

*Normalized is determined based on the UCS-66 material curve selection and Figure UCS-66.

*Impact Tested is based on material selection and material data properties.

Element Pressures and MAWP (psig & in.):

Element Description or Type	Design Pressure + Stat. head	Ext. Press.	Element M.A.W.P	Total Corrosion Allowance	Str. Flg. Gov.	In Creep Range
Skirt	...	...	...	...	N/A	No
Btm Head	100.000	15.00	105.200	0.1250	Yes	No
Shell 1	100.000	15.00	518.300	0.1250	N/A	No
shell 2	100.000	15.00	518.300	0.1250	N/A	No
Cone	100.000	15.00	503.000	0.1250	N/A	No
Shell 3	100.000	15.00	732.800	0.1250	N/A	No
Top Head	100.000	15.00	297.700	0.1250	Yes	No

Stiffener Ring Specifications:

Elevation ft.	Selected Type	Ring Description
31.97	Bar 1.75 x 1.00	Ring:[1 of 1]

Element Types and Properties:

Element Type	"To" Elev ft.	Element Length ft.	Nominal Thickness in.	Finished Thickness in.	Reqd Thk Internal in.	Reqd Thk External in.	Long Eff	Circ Eff
Skirt	3.00	3.000	0.500	0.500	...	...	0.70	0.70
Ellipse	3.17	0.167	...	0.250	0.243	...	0.85	0.70
Cylinder	17.67	14.500	...	0.750	0.244	...	0.85	0.70
Cylinder	32.17	14.500	...	0.750	0.244	...	0.85	0.70
Conical	34.17	2.000	...	0.750	0.247	...	0.85	0.70
Cylinder	44.17	10.000	...	0.750	0.219	...	0.85	0.70
Ellipse	44.33	0.167	...	0.375	0.219	...	0.85	0.70

External Pressure Calculations:

From	To	External Actual T. in.	External Required T. in.	External Design Pressure psig	External M.A.W.P. psig
10	20	...	No Calc	...	No Calc
20	30	0.25	0.22986	15	21.32
30	40	0.75	0.4401	15	83.27
40	Ring	0.75	0.4401	15	83.27
Ring	50	0.75	0.16469	15	357.4
50	60	0.75	0.22772	15	338.3
60	70	0.75	0.2943	15	345.1
70	80	0.375	0.19944	15	127.4

External Pressure Calculations:

From	To	Actual Length Bet. Stiffeners ft.	Allowable Length Bet. Stiffeners ft.	Ring Inertia Required in**4	Ring Inertia Available in**4
10	20	No Calc	No Calc	No Calc	No Calc
20	30	No Calc	No Calc	No Calc	No Calc
30	40	29.2444	734.35	No Calc	No Calc
40	Ring	29.2444	734.35	No Calc	No Calc
Ring	50	0.2	4.76572	0.89879	2.20599
50	60	1.71084	1.71084	No Calc	No Calc
60	70	10.3611	670.073	No Calc	No Calc
70	80	No Calc	No Calc	No Calc	No Calc

Local Stress Analysis Results:

Description	Analysis Type	Max Stress Ratio	High Stress Location	Pass Fail
Local Skirt	Jawad & Farr	0.048	n/a	Passed

Wind/Earthquake Shear, Bending:

	Distance to	Cumulative	Earthquake	Wind	Earthquake
--	-------------	------------	------------	------	------------

From	To	Support ft.	Wind Shear lb.	Shear lb.	Bending ft.lb.	Bending ft.lb.
10	20	1.5	2123.47	568.95	44666	15705.5
20	30	3.08333	1966.34	565.297	38531.3	14004.1
30	40	10.4167	1958.03	564.251	38204.3	13910
40	50	24.9167	1216.46	463.911	15189.2	6455.82
50	60	33.1667	474.905	228.264	2926.79	1437.55
60	70	39.1667	387.408	191.041	2064.48	1018.25
70	80	44.25	23.8683	11.8075	8.09539	4.00475

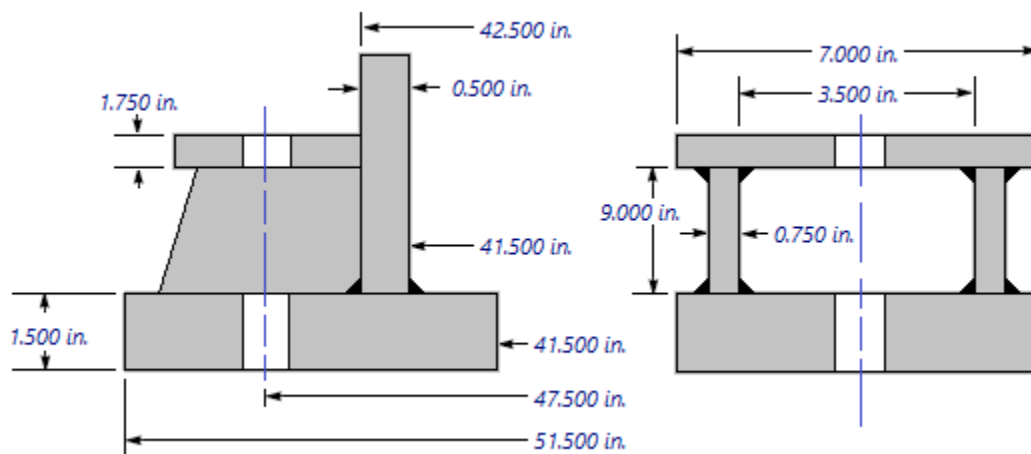
Abs Max of the all of the Stress Ratio's : 0.5947

Basing Data : Basing W/Gussets & Chair Cap

Thickness of Basing 1.5000 in.
 Inside Diameter of Basing 41.5000 in.
 Outside Diameter of Basing 51.5000 in.
 Nominal Diameter of Bolts 2.0000 in.
 Diameter of Bolt Circle 47.5000 in.
 Number of Bolts 8

Thickness of Gusset Plates 0.7500 in.
 Average Width of Gusset Plates 4.5000 in.
 Height of Gussets 9.0000 in.
 Distance between Gussets 3.5000 in.
 Thickness of Top Plate or Ring 1.7500 in.
 Circumferential Width of the Top Plate 7.0000 in.
 Radial Width of the Top Plate 4.5000 in.

Basing Sketch for Cylindrical Skirts:



Basing Cross Section View

Loads for Foundation/Support Design:

Total Wind Shear on Support 2123. lb.
 Total Earthquake Shear on Support 569. lb.
 Wind Moment on Support 44666. ft.lb.
 Earthquake Moment on Support 15705. ft.lb.
 Maximum Initial Bolt Load 3508. lb.

PV Elite 27 Licensee: Kedkep Consulting Inc
FileName : Tower Analysis -----
Vessel Design Summary: Step: 36 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

6

The Wind and Seismic loads were not load factored in this analysis.

Wind and Earthquake moments include the effects of user defined forces and moments if any exist in the job and were specified to act (compute loads and stresses) during these cases. Also included are moment effects due to eccentric weights if any are present in the input.

Weights:

Fabricated - Bare w/o removable internals	17068.5	lbm
Shop Test - Fabricated + water (full)	36865.0	lbm
Shipping - Fab. + rem. intls.+ shipping app.	17068.5	lbm
Erected - Fab. + rem. intls.+ insul. (etc)	17068.5	lbm
Empty - Fab. + intls. + details + wghts.	17068.5	lbm
Operating - Empty + operating liquid (no ca)	17068.5	lbm

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

FileName : Tower Analysis

Nozzle Summary:

Step: 34 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Nozzle Calculation Summary (psig & in.):

Description	MAWP	Ext	MAPNC	UG-45	[tr]	Weld Path	Areas or Stresses
Drain	105.2	...	...	OK	0.226	OK	No Calc[*]
Manway	308.2	OK	...	OK	0.226	OK	Passed
Inlet	118.9	OK	...	OK	0.226	OK	Passed
Outlet	169.1	OK	...	OK	0.219	OK	Passed
Vent	297.7	...	...	OK	0.219	OK	No Calc[*]

Nozzle MAWP Summary:

Minimum MAWP Nozzles : 105.2 Nozzle : Drain
 Minimum MAWP Shells/Flanges : 105.2 Element : Btm Head
 Minimum MAPnc Shells/Flanges : 212.2 Element : Btm Head

Computed Vessel M.A.W.P. : 105.2 psig

[*] - This was a small opening and the areas were not computed or the MAWP of this connection could not be computed because the longitudinal bending stress was greater than the hoop stress.

Note: MAWPs (Internal Case) shown above are at the High Point.

Multiple output lines for the same nozzle indicates required Code calculations in both the longitudinal and circumferential planes of reinforcement where applicable.

Check the spatial relationship between the nozzles:

From Node	Nozzle Description	Y Coordinate in.	Layout Angle deg	Dia. Limit in.
20	Drain	0.000	0.000	6.300
30	Manway	38.000	0.000	30.500
40	Inlet	204.000	0.000	12.630
60	Outlet	470.000	0.000	12.630
70	Vent	0.000	0.000	5.146

The nozzle spacing is computed by the following:

= sqrt($l_l^2 + l_c^2$) where

l_l - Arc length along the inside vessel surface in the long. direction.

l_c - Arc length along the inside vessel surface in the circ. direction

If any interferences/violations are found, they will be noted below.

No interference violations have been detected!

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

Nozzle Schedule:

Description	Nominal or Actual Size	Schd or FVC Type	Flg Type	Nozzle O/Dia in	Wall Thk in	Reinforcing Pad Diameter in	Pad Thk in	Cut Length in	Flg Class
Vent	2.500 in	80	WNF	2.875	0.276	...	...	6.42	150
Drain	3.000 in	80	WNF	3.500	0.300	...	...	6.29	150
Inlet	6.000 in	40	WNF	6.625	0.280	...	...	7.03	150
Outlet	6.000 in	40	WNF	6.625	0.280	...	...	7.15	150
Manway	16.000 in	40	WNF	16.000	0.500	...	...	8.42	150

General Notes for the above table:

The cut length is the outside projection + inside projection + drop + in-plane shell thickness. This value does not include weld gaps, nor does it account for shrinkage.

In the case of oblique nozzles, the outside diameter must be increased. The re-pad width around the nozzle is calculated as follows:

Width of Pad = (Pad Outside Dia. (per above) - Nozzle Outside Dia.)/2

For hub nozzles, the thickness and diameter shown are those of the smaller and thinner section.

Nozzle Material and Weld Fillet Leg Size Details (in.):

Description	Material	Shl Grve Weld	Noz Shl/Pad Weld	Pad OD Weld	Pad Grve Weld	Inside Weld
Vent	SA-106 B	0.375	0.375	...	...	...
Drain	SA-106 B	0.250	0.375	...	...	...
Inlet	SA-106 B	0.750	0.375	...	...	...
Outlet	SA-106 B	0.750	0.375	...	...	...
Manway	SA-106 B	0.750	0.375	...	...	...

Note: The Outside projections below do not include the flange thickness.

Nozzle Miscellaneous Data:

Description	Elev/Distance From Datum ft.	Layout Angle deg	Proj Outside in.	Proj Inside in.	Installed in Component
Vent	...	0.0	6.00	0.00	Top Head
Drain	...	0.0	6.00	0.00	Btm Head
Inlet	20.000	0.0	6.00	0.00	shell 2
Outlet	42.167	0.0	6.00	0.00	Shell 3
Manway	6.167	0.0	6.00	0.00	Shell 1

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

Bill of Materials:

QTY	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL
1	SKIRT: 0.500" THK X 41.500" ID X 3'	SA-516 70
1	ELLIPTICAL HEAD: 2.0 X 1, 0.250" THK X 40.000" ID X 2.00"	SA-516 70
2	CYLINDER: 0.750" THK X 40.000" ID X 14'-6"	SA-516 70
1	CONE: 0.750" THK X 40.000" ID X 2'	SA-516 70
1	CYLINDER: 0.750" THK X 28.000" ID X 10'	SA-516 70
1	ELLIPTICAL HEAD: 2.0 X 1, 0.375" THK X 28.000" ID X 2.00"	SA-516 70
1	BAR RING STIFFENER: 41.500" ID X 45.000" OD X 1.000"	SA-516 70
1	BASERING: 51.500" OD X 41.500 ID X 1.500"	SA-516 70
8	BASERING BOLTS: 2.000" DIA	SA-193 B7
8	BASERING BOLT NUTS: 2.000" DIA	...
16	BASERING GUSSET PLATES: 4.500" X 4.500" X 9.000" X 0.750"	...
8	BASERING TOP PLATES: 7.000" X 4.500" X 1.750"	...
1	NAMEPLATE	...

FileName : Tower Analysis

MDMT Summary:

Step: 35 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Minimum Design Metal Temperature Results Summary (F):

Description	Notes	Curve	Basic MDMT	Reduced MDMT	UG-20(f) MDMT	Thickness ratio	Gov Thk in.	E*	PWHT reqd
Btm Head	[10]	B	-20	-39	-20	0.805	0.250	0.85	No
Btm Head	[7]	B	-20	-39	-20	0.808	0.250	0.85	No
Shell 1	[8]	B	16	-155	-20	0.162	0.750	0.85	No
shell 2	[8]	B	16	-155	-20	0.162	0.750	0.85	No
Cone	[8]	B	16	-155	-20	0.167	0.750	0.85	No
Shell 3	[8]	B	16	-155	-20	0.128	0.750	0.85	No
Top Head	[10]	B	-20	-155	-20	0.319	0.375	0.85	No
Top Head	[7]	B	-20	-155	-20	0.319	0.375	0.85	No
Ring:[1 of 1]	[23]	B	16	-155	-20	0.162	0.750	0.85	No
Drain	[1]	B	-20	-48	-20	0.725	0.250	1.00	No
Nozzle Flg	[5]	B	0	-55					
Manway	[1]	B	-14	-155	-20	0.143	0.438	1.00	No
Nozzle Flg	[5]	B	0	-55					
Inlet	[1]	B	-20	-155		0.154	0.245	1.00	No
Nozzle Flg	[5]	B	0	-55					
Outlet	[1]	B	-20	-155		0.154	0.245	1.00	No
Nozzle Flg	[5]	B	0	-55					
Vent	[1]	B	-20	-155		0.065	0.241	1.00	No
Nozzle Flg	[5]	B	0	-55					
Warmest MDMT:			16	-39					

Required Minimum Design Metal Temperature -20.0 F

Warmest Computed Minimum Design Metal Temperature -39.0 F

Notes:

[!] - This was an impact tested material.

[1] - Governing Nozzle Weld.

[4] - ASME Flange MDMT Calcs; Thickness ratio per UCS-66(b)(1)(-c).

[5] - ASME Flange MDMT Calcs; Thickness ratio per UCS-66(b)(1)(-b).

[6] - MDMT Calculations at the Shell/Head Joint.

[7] - MDMT Calculations for the Straight Flange.

[8] - Cylinder/Cone/Flange Junction MDMT.

[9] - Calculations in the Spherical Portion of the Head.

[10] - Calculations in the Knuckle Portion of the Head.

[11] - Calculated (Body Flange) Flange MDMT.

[12] - Calculated Flat Head MDMT per UCS-66.3

[13] - Tubesheet MDMT, shell side, if applicable

[14] - Tubesheet MDMT, tube side, if applicable

[15] - Nozzle Material

[16] - Shell or Head Material

[17] - Impact Testing required

[18] - Impact Testing not required, see UCS-66(b)(3)

[20] - Cylinder/Cone Junction MDMT based on Longitudinal Stress considerations

[21] - Body Flange Bolting Material

[22] - Nozzle Flange Bolting Material

[23] - Stiffening Ring to Shell Weld

[24] - Saddle to Shell Weld

UG-84(b)(2) was not considered.

UCS-66(g) was not considered.

UCS-66(i) was not considered.

Notes:

Impact test temps were not entered in and not considered in the analysis.

UCS-66(i) applies to impact tested materials not by specification and

Step: 35 9:37pm Jun 10, 2025

The Basic MDMT includes the (30F) PWHT credit if applicable.

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

PV Elite 27 Licensee: Kedkep Consulting Inc
FileName : Tower Analysis -----
Warnings and Errors: Step: 0 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

12

Class From To : Basic Element Checks.

Class From To: Check of Additional Element Data

There were no geometry errors or warnings.



The ASME Code Section VIII Division 1 does not explicitly require stresses on elements to be computed under test conditions. Please see interpretation VIII-1-10-12 for more information. PV Elite also computes weight due to test fluid and uses the weight in various calculations such as saddle and leg loads. PV Elite also computes static pressure due to operating and test liquids. The static pressure is used in conjunction with the design and test pressures to determine a total pressure in the determination of required thickness, MAWP etc. This ensures compliance with UG-22 requirements.

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

Units used in this Analysis (ENGLISH):

Name	System Unit	Constant	User Unit
Length	Feet	1.0000	ft.
Force	Pounds	1.0000	lb.
Mass	Pounds	1.0000	lbm
Area	sq. inches	1.0000	sq.in.
Moment	ft. lbs.	1.0000	ft.lb.
Stress	lbs./sq.in.	1.0000	psi
Temperature	Degrees F	1.0000	F
Pressure	psig	1.0000	psig
Elast. Modulus	lbs./sq.in.	1.0000	psi
Pipe Density	lbs./cu.in.	1.0000	lb./cu.in.
Ins. Density	lbs./cu.ft.	1.0000	lb./cu.ft.
Fluid Density	lbs./cu.ft.	1.0000	lb./cu.ft.
Wind Speed	miles/hr	1.0000	mile/hr
Tray Weight	lbs./sq.ft.	1.0000	lb./sq.ft.
Inertia	in.^4	1.0000	in**4
G Load	G's	1.0000	g's
Wind Load	lbs./sq.ft.	1.0000	psf
Elevation	Feet	1.0000	ft.
Volume	in.^3	1.0000	in3
Diameter	inches	1.0000	in.
Thickness	inches	1.0000	in.

PV Elite Vessel Analysis Program: Input Data

Design Internal Pressure (for Hydrotest)
100
psig

Design Internal Temperature
200.0
F

Projection of Nozzle from Vessel Top
0
in.

Projection of Nozzle from Vessel Bottom
0
in.

Minimum Design Metal Temperature
-20.0
F

Type of Construction
Welded

Special Service
Air/Water/Steam

Degree of Radiography
RT-4

Use Higher Longitudinal Stresses (Flag)
Y

Select t for Internal Pressure (Flag)
N

Select t for External Pressure (Flag)
N

Select t for Axial Stress (Flag)
N

Select Location for Stiff. Rings (Flag)
N

Consider Vortex Shedding
N

Shop Pressure Test:

Type of Pressure Test
UG-99(b) Note [35]

Pressure Test Position
Horizontal

Test Performed in Corroded Condition
No

Load Case 1
NP+EW+WI+FW+BW

Load Case 2
NP+EW+EE+FS+BS

Load Case 3
NP+OW+WI+FW+BW

Load Case 4
NP+OW+EQ+FS+BS

Load Case 5
NP+HW+HI

Load Case 6
NP+HW+HE

Load Case 7
IP+OW+WI+FW+BW

Load Case 8
IP+OW+EQ+FS+BS

Load Case 9
EP+OW+WI+FW+BW

Load Case 10
EP+OW+EQ+FS+BS

Load Case 11
HP+HW+HI

Load Case 12
HP+HW+HE

PV Elite 27 Licensee: Kedkep Consulting Inc
 FileName : Tower Analysis -----
 Input Echo: Step: 1 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Load Case 13	IP+WE+EW
Load Case 14	IP+WF+CW
Load Case 15	IP+VO+OW
Load Case 16	IP+VE+EW
Load Case 17	NP+VO+OW
Load Case 18	FS+BS+IP+OW
Load Case 19	FS+BS+EP+OW
Wind Design Code	NBC-2005
Design Wind Speed	70 mile/hr
Exposure Category	B, Rough Terrain
Importance Factor	1.0
Roughness Classification	Moderately smooth
Base Elevation	0 ft.
Percent Wind for Hydrotest	33.0
Using User defined Wind Press. Vs Elev.	N
Damping Factor (Beta) for Wind (Ope)	0.0080
Damping Factor (Beta) for Wind (Empty)	0.0000
Damping Factor (Beta) for Wind (Filled)	0.0000
Height of Hill or Escarpment H or Hh	0 ft.
Distance Upwind of Crest Lh	0 ft.
Distance from Crest to the Vessel x	0 ft.
Type of Terrain (Hill, Escarpment)	Flat
Seismic Design Code	NBC-2005
Importance Factor	1.000
Overstrength Factor	1.0000
Ductility Factor	3.0000
Height Ratio (hx/hn)	0.0000
Component Amplification factor [Rp]	2.5000
Element or Component factor [Cp]	1.0000
Component Force factor [Ar]	2.5000
Site Class	C
Acceleration Sa(0.2)	0.1500
Acceleration Sa(0.5)	0.0840
Acceleration Sa(1.0)	0.0410
Acceleration Sa(2.0)	0.0230
Design Pressure + Static Head	Y
Consider MAP New and Cold in Noz. Design	N
Consider External Loads for Nozzle Des.	Y
Use ASME VIII-1 Appendix 1-9	N
Perform Blast Load Analysis	No
Material Database Year Current w/Addenda or Code Year	

Configuration Directives:

g0 is taken as min(g0, attached shell thk)	Yes
Do not use Nozzle MDMT Interpretation VIII-1 01-37	No
Use Table G instead of exact equation for "A"	No
Shell Head Joints are Tapered	No
Compute "K" in corroded condition	No
Use Code Case 2286	No
Use the MAWP to compute the MDMT	No
For thickness ratios <= 0.35, MDMT will be -155F (-104C)	Yes
For PWHT & P1 Materials the MDMT can be < -55F (-48C)	No
Using Metric Material Databases, ASME II D	No
Calculate B31.3 type stress for Nozzles with Loads	Yes

Step: 1 9:37pm Jun 10, 2025

Yes

Yes

Complete Listing of Vessel Elements and Details:

Element#	1/7
Element From Node	10
Element To Node	20
Element Type	Skirt Support
Description	Skirt
Distance "FROM" to "TO"	3 ft.
Skirt Inside Diameter	41.5 in.
Diameter of Skirt at Base	41.5 in.
Skirt Thickness	0.5 in.
Internal Corrosion Allowance	0 in.
Nominal Thickness	0.5 in.
External Corrosion Allowance	0 in.
Design Temperature Internal Pressure	200 F
Design Temperature External Pressure	200 F
Effective Diameter Multiplier	1.2
Material Name	SA-516 70
Allowable Stress, Ambient	20000 psi
Allowable Stress, Operating	20000 psi
Allowable Stress, Hydrotest	26000 psi
Material Density	0.283 lb./cu.in.
P Number Thickness	1.25 in.
Yield Stress, Operating	34800 psi
UCS-66 Chart Curve Designation	B
External Pressure Chart Name	CS-2
UNS Number	K02700
Product Form	Plate
Efficiency, Longitudinal Seam	0.7
Efficiency, Head-to-Skirt or Circ. Seam	0.7
Weld is pre-Heated	No

Element#	2/7
Element From Node	20
Element To Node	30
Element Type	Elliptical
Description	Btm Head
Distance "FROM" to "TO"	0.1667 ft.
Inside Diameter	40 in.
Element Thickness	0.25 in.
Internal Corrosion Allowance	0.125 in.
Nominal Thickness	0 in.
External Corrosion Allowance	0 in.
Design Internal Pressure	100 psig
Design Temperature Internal Pressure	200 F
Design External Pressure	15 psig
Design Temperature External Pressure	200 F
Effective Diameter Multiplier	1.2
Material Name	SA-516 70
Efficiency, Longitudinal Seam	0.85
Efficiency, Circumferential Seam	0.7
Elliptical Head Factor	2.0
Weld is pre-Heated	No

Element From Node	20
Detail Type	Nozzle
Detail ID	Drain

FileName : Tower Analysis

Input Echo:

Step: 1 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Dist. from "FROM" Node / Offset dist	0 in.
Nozzle Diameter	3 in.
Nozzle Schedule	80
Nozzle Class	150
Layout Angle	0.0
Blind Flange (Y/N)	N
Weight of Nozzle (Used if > 0)	0 lb.
Grade of Attached Flange	GR 1.1
Nozzle Matl	SA-106 B

Element#	3/7
Element From Node	30
Element To Node	40
Element Type	Cylinder
Description	Shell 1
Distance "FROM" to "TO"	14.5 ft.
Inside Diameter	40 in.
Element Thickness	0.75 in.
Internal Corrosion Allowance	0.125 in.
Nominal Thickness	0 in.
External Corrosion Allowance	0 in.
Design Internal Pressure	100 psig
Design Temperature Internal Pressure	200 F
Design External Pressure	15 psig
Design Temperature External Pressure	200 F
Effective Diameter Multiplier	1.2
Material Name	SA-516 70
Efficiency, Longitudinal Seam	0.85
Efficiency, Circumferential Seam	0.7
Weld is pre-Heated	No

Element From Node	30
Detail Type	Nozzle
Detail ID	Manway
Dist. from "FROM" Node / Offset dist	3 ft.
Nozzle Diameter	16 in.
Nozzle Schedule	40
Nozzle Class	150
Layout Angle	0.0
Blind Flange (Y/N)	N
Weight of Nozzle (Used if > 0)	0 lb.
Grade of Attached Flange	GR 1.1
Nozzle Matl	SA-106 B

Element#	4/7
Element From Node	40
Element To Node	50
Element Type	Cylinder
Description	shell 2
Distance "FROM" to "TO"	14.5 ft.
Inside Diameter	40 in.
Element Thickness	0.75 in.
Internal Corrosion Allowance	0.125 in.
Nominal Thickness	0 in.
External Corrosion Allowance	0 in.
Design Internal Pressure	100 psig
Design Temperature Internal Pressure	200 F
Design External Pressure	15 psig

FileName : Tower Analysis

Input Echo:

Step: 1 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Design Temperature External Pressure	200	F
Effective Diameter Multiplier	1.2	
Material Name	SA-516 70	
Efficiency, Longitudinal Seam	0.85	
Efficiency, Circumferential Seam	0.7	
Weld is pre-Heated	No	

Element From Node	40	
Detail Type	Ring	
Detail ID	Ring:[1 of 1]	
Dist. from "FROM" Node / Offset dist	14.3	ft.
Inside Diameter of Ring	41.5	in.
Thickness of Ring	1	in.
Outside Diameter of Ring	45	in.
Material Name	SA-516 70	
Height of Section Ring	0	in.
Using Custom Stiffener Section	No	

Element From Node	40	
Detail Type	Nozzle	
Detail ID	Inlet	
Dist. from "FROM" Node / Offset dist	2.3333	ft.
Nozzle Diameter	6	in.
Nozzle Schedule	40	
Nozzle Class	150	
Layout Angle	0.0	
Blind Flange (Y/N)	N	
Weight of Nozzle (Used if > 0)	0	lb.
Grade of Attached Flange	GR 1.1	
Nozzle Matl	SA-106 B	

Element#	5/7	
Element From Node	50	
Element To Node	60	
Element Type	Conical	
Description	Cone	
Distance "FROM" to "TO"	2	ft.
Inside Diameter	40	in.
Element Thickness	0.75	in.
Internal Corrosion Allowance	0.125	in.
Nominal Thickness	0	in.
External Corrosion Allowance	0	in.
Design Internal Pressure	100	psig
Design Temperature Internal Pressure	200	F
Design External Pressure	15	psig
Design Temperature External Pressure	200	F
Effective Diameter Multiplier	1.2	
Material Name	SA-516 70	
Efficiency, Longitudinal Seam	0.85	
Efficiency, Circumferential Seam	0.7	
Cone Diameter at "To" End	28	in.
Design Length of Cone	24	in.
Half Apex Angle of Cone	14.036243	degrees
Toriconical (Y/N)	N	
Weld is pre-Heated	No	

Element#	6/7
Element From Node	60

Step: 1 9:37pm Jun 10, 2025

Element From Node	60	
Detail Type	Nozzle	
Detail ID	Outlet	
Dist. from "FROM" Node / Offset dist	8	ft.
Nozzle Diameter	6	in.
Nozzle Schedule	40	
Nozzle Class	150	
Layout Angle	0.0	
Blind Flange (Y/N)	N	
Weight of Nozzle (Used if > 0)	0	lb.
Grade of Attached Flange	GR 1.1	
Nozzle Matl	SA-106 B	

Element From Node	70	
Detail Type	Nozzle	
Detail ID	Vent	
Dist. from "FROM" Node / Offset dist	0	in.
Nozzle Diameter	2.5	in.
Nozzle Schedule	80	

Step: 1 9:37pm Jun 10, 2025

Nozzle Class	150	
Layout Angle	0.0	
Blind Flange (Y/N)	N	
Weight of Nozzle (Used if > 0)	0	lb.
Grade of Attached Flange	GR 1.1	
Nozzle Matl	SA-106 B	

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

FileName : Tower Analysis

XY Coordinate Calculations: Step: 2 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

XY Coordinate Calculations:

From	To	X (Horiz.) ft.	Y (Vert.) ft.	DX (Horiz.) ft.	DY (Vert.) ft.
Skirt		...	3	...	3
Btm Head		...	3.16667	...	0.16667
Shell 1		...	17.6667	...	14.5
shell 2		...	32.1667	...	14.5
Cone		...	34.1667	...	2
Shell 3		...	44.1667	...	10
Top Head		...	44.3333	...	0.16667

PV Elite includes an 1/8 inch (3.175mm) raised face and gasket thicknesses for girth flanges and tubesheet thicknesses where applicable in the Tangent to Tangent length calculation. The calculated dimensions are based on the given element lengths. Due to variability in manufacturing (weld gaps etc.), the Tangent to Tangent length may not be exact.

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

FileName : Tower Analysis

Internal Pressure Calculations: Step: 3 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Internal Pressure Results Summary:**Element Thickness, Pressure, Diameter and Allowable Stress :**

From	To	Int. Press + Liq. Hd psig	Nominal Thickness in.	Total Corr Allowance in.	Element Diameter in.	Allowable Stress(SE) psi	Element#
Skirt		...	0.5	...	41.5	...	1
Btm Head		100	...	0.125	40	17000	2
Shell 1		100	...	0.125	40	17000	3
shell 2		100	...	0.125	40	17000	4
Cone		100	...	0.125	40	17000	5
Shell 3		100	...	0.125	28	17000	6
Top Head		100	...	0.125	28	17000	7

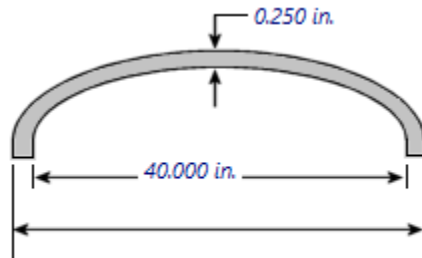
Element Required Thickness and MAWP :

From	To	Design Pressure psig	M.A.W.P. Corroded psig	M.A.P. New & Cold psig	Minimum Thickness in.	Required Thickness in.	Element#
Skirt		...	No Calc	No Calc	0.5	No Calc	1
Btm Head		100	105.2	212.2	0.25	0.24345	2
Shell 1		100	518.3	623.5	0.75	0.2438	3
shell 2		100	518.3	623.5	0.75	0.2438	4
Cone		100	503	605.3	0.75	0.24748	5
Shell 3		100	732.8	882.4	0.75	0.21875	6
Top Head		100	297.7	454.1	0.375	0.21875	7
Minimum			105.2	212.2			

MAWP: 105.2 psig, limited by: Btm Head , Straight Flange Governing

Elements Suitable for Design Internal Pressure.

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

Internal Pressure Calculation Results:**ASME Code, Section VIII Division 1, 2023****Internal Pressure Results for: Btm Head**

Elliptical Head Design Information:

Design Pressure P	100.000 psig	Int. Design Temperature	200 F
Material	SA-516 70	Ext. Design Temperature	200 F
Length	0.167 ft.	External Pressure Chart	CS-2
		UNS Number	K02700
Int. Corr. All. c	0.1250 in.	Allowable Stress (ope) S	20000.0 psi
Ext. Corr. All. ce	0.0000 in.	Allowable Stress (amb) Sa	20000.0 psi
Inside Diameter Di	40.000 in.	Actual Stress	18952.9 psi
Spec. Min. Thk t _e , or s _a	0.2500 in.	Spec. Nominal Thk.	... in.
Surface Area	2032.5 sq.in.	SG of Contents	0.000
Element Volume	10890.9 in3	Weight of Contents	0.0 lb.
Empty Weight	155.1 lb.	Operating Weight	155.1 lb.
		Comp. All. Ope. Stress	13388.6 psi
		Aspect Ratio	2.00

Radiography Information:

User Defined		User Defined	
Circ. Joint Efficiency	70 %	Long. Joint Efficiency E	85 %

Tolerance for Formed Heads per UG-81(a):

Head inner surface maximum deviation outside the specified shape, 1.25% of D: 0.500 in.

Head inner surface maximum deviation inside the specified shape, 0.625% of D: 0.250 in.

Required Thickness due to Internal Pressure [tr]:

$$= (P \cdot D \cdot K) / (2 \cdot S \cdot E - 0.2 \cdot P) \text{ Appendix 1-4(c)}$$

$$= (100 \cdot 40.25 \cdot 1) / (2 \cdot 20000 \cdot 0.85 - 0.2 \cdot 100)$$

$$= 0.1185 + 0.1250 = 0.2435 \text{ in.}$$

Max. Allowable Working Pressure at given Thickness, corroded [MAWP]:

$$= (2 \cdot S \cdot E \cdot t) / (K \cdot D + 0.2 \cdot t) \text{ per Appendix 1-4 (c)}$$

$$= (2 \cdot 20000 \cdot 0.85 \cdot 0.125) / (1 \cdot 40.25 + 0.2 \cdot 0.125)$$

$$= 105.5 \text{ psig}$$

Maximum Allowable Pressure, New and Cold [MAPNC]:

$$= (2 \cdot S \cdot E \cdot t) / (K \cdot D + 0.2 \cdot t) \text{ per Appendix 1-4 (c)}$$

$$= (2 \cdot 20000 \cdot 0.85 \cdot 0.25) / (1 \cdot 40 + 0.2 \cdot 0.25)$$

$$= 212.2 \text{ psig}$$

FileName : Tower Analysis

Element: Btm Head

Step: 4 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Actual stress at given pressure and thickness, corroded [Sact]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (P \cdot (K \cdot D + 0.2 \cdot t)) / (2 \cdot E \cdot t) \\
 &= (100 \cdot (1 \cdot 40.25 + 0.2 \cdot 0.125)) / (2 \cdot 0.85 \cdot 0.125) \\
 &= 18952.941 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Straight Flange Required Thickness:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (P \cdot R) / (S \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P) + c \quad \text{per UG-27 (c)(1)} \\
 &= (100 \cdot 20.12) / (20000 \cdot 0.85 - 0.6 \cdot 100) + 0.125 \\
 &= 0.244 \text{ in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Straight Flange Maximum Allowable Working Pressure:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (S \cdot E \cdot t) / (R + 0.6 \cdot t) \quad \text{per UG-27 (c)(1)} \\
 &= (20000 \cdot 0.85 \cdot 0.125) / (20.12 + 0.6 \cdot 0.125) \\
 &= 105.2 \text{ psig}
 \end{aligned}$$

Percent Elong. per UCS-79, VIII-1-01-57 $(75 \cdot t_{nom} / R_f) \cdot (1 - R_f / R_o)$ 2.708 %**MDMT Calculations in the Knuckle Portion:**Govrn. thk, $t_g = 0.25$, $t_r = 0.118$, $c = 0.125$ in., $E^* = 0.85$ Thickness Ratio = $t_r \cdot E^* / (t_g - c) = 0.805$, Temp. Reduction = 19 F

Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UCS-66, Curve B	-20 F
Min Metal Temp. at Required thickness (UCS 66.1)	-39 F

MDMT Calculations in the Head Straight Flange:Govrn. thk, $t_g = 0.25$, $t_r = 0.119$, $c = 0.125$ in., $E^* = 0.85$ Thickness Ratio = $t_r \cdot E^* / (t_g - c) = 0.808$, Temp. Reduction = 19 F

Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UCS-66, Curve B	-20 F
Min Metal Temp. at Required thickness (UCS 66.1)	-39 F

MDMT Design Information:

MDMT Curve	B	Press. at MDMT	100.000 psig
UCS-66(b) red.	Yes	Min. Des. Mtl. Temp.	-20 F
Governing Thk.	0.250 in.	Basic MDMT	-20 F
Stress/Thk. Ratio	0.808	Temperature Difference	19 F
UCS-66(c) red.	No	Computed Min. Temp.	-39 F
		MDMT per UG-20(f)	-20 F
		Joint Efficiency E^*	85 %

Note: Temperature values displayed above are for the location with the highest basic MDMT

Tolerance for Formed Heads per UG-81(a):

Head inner surface maximum deviation outside the specified shape, 1.25% of D: 0.500 in.

Head inner surface maximum deviation inside the specified shape, 0.625% of D: 0.250 in.

EXTERNAL PRESSURE RESULTS for: Btm Head**Elliptical Head From 20 to 30 Ext. Chart: CS-2 at 200 F**

Elastic Modulus from Chart: CS-2 at 200 F: 29000000 psi

Results for Maximum Allowable Ext. Pressure	MAEP
---	------

FileName : Tower Analysis

Element: Btm Head

Step: 4 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Tca	Outer Dia	Do/t	Factor A	Factor B
0.125	40.50	324.00	0.0004287	6215.71

$$MAEP = B / (K0 * Do / t) = 6216 / (0.9 * 324) = 21.32 \text{ psig}$$

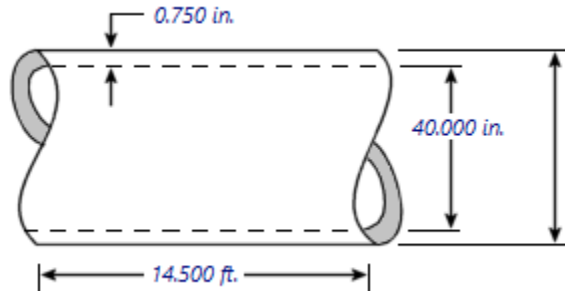
Results for Required Thickness

Tca

Tca	Outer Dia	Do/t	Factor A	Factor B
0.105	40.50	386.22	0.0003596	5214.37

$$MAEP = B / (K0 * Do / t) = 5214 / (0.9 * 386.2) = 15 \text{ psig}$$

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

Internal Pressure Calculation Results:**ASME Code, Section VIII Division 1, 2023****Internal Pressure Results for: Shell 1**

Cylindrical Shell Design Information:

Design Pressure P	100.000 psig	Int. Design Temperature	200 F
Material	SA-516 70	Ext. Design Temperature	200 F
Length	14.500 ft.	External Pressure Chart	CS-2
		UNS Number	K02700
Int. Corr. All. c	0.1250 in.	Allowable Stress (ope) S	20000.0 psi
Ext. Corr. All. ce	0.0000 in.	Allowable Stress (amb) Sa	20000.0 psi
Inside Diameter Di	40.000 in.	Actual Stress	3858.8 psi
Spec. Min. Thk t _e , or s _a	0.7500 in.	Spec. Nominal Thk.	... in.
Surface Area	22685.4 sq.in.	SG of Contents	0.000
Element Volume	218654.9 in ³	Weight of Contents	0.0 lb.
Empty Weight	4728.0 lb.	Operating Weight	4728.0 lb.
		Comp. All. Ope. Stress	20122.0 psi

Radiography Information:

User Defined		User Defined	
Circ. Joint Efficiency	70 %	Long. Joint Efficiency E	85 %

Required Thickness due to Internal Pressure [tr]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (P \cdot R) / (S \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P) \text{ per UG-27 (c)(1)} \\
 &= (100 \cdot 20.12) / (20000 \cdot 0.85 - 0.6 \cdot 100) \\
 &= 0.1188 + 0.1250 = 0.2438 \text{ in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Max. Allowable Working Pressure at given Thickness, corroded [MAWP]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (S \cdot E \cdot t) / (R + 0.6 \cdot t) \text{ per UG-27 (c)(1)} \\
 &= (20000 \cdot 0.85 \cdot 0.625) / (20.12 + 0.6 \cdot 0.625) \\
 &= 518.3 \text{ psig}
 \end{aligned}$$

Maximum Allowable Pressure, New and Cold [MAPNC]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (S \cdot E \cdot t) / (R + 0.6 \cdot t) \text{ per UG-27 (c)(1)} \\
 &= (20000 \cdot 0.85 \cdot 0.75) / (20 + 0.6 \cdot 0.75) \\
 &= 623.5 \text{ psig}
 \end{aligned}$$

Actual stress at given pressure and thickness, corroded [Sact]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (P \cdot (R + 0.6 \cdot t)) / (E \cdot t) \\
 &= (100 \cdot (20.12 + 0.6 \cdot 0.625)) / (0.85 \cdot 0.625) \\
 &= 3858.823 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

FileName : Tower Analysis

Element: Shell 1

Step: 5 9:37pm Jun 10, 2025

% Elongation per Table UG-79-1 ($50 \cdot t_{nom} / R_f \cdot (1 - R_f / R_o)$) 1.840 %**Minimum Design Metal Temperature Results:**Govrn. thk, $t_g = 0.75$, $t_r = 0.119$, $c = 0.125$ in., $E^* = 0.85$ Thickness Ratio = $t_r \cdot E^* / (t_g - c) = 0.162$, Temp. Reduction = 140 F

Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UCS-66, Curve B	16 F
Min Metal Temp. at Required thickness (UCS 66.1)	-155 F
Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UG-20(f)	-20 F

MDMT Design Information:			
MDMT Curve	B	Press. at MDMT	100.000 psig
UCS-66(b) red.	Yes	Min. Des. Mtl. Temp.	-20 F
Governing Thk.	0.750 in.	Basic MDMT	16 F
Stress/Thk. Ratio	0.162	Temperature Difference	171 F
UCS-66(c) red.	No	Computed Min. Temp.	-155 F
		MDMT per UG-20(f)	-20 F
		Joint Efficiency E^*	85 %

EXTERNAL PRESSURE RESULTS for: Shell 1**Cylindrical Shell From 30 to 40 Ext. Chart: CS-2 at 200 F**

Elastic Modulus from Chart: CS-2 at 200 F: 29000000 psi

Results for Maximum Allowable Ext. Pressure							MAEP
Tca	Outer Dia	Slen	Do/t	L/D	Factor A	Factor B	
0.625	41.50	350.93	66.40	8.4562	0.0002860	4146.94	

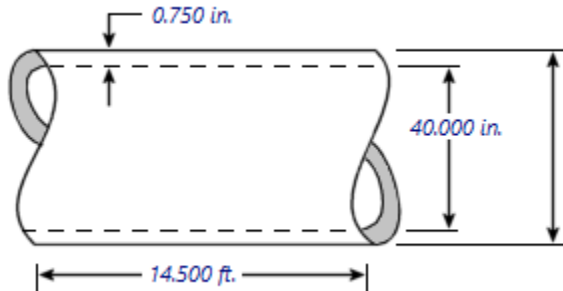
$$MAEP = (4 \cdot B) / (3 \cdot (Do/t)) = (4 \cdot 4147) / (3 \cdot 66.4) = 83.27 \text{ psig}$$

Results for Required Thickness							Tca
Tca	Outer Dia	Slen	Do/t	L/D	Factor A	Factor B	
0.315	41.50	350.93	131.70	8.4562	0.0001022	1481.70	

$$MAEP = (4 \cdot B) / (3 \cdot (Do/t)) = (4 \cdot 1482) / (3 \cdot 131.7) = 15 \text{ psig}$$

Results for Maximum Stiffened Length							Slen
Tca	Outer Dia	Slen	Do/t	L/D	Factor A	Factor B	
0.625	41.50	8812.20	66.40	50.0000	0.0002495	3617.63	

$$MAEP = (4 \cdot B) / (3 \cdot (Do/t)) = (4 \cdot 3618) / (3 \cdot 66.4) = 72.64 \text{ psig}$$

Internal Pressure Calculation Results:**ASME Code, Section VIII Division 1, 2023****Internal Pressure Results for: shell 2**

Cylindrical Shell Design Information:

Design Pressure P	100.000 psig	Int. Design Temperature	200 F
Material	SA-516 70	Ext. Design Temperature	200 F
Length	14.500 ft.	External Pressure Chart	CS-2
		UNS Number	K02700
Int. Corr. All. c	0.1250 in.	Allowable Stress (ope) S	20000.0 psi
Ext. Corr. All. ce	0.0000 in.	Allowable Stress (amb) Sa	20000.0 psi
Inside Diameter Di	40.000 in.	Actual Stress	3858.8 psi
Spec. Min. Thk t _e , or s _a	0.7500 in.	Spec. Nominal Thk.	... in.
Surface Area	22685.4 sq.in.	SG of Contents	0.000
Element Volume	218654.9 in ³	Weight of Contents	0.0 lb.
Empty Weight	4728.0 lb.	Operating Weight	4728.0 lb.
		Comp. All. Ope. Stress	20122.0 psi

Radiography Information:

User Defined		User Defined	
Circ. Joint Efficiency	70 %	Long. Joint Efficiency E	85 %

Required Thickness due to Internal Pressure [tr]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (P \cdot R) / (S \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P) \text{ per UG-27 (c)(1)} \\
 &= (100 \cdot 20.12) / (20000 \cdot 0.85 - 0.6 \cdot 100) \\
 &= 0.1188 + 0.1250 = 0.2438 \text{ in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Max. Allowable Working Pressure at given Thickness, corroded [MAWP]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (S \cdot E \cdot t) / (R + 0.6 \cdot t) \text{ per UG-27 (c)(1)} \\
 &= (20000 \cdot 0.85 \cdot 0.625) / (20.12 + 0.6 \cdot 0.625) \\
 &= 518.3 \text{ psig}
 \end{aligned}$$

Maximum Allowable Pressure, New and Cold [MAPNC]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (S \cdot E \cdot t) / (R + 0.6 \cdot t) \text{ per UG-27 (c)(1)} \\
 &= (20000 \cdot 0.85 \cdot 0.75) / (20 + 0.6 \cdot 0.75) \\
 &= 623.5 \text{ psig}
 \end{aligned}$$

Actual stress at given pressure and thickness, corroded [Sact]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (P \cdot (R + 0.6 \cdot t)) / (E \cdot t) \\
 &= (100 \cdot (20.12 + 0.6 \cdot 0.625)) / (0.85 \cdot 0.625) \\
 &= 3858.823 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

FileName : Tower Analysis

Element: shell 2

Step: 6 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

% Elongation per Table UG-79-1 ($50 \cdot t_{nom} / R_f \cdot (1 - R_f / R_o)$) 1.840 %**Minimum Design Metal Temperature Results:**Govrn. thk, $t_g = 0.75$, $t_r = 0.119$, $c = 0.125$ in., $E^* = 0.85$ Thickness Ratio = $t_r \cdot E^* / (t_g - c) = 0.162$, Temp. Reduction = 140 F

Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UCS-66, Curve B 16 F

Min Metal Temp. at Required thickness (UCS 66.1) -155 F

Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UG-20(f) -20 F

MDMT Design Information:			
MDMT Curve	B	Press. at MDMT	100.000 psig
UCS-66(b) red.	Yes	Min. Des. Mtl. Temp.	-20 F
Governing Thk.	0.750 in.	Basic MDMT	16 F
Stress/Thk. Ratio	0.162	Temperature Difference	171 F
UCS-66(c) red.	No	Computed Min. Temp.	-155 F
		MDMT per UG-20(f)	-20 F
		Joint Efficiency E^*	85 %

EXTERNAL PRESSURE RESULTS for: shell 2**Cylindrical Shell From 40 to Ring:[1 of 1] Ext. Chart: CS-2 at 200 F**

Elastic Modulus from Chart: CS-2 at 200 F: 29000000 psi

Results for Maximum Allowable Ext. Pressure							MAEP
Tca	Outer Dia	Slen	Do/t	L/D	Factor A	Factor B	
0.625	41.50	350.93	66.40	8.4562	0.0002860	4146.94	

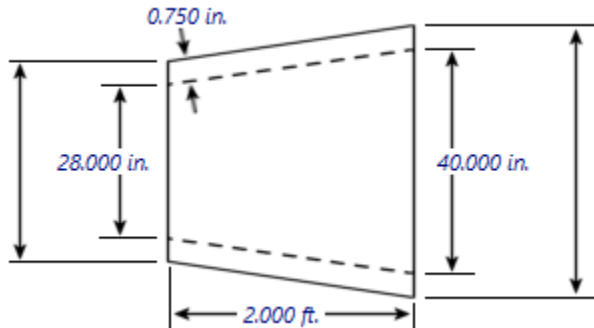
$$MAEP = (4 \cdot B) / (3 \cdot (Do/t)) = (4 \cdot 4147) / (3 \cdot 66.4) = 83.27 \text{ psig}$$

Results for Required Thickness							Tca
Tca	Outer Dia	Slen	Do/t	L/D	Factor A	Factor B	
0.315	41.50	350.93	131.70	8.4562	0.0001022	1481.70	

$$MAEP = (4 \cdot B) / (3 \cdot (Do/t)) = (4 \cdot 1482) / (3 \cdot 131.7) = 15 \text{ psig}$$

Results for Maximum Stiffened Length							Slen
Tca	Outer Dia	Slen	Do/t	L/D	Factor A	Factor B	
0.625	41.50	8812.20	66.40	50.0000	0.0002495	3617.63	

$$MAEP = (4 \cdot B) / (3 \cdot (Do/t)) = (4 \cdot 3618) / (3 \cdot 66.4) = 72.64 \text{ psig}$$

Internal Pressure Calculation Results:**ASME Code, Section VIII Division 1, 2023****Internal Pressure Results for: Cone**

Conical Head/Section Design Information:

Design Pressure P	100.000 psig	Int. Design Temperature	200 F
Material	SA-516 70	Ext. Design Temperature	200 F
Length	2.000 ft.	External Pressure Chart	CS-2
		UNS Number	K02700
Int. Corr. All. c	0.1250 in.	Allowable Stress (ope) S	20000.0 psi
Ext. Corr. All. ce	0.0000 in.	Allowable Stress (amb) Sa	20000.0 psi
Inside Diameter Di	40.000 in.	Actual Stress	3976.2 psi
Spec. Min. Thk t _e , or sa	0.7500 in.	Spec. Nominal Thk.	... in.
Surface Area	2762.6 sq.in.	SG of Contents	0.000
Element Volume	22016.3 in ³	Weight of Contents	0.0 lb.
Empty Weight	573.6 lb.	Operating Weight	573.6 lb.
		Comp. All. Ope. Stress	20197.3 psi
		To End Diameter	28.000 in.
Line of Support	Both Ends		

Radiography Information:

User Defined		User Defined	
Circ. Joint Efficiency	70 %	Long. Joint Efficiency E	85 %

Required Thickness due to Internal Pressure [tr]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (P \cdot D) / (2 \cdot \cos(a) \cdot (S \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P)) \text{ per Appendix 1-4 (e)} \\
 &= (100 \cdot 40.26) / (2 \cdot 0.97 \cdot (20000 \cdot 0.85 - 0.6 \cdot 100)) \\
 &= 0.1225 + 0.1250 = 0.2475 \text{ in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Max. Allowable Working Pressure at given Thickness, corroded [MAWP]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (2 \cdot S \cdot E \cdot t \cdot \cos(a)) / (D + 1.2 \cdot t \cdot \cos(a)) \text{ per App 1-4(e)} \\
 &= (2 \cdot 20000 \cdot 0.85 \cdot 0.625 \cdot 0.97) / (40.26 + 1.2 \cdot 0.625 \cdot 0.97) \\
 &= 503 \text{ psig}
 \end{aligned}$$

Maximum Allowable Pressure, New and Cold [MAPNC]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (2 \cdot S \cdot E \cdot t \cdot \cos(a)) / (D + 1.2 \cdot t \cdot \cos(a)) \text{ per App 1-4(e)} \\
 &= (2 \cdot 20000 \cdot 0.85 \cdot 0.75 \cdot 0.97) / (40 + 1.2 \cdot 0.75 \cdot 0.97) \\
 &= 605.3 \text{ psig}
 \end{aligned}$$

Actual stress at given pressure and thickness, corroded [Sact]:

$$= (P \cdot (D + 1.2 \cdot t \cdot \cos(a))) / (2 \cdot E \cdot t \cdot \cos(a))$$

FileName : Tower Analysis

Element: Cone

Step: 7 9:37pm Jun 10, 2025

$$= (100 * (40.26 + 1.2 * 0.625 * 0.97)) / (2 * 0.85 * 0.625 * 0.97)$$

$$= 3976.158 \text{ psi}$$

% Elongation per Table UG-79-1 ($50 * t_{nom} / R_f * (1 - R_f / R_o)$) 2.607 %**Minimum Design Metal Temperature Results:**Govrn. thk, $t_g = 0.75$, $t_r = 0.122$, $c = 0.125$ in., $E^* = 0.85$ Thickness Ratio = $t_r * E^* / (t_g - c) = 0.167$, Temp. Reduction = 140 F

Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UCS-66, Curve B	16 F
Min Metal Temp. at Required thickness (UCS 66.1)	-155 F
Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UG-20(f)	-20 F

MDMT Design Information:

MDMT Curve	B	Press. at MDMT	100.000 psig
UCS-66(b) red.	Yes	Min. Des. Mtl. Temp.	-20 F
Governing Thk.	0.750 in.	Basic MDMT	16 F
Stress/Thk. Ratio	0.167	Temperature Difference	171 F
UCS-66(c) red.	No	Computed Min. Temp.	-155 F
		MDMT per UG-20(f)	-20 F
		Joint Efficiency E^*	85 %

EXTERNAL PRESSURE RESULTS for: Cone**Cone From 50 to 60 Ext. Chart: CS-2 at 200 F**

Elastic Modulus from Chart: CS-2 at 200 F: 29000000 psi

Results for Maximum Allowable Ext. Pressure							MAEP
Tca	Outer Dia	Slen	Do/t	L/D	Factor A	Factor B	
0.606	41.55	20.53	68.52	0.4942	0.0052117	17384.15	

$$MAEP = (4 * B) / (3 * (Do/t)) = (4 * 17384) / (3 * 68.52) = 338.3 \text{ psig}$$

Note:

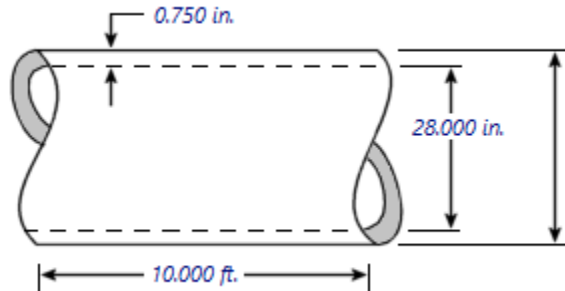
The cone thickness used in the calculation has been modified
per UG-33(f), $t_e = t * \cos(\alpha)$.

Results for Required Thickness							Tca
Tca	Outer Dia	Slen	Do/t	L/D	Factor A	Factor B	
0.100	41.55	20.53	416.90	0.4942	0.0003235	4690.47	

$$MAEP = (4 * B) / (3 * (Do/t)) = (4 * 4690) / (3 * 416.9) = 15 \text{ psig}$$

Note:

The cone thickness used in the calculation has been modified
per UG-33(f), $t_e = t * \cos(\alpha)$.

Internal Pressure Calculation Results:**ASME Code, Section VIII Division 1, 2023****Internal Pressure Results for: Shell 3**

Cylindrical Shell Design Information:

Design Pressure P	100.000 psig	Int. Design Temperature	200 F
Material	SA-516 70	Ext. Design Temperature	200 F
Length	10.000 ft.	External Pressure Chart	CS-2
		UNS Number	K02700
Int. Corr. All. c	0.1250 in.	Allowable Stress (ope) S	20000.0 psi
Ext. Corr. All. ce	0.0000 in.	Allowable Stress (amb) Sa	20000.0 psi
Inside Diameter Di	28.000 in.	Actual Stress	2729.4 psi
Spec. Min. Thk t _e , or sa	0.7500 in.	Spec. Nominal Thk.	... in.
Surface Area	11121.2 sq.in.	SG of Contents	0.000
Element Volume	73890.3 in ³	Weight of Contents	0.0 lb.
Empty Weight	2300.5 lb.	Operating Weight	2300.5 lb.
		Comp. All. Ope. Stress	20892.0 psi

Radiography Information:

User Defined		User Defined	
Circ. Joint Efficiency	70 %	Long. Joint Efficiency E	85 %

Required Thickness due to Internal Pressure [tr]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (P \cdot R) / (S \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P) \text{ per UG-27 (c)(1)} \\
 &= (100 \cdot 14.12) / (20000 \cdot 0.85 - 0.6 \cdot 100) \\
 &= 0.0834 + 0.1250 = 0.2084 \text{ in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Note: The thickness required was less than the Code Minimum, therefore the Code Minimum value of 0.0938 in. per UG-16 will be used.

Max. Allowable Working Pressure at given Thickness, corroded [MAWP]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (S \cdot E \cdot t) / (R + 0.6 \cdot t) \text{ per UG-27 (c)(1)} \\
 &= (20000 \cdot 0.85 \cdot 0.625) / (14.12 + 0.6 \cdot 0.625) \\
 &= 732.8 \text{ psig}
 \end{aligned}$$

Maximum Allowable Pressure, New and Cold [MAPNC]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (S \cdot E \cdot t) / (R + 0.6 \cdot t) \text{ per UG-27 (c)(1)} \\
 &= (20000 \cdot 0.85 \cdot 0.75) / (14 + 0.6 \cdot 0.75) \\
 &= 882.4 \text{ psig}
 \end{aligned}$$

Actual stress at given pressure and thickness, corroded [Sact]:

FileName : Tower Analysis

Element: Shell 3

Step: 8 9:37pm Jun 10, 2025

$$= (P \cdot (R + 0.6 \cdot t)) / (E \cdot t)$$

$$= (100 \cdot (14.12 + 0.6 \cdot 0.625)) / (0.85 \cdot 0.625)$$

$$= 2729.412 \text{ psi}$$

% Elongation per Table UG-79-1 ($50 \cdot t_{nom} / R_f \cdot (1 - R_f / R_o)$) 2.609 %

Minimum Design Metal Temperature Results:

Govrn. thk, $t_g = 0.75$, $t_r = 0.0938$, $c = 0.125$ in., $E^* = 0.85$

Thickness Ratio = $t_r \cdot E^* / (t_g - c) = 0.128$, Temp. Reduction = 140 F

Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UCS-66, Curve B	16 F
Min Metal Temp. at Required thickness (UCS 66.1)	-155 F
Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UG-20(f)	-20 F

MDMT Design Information:

MDMT Curve	B	Press. at MDMT	100.000 psig
UCS-66(b) red.	Yes	Min. Des. Mtl. Temp.	-20 F
Governing Thk.	0.750 in.	Basic MDMT	16 F
Stress/Thk. Ratio	0.128	Temperature Difference	171 F
UCS-66(c) red.	No	Computed Min. Temp.	-155 F
		MDMT per UG-20(f)	-20 F
		Joint Efficiency E^*	85 %

EXTERNAL PRESSURE RESULTS for: Shell 3**Cylindrical Shell From 60 to 70 Ext. Chart: CS-2 at 200 F**

Elastic Modulus from Chart: CS-2 at 200 F: 29000000 psi

Results for Maximum Allowable Ext. Pressure							MAEP
Tca	Outer Dia	Slen	Do/t	L/D	Factor A	Factor B	
0.625	29.50	124.33	47.20	4.2147	0.0009662	12216.93	

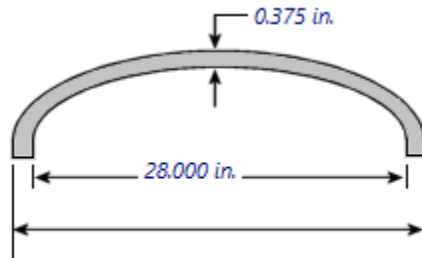
$$MAEP = (4 \cdot B) / (3 \cdot (Do/t)) = (4 \cdot 12217) / (3 \cdot 47.2) = 345.1 \text{ psig}$$

Results for Required Thickness							Tca
Tca	Outer Dia	Slen	Do/t	L/D	Factor A	Factor B	
0.169	29.50	124.33	174.25	4.2147	0.0001352	1960.33	

$$MAEP = (4 \cdot B) / (3 \cdot (Do/t)) = (4 \cdot 1960) / (3 \cdot 174.2) = 15 \text{ psig}$$

Results for Maximum Stiffened Length							Slen
Tca	Outer Dia	Slen	Do/t	L/D	Factor A	Factor B	
0.625	29.50	8040.88	47.20	50.0000	0.0004938	7159.40	

$$MAEP = (4 \cdot B) / (3 \cdot (Do/t)) = (4 \cdot 7159) / (3 \cdot 47.2) = 202.2 \text{ psig}$$

Internal Pressure Calculation Results:**ASME Code, Section VIII Division 1, 2023****Internal Pressure Results for: Top Head**

Elliptical Head Design Information:

Design Pressure P	100.000 psig	Int. Design Temperature	200 F
Material	SA-516 70	Ext. Design Temperature	200 F
Length	0.167 ft.	External Pressure Chart	CS-2
		UNS Number	K02700
Int. Corr. All. c	0.1250 in.	Allowable Stress (ope) S	20000.0 psi
Ext. Corr. All. ce	0.0000 in.	Allowable Stress (amb) Sa	20000.0 psi
Inside Diameter Di	28.000 in.	Actual Stress	6658.8 psi
Spec. Min. Thk t _e , or s _a	0.3750 in.	Spec. Nominal Thk.	... in.
Surface Area	1076.6 sq.in.	SG of Contents	0.000
Element Volume	4105.0 in ³	Weight of Contents	0.0 lb.
Empty Weight	121.2 lb.	Operating Weight	121.2 lb.
		Comp. All. Ope. Stress	18377.1 psi
		Aspect Ratio	2.00

Radiography Information:

User Defined		User Defined	
Circ. Joint Efficiency	70 %	Long. Joint Efficiency E	85 %

Tolerance for Formed Heads per UG-81(a):

Head inner surface maximum deviation outside the specified shape, 1.25% of D: 0.350 in.

Head inner surface maximum deviation inside the specified shape, 0.625% of D: 0.175 in.

Required Thickness due to Internal Pressure [tr]:

$$= (P \cdot D \cdot K) / (2 \cdot S \cdot E - 0.2 \cdot P) \text{ Appendix 1-4(c)}$$

$$= (100 \cdot 28.25 \cdot 1) / (2 \cdot 20000 \cdot 0.85 - 0.2 \cdot 100)$$

$$= 0.0831 + 0.1250 = 0.2081 \text{ in.}$$

Note: The thickness required was less than the Code Minimum, therefore the Code Minimum value of 0.0938 in. per UG-16 will be used.

Max. Allowable Working Pressure at given Thickness, corroded [MAWP]:

$$= (2 \cdot S \cdot E \cdot t) / (K \cdot D + 0.2 \cdot t) \text{ per Appendix 1-4 (c)}$$

$$= (2 \cdot 20000 \cdot 0.85 \cdot 0.25) / (1 \cdot 28.25 + 0.2 \cdot 0.25)$$

$$= 300.4 \text{ psig}$$

Maximum Allowable Pressure, New and Cold [MAPNC]:

FileName : Tower Analysis

Element: Top Head

Step: 9 9:37pm Jun 10, 2025

$$= (2 * S * E * t) / (K * D + 0.2 * t) \text{ per Appendix 1-4 (c)}$$

$$= (2 * 20000 * 0.85 * 0.375) / (1 * 28 + 0.2 * 0.375)$$

$$= 454.1 \text{ psig}$$

Actual stress at given pressure and thickness, corroded [Sact]:

$$= (P * (K * D + 0.2 * t)) / (2 * E * t)$$

$$= (100 * (1 * 28.25 + 0.2 * 0.25)) / (2 * 0.85 * 0.25)$$

$$= 6658.823 \text{ psi}$$

Straight Flange Required Thickness:

$$= (P * R) / (S * E - 0.6 * P) + c \text{ per UG-27 (c)(1)}$$

$$= (100 * 14.12) / (20000 * 0.85 - 0.6 * 100) + 0.125$$

$$= 0.208 \text{ in.}$$

Straight Flange Maximum Allowable Working Pressure:

$$= (S * E * t) / (R + 0.6 * t) \text{ per UG-27 (c)(1)}$$

$$= (20000 * 0.85 * 0.25) / (14.12 + 0.6 * 0.25)$$

$$= 297.7 \text{ psig}$$

Percent Elong. per UCS-79, VIII-1-01-57 $(75 * t_{nom} / R_f) * (1 - R_f / R_o)$ 5.685 %

Note: Please Check Requirements of UCS-79 as Elongation is > 5%.

MDMT Calculations in the Knuckle Portion:

Govrn. thk, tg = 0.375, tr = 0.0938, c = 0.125 in., E* = 0.85

Thickness Ratio = $tr * E^* / (tg - c) = 0.319$, Temp. Reduction = 140 F

Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UCS-66, Curve B	-20 F
Min Metal Temp. at Required thickness (UCS 66.1)	-155 F

MDMT Calculations in the Head Straight Flange:

Govrn. thk, tg = 0.375, tr = 0.0938, c = 0.125 in., E* = 0.85

Thickness Ratio = $tr * E^* / (tg - c) = 0.319$, Temp. Reduction = 140 F

Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UCS-66, Curve B	-20 F
Min Metal Temp. at Required thickness (UCS 66.1)	-155 F

MDMT Design Information:			
MDMT Curve	B	Press. at MDMT	100.000 psig
UCS-66(b) red.	Yes	Min. Des. Mtl. Temp.	-20 F
Governing Thk.	0.375 in.	Basic MDMT	-20 F
Stress/Thk. Ratio	0.319	Temperature Difference	135 F
UCS-66(c) red.	No	Computed Min. Temp.	-155 F
		MDMT per UG-20(f)	-20 F
		Joint Efficiency E*	85 %

Note: Temperature values displayed above are for the location with the highest basic MDMT

Tolerance for Formed Heads per UG-81(a):

Head inner surface maximum deviation outside the specified shape, 1.25% of D: 0.350 in.

Head inner surface maximum deviation inside the specified shape, 0.625% of D: 0.175 in.

EXTERNAL PRESSURE RESULTS for: Top Head**Elliptical Head From 70 to 80 Ext. Chart: CS-2 at 200 F**

Elastic Modulus from Chart: CS-2 at 200 F: 29000000 psi

FileName : Tower Analysis

Element: Top Head

Step: 9 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Results for Maximum Allowable Ext. Pressure				MAEP
---	--	--	--	------

Tca	Outer Dia	Do/t	Factor A	Factor B
0.250	28.75	115.00	0.0012077	13182.19

$$MAEP = B / (K0 * Do / t) = 13182 / (0.9 * 115) = 127.4 \text{ psig}$$

Results for Required Thickness				Tca
--------------------------------	--	--	--	-----

Tca	Outer Dia	Do/t	Factor A	Factor B
0.074	28.75	386.22	0.0003596	5214.36

$$MAEP = B / (K0 * Do / t) = 5214 / (0.9 * 386.2) = 15 \text{ psig}$$

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

Hydrostatic Test Pressure Results:

UG99(b)	= 1.30 * M.A.W.P. * Sa/S	136.757 psig
UG99b(b)(35)	= 1.30 * Design Pres * Sa/S	130.000 psig
UG99(c)	= 1.30 * M.A.P. - Head(Hyd)	274.459 psig
UG100	= 1.10 * M.A.W.P. * Sa/S	115.718 psig
PED	= max(1.43*DP, 1.25*DP*ratio)	143.000 psig
PED&UG99(b)(35)	= max(1.43*DP, 1.3*DP*ratio)	143.000 psig
App 27-4	= M.A.W.P.	105.198 psig

UG-99(b) Note 35, Test Pressure Calculation:
 = Test Factor * Design Pressure * Stress Ratio
 = 1.3 * 100 * 1
 = 130.000 psig

Horizontal Test performed per: UG-99b (Note 35)

Please note that Nozzle, Shell, Head, Flange, etc MAWPs are all considered when determining the hydrotest pressure for those test types that are based on the MAWP of the vessel.

Stresses on Elements due to Test Pressure (psi & psig):

From To	Stress	Allowable	Ratio	Pressure
Btm Head	12386.7	26000.0	0.476	131.44
Shell 1	4216.5	26000.0	0.162	131.44
shell 2	4216.5	26000.0	0.162	131.44
Cone	4343.4	26000.0	0.167	131.44
Shell 3	2969.6	26000.0	0.114	131.01
Top Head	5769.6	26000.0	0.222	131.01

Stress ratios for Nozzle and Pad Materials (psi):

Description	Pad/Nozzle	Ambient	Operating	Ratio
Drain	Nozzle	17100.00	17100.00	1.000
Manway	Nozzle	17100.00	17100.00	1.000
Inlet	Nozzle	17100.00	17100.00	1.000
Outlet	Nozzle	17100.00	17100.00	1.000
Vent	Nozzle	17100.00	17100.00	1.000
Minimum				1.000

Stress ratios for Stiffening Ring Materials (psi):

Description	Ambient	Operating	Ratio
Ring:[1 of 1]	20000.00	20000.00	1.000
Minimum			1.000

Stress ratios for Pressurized Vessel Elements (psi):

Description	Ambient	Operating	Ratio
Btm Head	20000.00	20000.00	1.000
Shell 1	20000.00	20000.00	1.000
shell 2	20000.00	20000.00	1.000
Cone	20000.00	20000.00	1.000

PV Elite 27 Licensee: Kedkep Consulting Inc

FileName : Tower Analysis -----

Pressure Test Results: Shop Test Step: 10 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Shell 3		20000.00		20000.00		1.000	
Top Head		20000.00		20000.00		1.000	

Minimum						1.000	

Hoop Stress in Nozzle Wall during Pressure Test (psi):

Description	Ambient	Operating	Ratio
-----	-----	-----	-----
Drain	714.18	22230.00	0.032
Manway	2050.53	22230.00	0.092
Inlet	1502.46	22230.00	0.068
Outlet	1497.50	22230.00	0.067
Vent	629.95	22230.00	0.028
-----	-----	-----	-----

Elements Suitable for Test Pressure.

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

External Pressure Calculation Results Summary:

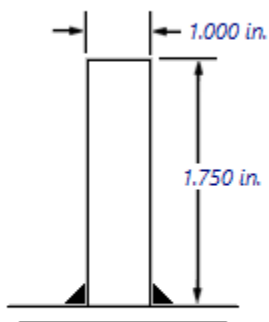
ASME Code, Section VIII Division 1, 2023

MDMT Calculations for: Ring:[1 of 1], Shell to Ring Junction, Curve: B

Govrn. thk, $t_g = 0.75$, $t_r = 0.119$, $c = 0.125$ in., $E^* = 0.85$
 Thickness Ratio = $t_r * E^* / (t_g - c) = 0.162$, Temp. Reduction = 140 F

Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UCS-66, Curve B 16 F
 Min Metal Temp. at Required thickness (UCS 66.1) -155 F
 Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UG-20(f) -20 F

Stiffening Ring Calculations for: Ring:[1 of 1], SA-516 70 , Bar Ring: 1.7500 x 1.0000 in.



Effective Length of Shell: 5.60 in.

	Area (sq.in.)	Distance (in.)	Area*Dist
Shell:	3.501	0.3125	1.094
Ring :	1.750	1.5000	2.625
Total:	5.251		3.719

Centroid of Ring plus Shell: 0.708 in.

	Inertia	Distance	A*Dist ²
Shell:	0.114	0.3957	0.548
Ring :	0.447	-0.7918	1.097
Total:	0.561		1.645

Available Moment of Inertia, Ring plus Shell: 2.206 in**4

Required Stress in Ring plus Shell Breq 735.35 psi
 Required Strain in Ring plus Shell Areq 0.0000507

Required Moment of Inertia, Ring plus Shell:

$$= (D_o^2 * L_s(t + A_s/L_s)A) / 10.9$$

$$= (41.5^2 * 176.7(0.625 + 1.75/176.7)0.50713E-04) / 10.9$$

$$= 0.8988 \text{ in**4}$$

FileName : Tower Analysis

External Pressure Calculations: Step: 11 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Results for Stiffening Ring Weld Calculations per UG-30:

Given Stiffening Ring Fillet Weld Size Wleg 0.500 in.
 Stiffening Ring Attachment Style BOTH
 Location of Stiffening Ring EXTERNAL
 Radial Pressure Load Pext*Slen 2650.00 lb./in.
 The Radial Shear Load V 1099.75 lb.
 The First Moment of the Area (Ring + Shell) Q 1.39 in.³
 Weld Shear Flow due to Rad. Shear Load VQ/I 690.76 lb./in.
 The Weld Allowable Stress 0.55*S 11000.00 psi
 Minimum Weld Leg Size Min(0.25", t, tw) Wldmin 0.25 in.
 Max Clear Spacing bet Toes of Adj Weld Segments, 24t 15.00 in.
 The Weld Allowable Load Wleg*0.55*S 5500.00 lb./in.
 The Combined Weld Load SRSS of VQ/I and Pext*Slen 2738.55 lb./in.
 MAEP of Stiffening Ring Weld Weld MAEP 30.13 psi

External Pressure Calculations:

From	To	Section Length ft.	Outside Diameter in.	Corroded Thickness in.	Factor A	Factor B psi
10	20	No Calc	...	...	No Calc	No Calc
20	30	No Calc	40.5	0.125	0.00042867	6215.71
30	40	29.2444	41.5	0.625	0.000286	4146.94
40	Ring	29.2444	41.5	0.625	0.000286	4146.94
Ring	50	0.2	41.5	0.625	0.1	17800
50	60	1.71084	41.5462	0.625	0.0052117	17384.2
60	70	10.3611	29.5	0.625	0.0009662	12216.9
70	80	No Calc	28.75	0.25	0.0012077	13182.2

External Pressure Calculations:

From	To	External Actual T. in.	External Required T. in.	External Design Pressure psig	External M.A.W.P. psig
10	20	...	No Calc	...	No Calc
20	30	0.25	0.22986	15	21.32
30	40	0.75	0.4401	15	83.27
40	Ring	0.75	0.4401	15	83.27
Ring	50	0.75	0.16469	15	357.4
50	60	0.75	0.22772	15	338.3
60	70	0.75	0.2943	15	345.1
70	80	0.375	0.19944	15	127.4
Ring:[1 of 1]					30.13
Minimum					21.32

External Pressure Calculations:

From	To	Actual Length Bet. Stiffeners ft.	Allowable Length Bet. Stiffeners ft.	Ring Inertia Required in**4	Ring Inertia Available in**4
10	20	No Calc	No Calc	No Calc	No Calc
20	30	No Calc	No Calc	No Calc	No Calc
30	40	29.2444	734.35	No Calc	No Calc
40	Ring	29.2444	734.35	No Calc	No Calc
Ring	50	0.2	4.76572	0.89879	2.20599
50	60	1.71084	1.71084	No Calc	No Calc

PV Elite 27 Licensee: Kedkep Consulting Inc
 FileName : Tower Analysis -----
 External Pressure Calculations: Step: 11 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

60	70	10.3611	670.073	No Calc	No Calc
70	80	No Calc	No Calc	No Calc	No Calc

Elements Suitable for External Pressure.

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

FileName : Tower Analysis

Element and Detail Weights: Step: 12 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Element and Detail Weights:

From	To	Element Metal Wgt. lb.	Element ID Volume in3	Corroded Metal Wgt. lb.	Corroded ID Volume in3	Extra due Misc % lb.
10	20	1244.54	...	1244.54	...	248.908
20	30	155.075	10890.9	77.5376	11080.4	31.015
30	40	4727.96	218655	3952.06	221397	945.592
40	50	4727.96	218655	3952.06	221397	945.592
50	60	573.61	22016.3	479.78	22347.8	114.722
60	70	2300.47	73890.3	1925.39	75215.6	460.094
70	80	121.186	4105.01	80.7908	4204.76	24.2373
Total		13850	548212	11712	555641	2770

Weight of Details:

From	Type	Weight of Detail lb.	X Offset, Dtl. Cent. ft.	Y Offset, Dtl. Cent. ft.	Z Offset Dtl. Cent. ft.	Description
20	Nozl	22.1567	...	-1.23958	...	Drain
30	Nozl	234.259	1.91667	3	...	Manway
40	Ring	80.7499	...	14.3	...	Ring:[1 of 1]
40	Nozl	46.0679	1.91667	2.33333	...	Inlet
60	Nozl	46.0679	1.41667	8	...	Outlet
70	Nozl	18.2316	...	0.98438	...	Vent

Total Weight of Each Detail Type:

Stiffeners	80.7
Nozzles	366.8
Sum of the Detail Weights	447.5 lb.

Weight Summation Results: (lb.)

	Fabricated	Shop Test	Shipping	Erected	Empty	Operating
Main Elements	16621.0	16621.0	16621.0	16621.0	16621.0	16621.0
Stif. Rings	80.7	80.7	80.7	80.7	80.7	80.7
Nozzles	366.8	366.8	366.8	366.8	366.8	366.8
Test Liquid	...	19796.5	...	...	...	...
Totals	17068.5	36865.0	17068.5	17068.5	17068.5	17068.5

Miscellaneous Weight Percent: 20.0 %

Note that the above value for the miscellaneous weight percent has been applied to the shells/heads/flange/tubesheets/tubes etc. in the weight calculations for metallic components.

Weight Summary:

Fabricated Wt.	- Bare weight without removable internals	17068.5 lb.
Shop Test Wt.	- Fabricated weight + water (full)	36865.0 lb.
Shipping Wt.	- Fab. weight + removable intls.+ shipping app.	17068.5 lb.
Erected Wt.	- Fab. wt + or - loose items (trays,platforms etc.)	17068.5 lb.
Ope. Wt. no Liq	- Fab. weight + internals. + details + weights	17068.5 lb.

PV Elite 27 Licensee: Kedkep Consulting Inc

FileName : Tower Analysis

Element and Detail Weights: Step: 12 9:37pm Jun 10, 2025

Operating Wt. - Empty weight + operating liq. uncorroded 17068.5 lb.

Weights used in Vortex Shedding Calculations:

Mass of the Upper 1/3 of the Vertical Vessel (operating) 3982.2 lb.
 Mass of the Upper 1/3 of the Vertical Vessel (filled w/water) 8790.4 lb.
 Mass of the Upper 1/3 of the Vertical Vessel (empty) 4761.0 lb.

Surface Areas of Elements:

From	To	Outside Surface Area sq.in.	Inside Surface Area sq.in.
10	20	4806.64	4693.54
20	30	2032.48	1985.7
30	40	22685.4	21865.5
40	50	22685.4	21865.5
50	60	2762.6	2642.44
60	70	11121.2	10555.8
70	80	1076.62	1025.77

Total		67170.5	64634.2 sq.in.
Total		466.5	448.8 ft^2

Element and Detail Weights:

From	To	Total Ele. Empty Wgt. lbm	Total. Ele. Oper. Wgt. lbm	Total. Ele. Hydro. Wgt. lbm	Total Dtl. Offset Mom. ft.lb.	Oper. Wgt. No Liquid lbm
10	20	1493.45	1493.45	1493.45	...	1493.45
20	30	208.247	208.247	601.528	...	208.247
30	40	5907.81	5907.81	13803.7	448.997	5907.81
40	50	5800.37	5800.37	13696.2	88.2969	5800.37
50	60	688.332	688.332	1483.36	...	688.332
60	70	2806.63	2806.63	5474.89	65.2629	2806.63
70	80	163.655	163.655	311.892	...	163.655

Cumulative Vessel Weight

From	To	Cumulative Ope Wgt. No Liquid lbm	Cumulative Oper. Wgt. lbm	Cumulative Hydro. Wgt. lbm
10	20	17068.5	17068.5	36865
20	30	15575	15575	35371.6
30	40	15366.8	15366.8	34770.1
40	50	9458.99	9458.99	20966.4
50	60	3658.62	3658.62	7270.15
60	70	2970.29	2970.29	5786.78
70	80	163.655	163.655	311.892

The cumulative operating weights no liquid in the column above are the cumulative operating weights minus the operating liquid weight minus any weights absent in the empty condition.

Cumulative Vessel Moment

From	To	Cumulative Empty Mom.	Cumulative Oper. Mom.	Cumulative Hydro. Mom.
------	----	--------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------

FileName : Tower Analysis

Element and Detail Weights: Step: 12 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

		ft.lb.	ft.lb.	ft.lb.
10	20	602.557	602.557	602.557
20	30	602.557	602.557	602.557
30	40	602.557	602.557	602.557
40	50	153.56	153.56	153.56
50	60	65.2629	65.2629	65.2629
60	70	65.2629	65.2629	65.2629
70	80	...	...	...

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

Step: 13 9:37pm Jun 10, 2025

Nozzle Flange MAWP Results: (psig & F)

Nozzle Description	Flange Ope.	Rating Ambient	Des. Temp	Class	Grade/Group	Equiv. Press	- - - - UG-44	Max Pressure 50%	DNV
Drain	260.0	285.0	200	150	GR 1.1	...	...	...	...
Manway	260.0	285.0	200	150	GR 1.1	...	...	...	...
Inlet	260.0	285.0	200	150	GR 1.1	...	...	...	...
Outlet	260.0	285.0	200	150	GR 1.1	...	...	...	...
Vent	260.0	285.0	200	150	GR 1.1	...	...	...	...
Min Rating	260.0	285.0, [for Core Elements]					...	...	...

Flange Pressure Ratings are per ASME B16.5 2020 Edition

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

The Natural Frequencies for the vessel have been computed iteratively by solving a system of matrices. These matrices describe the mass and the stiffness of the vessel. This is the generalized eigenvalue/eigenvector problem and is referenced in some mathematical texts.

The Natural Frequency for the Vessel (Empty.) is 4.69928 Hz.

The Natural Frequency for the Vessel (Ope...) is 4.69928 Hz.

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

FileName : Tower Analysis

Wind Load Calculation:

Step: 15 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Wind Load Calculation Results:**Input Values:**

Wind Design Code	NBC-2005
Design Wind Speed	70 mile/hr
Exposure Category	B, Rough Terrain
Importance Factor	1.0
Roughness Classification	Moderately smooth
Base Elevation	0 ft.
Percent Wind for Hydrotest	33.0
Using User defined Wind Press. Vs Elev.	N
Damping Factor (Beta) for Wind (Ope)	0.0080
Damping Factor (Beta) for Wind (Empty)	0.0000
Damping Factor (Beta) for Wind (Filled)	0.0000
Height of Hill or Escarpment H or Hh	0 ft.
Distance Upwind of Crest Lh	0 ft.
Distance from Crest to the Vessel x	0 ft.
Type of Terrain (Hill, Escarpment)	Flat

Calculated Values:

Gust Effect Factor	[Cg]	2.00
Force Coefficient	[Cf]	0.665
External Pressure Coefficient	[Cp]	1.000
Vessel Height to Diameter ratio		18.76
Natural Frequency of Vessel (Operating)		4.699 Hz
Natural Frequency of Vessel (Empty)		4.699 Hz
Natural Frequency of Vessel (Test)		3.506 Hz

Equation to determine the Wind Pressure at level h [p(h)]:
 $= I_w * q * C_e(\text{height}, \text{Exp}) * C_g * C_p$ [4.1.7.1](2005/2010)

Intermediate values for each element are shown below, Static Analysis:

Element	Ce	Cg	Iw	q
Skirt	0.700	2.000	1.000	13.230
Btm Head	0.700	2.000	1.000	13.230
Shell 1	0.700	2.000	1.000	13.230
shell 2	0.700	2.000	1.000	13.230
Cone	0.700	2.000	1.000	13.230
Shell 3	0.700	2.000	1.000	13.230
Top Head	0.726	2.000	1.000	13.230

Height to diameter ratio was greater than 4 and $Fn > 1$, therefore $C_g = 2$.

Wind Pressure on the first element [p]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= I_w * q * C_e * C_g \\
 &= 1 * 13.23 * 0.7 * 2 \\
 &= 18.522 \text{ psf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Force on the first element [F]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= p * \text{Wind Area} * C_f \\
 &= 18.52 * 12.75 * 0.665 \\
 &= 157.123 \text{ lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Wind Vibration Calculations

This evaluation is based on work by Kanti Mahajan and Ed Zorilla

FileName : Tower Analysis

Wind Load Calculation:

Step: 15 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Nomenclature

Cf - Correction factor for natural frequency
 D - Average outer insulated diameter of vessel, ft.
 Df - Damping Factor < 0.75 Unstable, > 0.95 Stable
 Dr - Average outer insulated of top half of vessel, ft.
 f - Natural frequency of vibration (Hertz)
 f1 - Natural frequency of bare vessel based on a unit value of $(D/L^2)(10^4)$
 L - Total height of structure ft.
 Lc - Total length of conical section(s) of vessel, ft.
 tb - Uncorroded plate thickness at bottom of vessel, in.
 V30 - Design Wind Speed provided by user, mile/hr
 Vc - Critical wind velocity, mile/hr
 Vw - Maximum wind speed at top of structure, mile/hr
 W - Total corroded weight of structure, lb.
 Ws - Cor. vessel weight excl. weight of parts which do not effect stiff. lb.
 Z - Maximum amplitude of vibration at top of vessel, in.
 D1 - Logarithmic decrement (taken as 0.03 for Welded Structures)
 Vp - Vib. Chance, <= 20.00 (High); 20.00 < 25.00 (Probable)
 P30 - wind pressure 30 feet above the base

Check other Conditions and Basic Assumptions:

:: Total Cone Length / Total Length < 0.5

:: 2/44.33 = 0.0451

:: $[D / L^2] * 10^4 < 8$ (English Units, ft.):: $[3.212/44.33^2] * 10^4 = 16.34$ [Geometry Violation]

Compute the vibration possibility. If Vp > 25.00 no chance. [Vp]:

$$= W / (L * Dr^2)$$

$$= 14502 / (44.33 * 2.954^2)$$

$$= 0.37484E+02$$

Since Vp is > 25.00 no further vibration analysis is required !

The Natural Frequency for the Vessel (Ope...) is 4.69928 Hz.

Wind Load Calculation:

From	To	Wind Height ft.	Wind Diameter ft.	Wind Area sq.in.	Wind Pressure psf	Element Wind Load lb.
10	20	1.5	4.25	1836	18.522	157.123
20	30	3.08333	4.05	97.2	18.522	8.31829
30	40	10.4167	4.15	8665.2	18.522	741.56
40	50	24.9167	4.15	8665.2	18.522	741.56
50	60	33.1078	3.55	1022.4	18.522	87.4961
60	70	39.1667	2.95	4248	18.522	363.54
70	80	44.5058	2.875	268.835	19.2157	23.8683

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

Earthquake Load Calculation Results:

Input Values:

Seismic Design Code	NBC-2005
Importance Factor	1.000
Overstrength Factor	1.0000
Ductility Factor	3.0000
Height Ratio (hx/hn)	0.0000
Component Amplification factor [Rp]	2.5000
Element or Component factor [Cp]	1.0000
Component Force factor [Ar]	2.5000
Site Class	C
Acceleration Sa(0.2)	0.1500
Acceleration Sa(0.5)	0.0840
Acceleration Sa(1.0)	0.0410
Acceleration Sa(2.0)	0.0230

To determine values of Sa(T), copy and paste the following link into your browser:

<https://www.earthquakescanada.nrcan.gc.ca/hazard-alea/interpolat/nbc2020-cnb2020-en.php>

Computed Results:

Fundamental Period of Vibration [T]:

= 1/Fn
 = 1/4.699
 = 0.213 Seconds

Design Spectral Acceleration Candidates per 4.1.8.4:

Case #	Fa:Fv	Sa()	Value	Applicable Time Period
1	0.150	Sa(0.2)	0.150	T <= 0.2s
2	0.147	Sa(0.5)	0.084	T = 0.5s
3	0.041	Sa(1.0)	0.041	T = 1.0s
4	0.023	Sa(2.0)	0.023	T = 2.0s
5	0.012	Sa(2.0)/2	0.023	T >= 4.0s

Final Selected value of S(Ta) based on the calculated period [S(Ta)]:

= 0.147 g's

Base Shear per 4.1.8.11 [V]:

= S(Ta) * Ie * W / (Ro * Rd)
 = 0.147 * 1 * 17068 / (1 * 3)
 = 837.4 lb.

Minimum Base Shear per 4.1.8.11 [Vmin]:

= S(2.0) * Ie * W / (Ro * Rd)
 = 0.023 * 1 * 17068 / (1 * 3)
 = 130.9 lb.

For Rd >= 1.5, V need not be greater than [Vmax]:

= 2/3 * S(0.2) * Ie * W / (Ro * Rd)
 = 2/3 * 0.15 * 1 * 17068 / (1 * 3)
 = 569 lb.

Sample Force Calculation for the first Element [F]:

= ((V-Ft) * Wx * Hx / (Sum of Wi * hi)) * Scalar
 = ((569) * 1493 * 1.5 / (348946)) * 1
 = 3.7 lb.

The Natural Frequency for the Vessel (Ope...) is 4.69928 Hz.

FileName : Tower Analysis

Earthquake Load Calculation: Step: 16 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Earthquake Load Calculation:

From	To	Earthquake Height ft.	Earthquake Weight lb.	Element Ope Load lb.	Element Emp Load lb.	Element Vertical Load lb.
10	20	1.5	1493.45	3.65257	3.65257	...
20	30	3.08333	208.247	1.04692	1.04692	...
30	40	10.4167	5907.81	100.339	100.339	...
40	50	24.9167	5800.37	235.647	235.647	...
50	60	33.1667	688.332	37.2234	37.2234	...
60	70	39.1667	2806.63	179.233	179.233	...
70	80	44.25	163.655	11.8075	11.8075	...

The Earthquake Weight does not include the weight of the saddles.

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

FileName : Tower Analysis

Wind/Earthquake Shear, Bending: Step: 17 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

The following table is for the Operating Case.**Wind/Earthquake Shear, Bending:**

From	To	Distance to Support ft.	Cumulative Wind Shear lb.	Earthquake Shear lb.	Wind Bending ft.lb.	Earthquake Bending ft.lb.
10	20	1.5	2123.47	568.95	44666	15705.5
20	30	3.08333	1966.34	565.297	38531.3	14004.1
30	40	10.4167	1958.03	564.251	38204.3	13910
40	50	24.9167	1216.46	463.911	15189.2	6455.82
50	60	33.1667	474.905	228.264	2926.79	1437.55
60	70	39.1667	387.408	191.041	2064.48	1018.25
70	80	44.25	23.8683	11.8075	8.09539	4.00475

Note:

The Wind Shears/Moments and the Earthquake Shears/Moments calculated and printed in the Wind/Earthquake Shear and Bending report have been factored by the input Scalar/Load reductions factors of;
Wind: 1.000; Earthquake: 1.000.

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

Wind Deflection Calculations:

The following table is for Wind Deflection; Operating Case.

Wind Load Deflection:

From	To	Cumulative Shear lb.	Centroid Deflection in.	Elem. End Deflection in.	Elem. Ang. Rotation
10	20	2123.47	0.00020234	0.00079022	0.42847E-04
20	30	1966.34	0.00083555	0.00088583	0.52743E-04
30	40	1958.03	0.0086438	0.021214	0.00016432
40	50	1216.46	0.036682	0.053645	0.00019961
50	60	474.905	0.056048	0.058465	0.00020199
60	70	387.408	0.070775	0.083251	0.0002082
70	80	23.8683	0.083459	0.083667	0.0002082

Critical Wind Velocity for Tower Vibration:

From	To	1st Crit. Wind Speed mile/hr	2nd Crit. Wind Speed mile/hr
10	20	67.9046	424.404
20	30	64.7091	404.432
30	40	66.3068	414.418
40	50	66.3068	414.418
50	60	56.7203	354.502
60	70	47.1338	294.586
70	80	45.9354	287.096

Allowable deflection at the Tower Top (Ope)(6.000"/100ft. Criteria)
 Allowable deflection : 2.660 Actual deflection : 0.084 in.

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

FileName : Tower Analysis

Longitudinal Stress Constants: Step: 19 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Longitudinal Stress Constants:

From	To	Metal Area New sq.in.	Metal Area Corroded sq.in.	Section Modulus New in.^3	Section Modulus Corroded in.^3
10	20	65.9734	65.9734	684.669	684.669
20	30	31.6123	15.8552	316.147	159.546
30	40	96.0149	80.2579	960.8	807.973
40	50	96.0149	80.2579	960.8	807.973
50	60	99.026	82.7824	990.973	833.571
60	70	67.7406	56.6959	474.83	400.79
70	80	33.4285	22.3838	234.081	158.11

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

FileName : Tower Analysis

Longitudinal Allowable Stresses: Step: 20 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Longitudinal Allowable Stresses:

From	To	Tensile psi	Hydrotest Tensile psi	Compressive psi	Hydrotest Compressive psi
10	20	16800	21840	-19414.6	-19414.6
20	30	16800	21840	-13388.6	-16972.4
30	40	16800	21840	-20122	-20563.3
40	50	16800	21840	-20122	-20563.3
50	60	16800	21840	-20197.3	-20627.6
60	70	16800	21840	-20892	-21204.7
70	80	16800	21840	-18377.1	-19725.5

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

Longitudinal Stress Report

Longitudinal Operating and Empty Stresses are computed in the corroded condition. Stresses due to loads in the hydrostatic test cases have been computed in the new and cold condition.

Longitudinal Pressure Stresses due to:

From	To	Longitudinal Stress Internal Pressure psi	Longitudinal Stress External Pressure psi	Longitudinal Stress Hydrotest Pressure psi
10	20	...	...	...
20	30	8030	-1218.76	5174
30	40	1590	-252.807	1707.33
40	50	1590	-252.807	1707.33
50	60	1589.69	-253.203	1706.53
60	70	1110	-180.831	1187.33
70	80	2805	-435.033	2400.67

Longitudinal Stresses due to Weight Loads for these Conditions:

From	To	Wght. Str. Empty psi	Wght. Str. Operating psi	Wght. Str. Hydrotest psi	Wght. Str. Emp. Mom. psi	Wght. Str. Opr. Mom. psi
10	20	-258.718	-258.718	...	10.5608	10.5608
20	30	-982.329	-982.329	...	45.3203	45.3203
30	40	-191.468	-191.468	...	8.94917	8.94917
40	50	-117.857	-117.857	...	2.28067	2.28067
50	60	-44.1956	-44.1956	...	0.93952	0.93952
60	70	-52.3898	-52.3898	...	1.95403	1.95403
70	80	-7.31131	-7.31131	...	...	...

Longitudinal Stresses due to Weight Loads and Bending for these Conditions:

From	To	Wght. Str. Hyd. Mom. psi	Bend. Str. Oper. Wind psi	Bend. Str. Oper. Equ. psi	Bend. Str. Hyd. Wind psi	Bend. Str. Hyd. Equ. psi
10	20	...	782.849	275.266	...	...
20	30	...	2898.07	1053.3	...	...
30	40	...	567.409	206.591	...	...
40	50	...	225.59	95.8818	...	...
50	60	...	42.1338	20.6948	...	...
60	70	...	61.8122	30.4871	...	...
70	80	...	0.61441	0.30395	...	...

Longitudinal Stresses due to these Conditions:

From	To	Vortex Shedding Operating Case psi	Vortex Shedding Empty Case psi	Vortex Shedding Test Case psi	Earthquake Empty Case psi
10	20	...	...	...	275.266
20	30	...	...	...	1053.3

FileName : Tower Analysis

Longitudinal Stresses due to: Step: 21 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

30	40	...	...	...	206.591
40	50	...	...	...	95.8818
50	60	...	...	...	20.6948
60	70	...	...	...	30.4871
70	80	...	...	...	0.30395

Longitudinal Stresses due to Applied Axial Forces:

From	To	Longitudinal Stress Y Forces Wind psi	Longitudinal Stress Y Forces Seismic psi
10	20	...	...
20	30	...	...
30	40	...	...
40	50	...	...
50	60	...	...
60	70	...	...
70	80	...	...

Longitudinal Stresses due to User Forces and Moments:

From	To	Wind For/Mom Corroded psi	Earthquake For/Mom Corroded psi	Wind For/Mom No Corrosion psi	Earthquake For/Mom No Corrosion psi
10	20	...	...	...	...
20	30	...	...	...	...
30	40	...	...	...	...
40	50	...	...	...	...
50	60	...	...	...	...
60	70	...	...	...	...
70	80	...	...	...	...

Bending Stresses due to Blast Load:

From	To	Bending Stress psi
10	20	...
20	30	...
30	40	...
40	50	...
50	60	...
60	70	...
70	80	...

FileName : Tower Analysis

Stress due to Combined Loads: Step: 22 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Stress Combination Load Cases for Vertical Vessels:**Load Case Definition Key**

IP = Longitudinal Stress due to Internal Pressure
 EP = Longitudinal Stress due to External Pressure
 HP = Longitudinal Stress due to Hydrotest Pressure
 NP = No Pressure
 EW = Longitudinal Stress due to Weight (No Liquid)
 OW = Longitudinal Stress due to Weight (Operating)
 HW = Longitudinal Stress due to Weight (Hydrotest)
 WI = Bending Stress due to Wind Moment (Operating)
 EQ = Bending Stress due to Earthquake Moment (Operating)
 EE = Bending Stress due to Earthquake Moment (Empty)
 HI = Bending Stress due to Wind Moment (Hydrotest)
 HE = Bending Stress due to Earthquake Moment (Hydrotest)
 WE = Bending Stress due to Wind Moment (Empty) (no CA)
 WF = Bending Stress due to Wind Moment (Filled) (no CA)
 CW = Longitudinal Stress due to Weight (Empty) (no CA)
 VO = Bending Stress due to Vortex Shedding Loads (Ope)
 VE = Bending Stress due to Vortex Shedding Loads (Emp)
 VF = Bending Stress due to Vortex Shedding Loads (Test No CA.)
 FW = Axial Stress due to Vertical Forces for the Wind Case
 FS = Axial Stress due to Vertical Forces for the Seismic Case
 BW = Bending Stress due to Lat. Forces for the Wind Case, Corroded
 BS = Bending Stress due to Lat. Forces for the Seismic Case, Corroded
 BN = Bending Stress due to Lat. Forces for the Wind Case, UnCorroded
 BU = Bending Stress due to Lat. Forces for the Seismic Case, UnCorroded
 BL = Bending Stress due to Blast Loads, Corroded

General Notes:

Case types HI and HE are in the Un-Corroded condition.

Case types WE, WF, and CW are in the Un-Corroded condition.

A blank stress and stress ratio indicates that the corresponding stress comprising those components that did not contribute to that type of stress.

An asterisk (*) in the final column denotes overstress.

Analysis of Load Case 1 : NP+EW+WI+FW+BW

From Node	Tensile Stress	All. Tens. Stress	Comp. Stress	All. Comp. Stress	Tens. Ratio	Comp. Ratio
10	534.69	16800.00	-1052.13	19414.63	0.0318	0.0542
20	1961.06	16800.00	-3925.72	13388.63	0.1167	0.2932
30	384.89	16800.00	-767.83	20122.00	0.0229	0.0382
40	110.01	16800.00	-345.73	20122.00	0.0065	0.0172
50		16800.00	-87.27	20197.31		0.0043
60	11.38	16800.00	-116.16	20892.02	0.0007	0.0056
70		16800.00	-7.93	18377.09		0.0004

Analysis of Load Case 2 : NP+EW+EE+FS+BS

From Node	Tensile Stress	All. Tens. Stress	Comp. Stress	All. Comp. Stress	Tens. Ratio	Comp. Ratio
10	27.11	16800.00	-544.54	19414.63	0.0016	0.0280
20	116.29	16800.00	-2080.95	13388.63	0.0069	0.1554
30	24.07	16800.00	-407.01	20122.00	0.0014	0.0202
40		16800.00	-216.02	20122.00		0.0107

FileName : Tower Analysis

Stress due to Combined Loads: Step: 22 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

50	16800.00	-65.83	20197.31	0.0033
60	16800.00	-84.83	20892.02	0.0041
70	16800.00	-7.62	18377.09	0.0004

Analysis of Load Case 3 : NP+OW+WI+FW+BW

From Node	Tensile Stress	All. Tens. Stress	Comp. Stress	All. Comp. Stress	Tens. Ratio	Comp. Ratio
10	534.69	16800.00	-1052.13	19414.63	0.0318	0.0542
20	1961.06	16800.00	-3925.72	13388.63	0.1167	0.2932
30	384.89	16800.00	-767.83	20122.00	0.0229	0.0382
40	110.01	16800.00	-345.73	20122.00	0.0065	0.0172
50		16800.00	-87.27	20197.31		0.0043
60	11.38	16800.00	-116.16	20892.02	0.0007	0.0056
70		16800.00	-7.93	18377.09		0.0004

Analysis of Load Case 4 : NP+OW+EQ+FS+BS

From Node	Tensile Stress	All. Tens. Stress	Comp. Stress	All. Comp. Stress	Tens. Ratio	Comp. Ratio
10	27.11	16800.00	-544.54	19414.63	0.0016	0.0280
20	116.29	16800.00	-2080.95	13388.63	0.0069	0.1554
30	24.07	16800.00	-407.01	20122.00	0.0014	0.0202
40		16800.00	-216.02	20122.00		0.0107
50		16800.00	-65.83	20197.31		0.0033
60		16800.00	-84.83	20892.02		0.0041
70		16800.00	-7.62	18377.09		0.0004

Analysis of Load Case 5 : NP+HW+HI

From Node	Tensile Stress	All. Tens. Stress	Comp. Stress	All. Comp. Stress	Tens. Ratio	Comp. Ratio
10	0.00	21840.00	0.00	19414.63	0.0000	0.0000
20	0.00	21840.00	0.00	16972.43	0.0000	0.0000
30	0.00	21840.00	0.00	20563.32	0.0000	0.0000
40	0.00	21840.00	0.00	20563.32	0.0000	0.0000
50	0.00	21840.00	0.00	20627.61	0.0000	0.0000
60	0.00	21840.00	0.00	21204.65	0.0000	0.0000
70	0.00	21840.00	0.00	19725.53	0.0000	0.0000

Analysis of Load Case 6 : NP+HW+HE

From Node	Tensile Stress	All. Tens. Stress	Comp. Stress	All. Comp. Stress	Tens. Ratio	Comp. Ratio
10	0.00	21840.00	0.00	19414.63	0.0000	0.0000
20	0.00	21840.00	0.00	16972.43	0.0000	0.0000
30	0.00	21840.00	0.00	20563.32	0.0000	0.0000
40	0.00	21840.00	0.00	20563.32	0.0000	0.0000
50	0.00	21840.00	0.00	20627.61	0.0000	0.0000
60	0.00	21840.00	0.00	21204.65	0.0000	0.0000
70	0.00	21840.00	0.00	19725.53	0.0000	0.0000

Analysis of Load Case 7 : IP+OW+WI+FW+BW

From Node	Tensile Stress	All. Tens. Stress	Comp. Stress	All. Comp. Stress	Tens. Ratio	Comp. Ratio
10	534.69	16800.00	-1052.13	19414.63	0.0318	0.0542
20	9991.06	16800.00		13388.63	0.5947	
30	1974.89	16800.00		20122.00	0.1176	
40	1700.01	16800.00		20122.00	0.1012	
50	1588.57	16800.00		20197.31	0.0946	
60	1121.38	16800.00		20892.02	0.0667	

FileName : Tower Analysis

Stress due to Combined Loads: Step: 22 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

70	2798.30	16800.00	18377.09	0.1666
----	---------	----------	----------	--------

Analysis of Load Case 8 : IP+OW+EQ+FS+BS

From Node	Tensile Stress	All. Tens. Stress	Comp. Stress	All. Comp. Stress	Tens. Ratio	Comp. Ratio
10	27.11	16800.00	-544.54	19414.63	0.0016	0.0280
20	8146.29	16800.00		13388.63	0.4849	
30	1614.07	16800.00		20122.00	0.0961	
40	1570.30	16800.00		20122.00	0.0935	
50	1567.13	16800.00		20197.31	0.0933	
60	1090.05	16800.00		20892.02	0.0649	
70	2797.99	16800.00		18377.09	0.1665	

Analysis of Load Case 9 : EP+OW+WI+FW+BW

From Node	Tensile Stress	All. Tens. Stress	Comp. Stress	All. Comp. Stress	Tens. Ratio	Comp. Ratio
10	534.69	16800.00	-1052.13	19414.63	0.0318	0.0542
20	742.30	16800.00	-5144.48	13388.63	0.0442	0.3842
30	132.08	16800.00	-1020.63	20122.00	0.0079	0.0507
40		16800.00	-598.54	20122.00		0.0297
50		16800.00	-340.47	20197.31		0.0169
60		16800.00	-296.99	20892.02		0.0142
70		16800.00	-442.96	18377.09		0.0241

Analysis of Load Case 10 : EP+OW+EQ+FS+BS

From Node	Tensile Stress	All. Tens. Stress	Comp. Stress	All. Comp. Stress	Tens. Ratio	Comp. Ratio
10	27.11	16800.00	-544.54	19414.63	0.0016	0.0280
20		16800.00	-3299.71	13388.63		0.2465
30		16800.00	-659.82	20122.00		0.0328
40		16800.00	-468.83	20122.00		0.0233
50		16800.00	-319.03	20197.31		0.0158
60		16800.00	-265.66	20892.02		0.0127
70		16800.00	-442.65	18377.09		0.0241

Analysis of Load Case 11 : HP+HW+HI

From Node	Tensile Stress	All. Tens. Stress	Comp. Stress	All. Comp. Stress	Tens. Ratio	Comp. Ratio
10	0.00	21840.00	0.00	19414.63	0.0000	0.0000
20	5174.00	21840.00		16972.43	0.2369	
30	1707.33	21840.00		20563.32	0.0782	
40	1707.33	21840.00		20563.32	0.0782	
50	1706.53	21840.00		20627.61	0.0781	
60	1187.33	21840.00		21204.65	0.0544	
70	2400.67	21840.00		19725.53	0.1099	

Analysis of Load Case 12 : HP+HW+HE

From Node	Tensile Stress	All. Tens. Stress	Comp. Stress	All. Comp. Stress	Tens. Ratio	Comp. Ratio
10	0.00	21840.00	0.00	19414.63	0.0000	0.0000
20	5174.00	21840.00		16972.43	0.2369	
30	1707.33	21840.00		20563.32	0.0782	
40	1707.33	21840.00		20563.32	0.0782	
50	1706.53	21840.00		20627.61	0.0781	
60	1187.33	21840.00		21204.65	0.0544	
70	2400.67	21840.00		19725.53	0.1099	

FileName : Tower Analysis

Stress due to Combined Loads: Step: 22 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Analysis of Load Case 13 : IP+WE+EW

From Node	Tensile Stress	All. Tens. Stress	Comp. Stress	All. Comp. Stress	Tens. Ratio	Comp. Ratio
10		16800.00	-269.28	19414.63		0.0139
20	7092.99	16800.00		13388.63	0.4222	
30	1407.48	16800.00		20122.00	0.0838	
40	1474.42	16800.00		20122.00	0.0878	
50	1546.44	16800.00		20197.31	0.0920	
60	1059.56	16800.00		20892.02	0.0631	
70	2797.69	16800.00		18377.09	0.1665	

Analysis of Load Case 14 : IP+WF+CW

From Node	Tensile Stress	All. Tens. Stress	Comp. Stress	All. Comp. Stress	Tens. Ratio	Comp. Ratio
10		16800.00	-258.72	19414.63		0.0133
20	7537.31	16800.00		13388.63	0.4486	
30	1429.95	16800.00		20122.00	0.0851	
40	1491.48	16800.00		20122.00	0.0888	
50	1552.75	16800.00		20197.31	0.0924	
60	1066.15	16800.00		20892.02	0.0635	
70	2800.10	16800.00		18377.09	0.1667	

Analysis of Load Case 15 : IP+VO+OW

From Node	Tensile Stress	All. Tens. Stress	Comp. Stress	All. Comp. Stress	Tens. Ratio	Comp. Ratio
10		16800.00	-269.28	19414.63		0.0139
20	7092.99	16800.00		13388.63	0.4222	
30	1407.48	16800.00		20122.00	0.0838	
40	1474.42	16800.00		20122.00	0.0878	
50	1546.44	16800.00		20197.31	0.0920	
60	1059.56	16800.00		20892.02	0.0631	
70	2797.69	16800.00		18377.09	0.1665	

Analysis of Load Case 16 : IP+VE+EW

From Node	Tensile Stress	All. Tens. Stress	Comp. Stress	All. Comp. Stress	Tens. Ratio	Comp. Ratio
10		16800.00	-269.28	19414.63		0.0139
20	7092.99	16800.00		13388.63	0.4222	
30	1407.48	16800.00		20122.00	0.0838	
40	1474.42	16800.00		20122.00	0.0878	
50	1546.44	16800.00		20197.31	0.0920	
60	1059.56	16800.00		20892.02	0.0631	
70	2797.69	16800.00		18377.09	0.1665	

Analysis of Load Case 17 : NP+VO+OW

From Node	Tensile Stress	All. Tens. Stress	Comp. Stress	All. Comp. Stress	Tens. Ratio	Comp. Ratio
10		16800.00	-269.28	19414.63		0.0139
20		16800.00	-1027.65	13388.63		0.0768
30		16800.00	-200.42	20122.00		0.0100
40		16800.00	-120.14	20122.00		0.0060
50		16800.00	-45.14	20197.31		0.0022
60		16800.00	-54.34	20892.02		0.0026
70		16800.00	-7.31	18377.09		0.0004

Analysis of Load Case 18 : FS+BS+IP+OW

From Node	Tensile Stress	All. Tens. Stress	Comp. Stress	All. Comp. Stress	Tens. Ratio	Comp. Ratio
-----------	----------------	-------------------	--------------	-------------------	-------------	-------------

FileName : Tower Analysis

Stress due to Combined Loads: Step: 22 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Node	Stress	Stress	Stress	Stress	Ratio	Ratio
10		14000.00	-269.28	16178.86		0.0166
20	7092.99	14000.00		11157.20	0.5066	
30	1407.48	14000.00		16768.34	0.1005	
40	1474.42	14000.00		16768.34	0.1053	
50	1546.44	14000.00		16831.09	0.1105	
60	1059.56	14000.00		17410.02	0.0757	
70	2797.69	14000.00		15314.24	0.1998	

Analysis of Load Case 19 : FS+BS+EP+OW

From Node	Tensile Stress	All. Tens. Stress	Comp. Stress	All. Comp. Stress	Tens. Ratio	Comp. Ratio
10		14000.00	-269.28	16178.86		0.0166
20		14000.00	-2246.41	11157.20		0.2013
30		14000.00	-453.22	16768.34		0.0270
40		14000.00	-372.95	16768.34		0.0222
50		14000.00	-298.34	16831.09		0.0177
60		14000.00	-235.17	17410.02		0.0135
70		14000.00	-442.34	15314.24		0.0289

Absolute Maximum of the all of the Stress Ratio's 0.5947

Governing Element: Btm Head

Governing Load Case 7 : IP+OW+WI+FW+BW

Element Description	Long Pressure Stress	Weight + Axial Load Stress	Eccentric Moment Stress	Wind or Earthquake Stress	Combined Stress	Which Side
Skirt	...	-258.7	10.6	782.8	534.7	+ Tens
Skirt	...	-258.7	-10.6	-782.8	-1052.1	- Comp
Btm Head	8030.0	-982.3	45.3	2898.1	9991.1	+ Tens
Btm Head	8030.0	-982.3	-45.3	-2898.1	...	- Comp
Shell 1	1590.0	-191.5	8.9	567.4	1974.9	+ Tens
Shell 1	1590.0	-191.5	-8.9	-567.4	...	- Comp
shell 2	1590.0	-117.9	2.3	225.6	1700.0	+ Tens
shell 2	1590.0	-117.9	-2.3	-225.6	...	- Comp
Cone	1589.7	-44.2	0.9	42.1	1588.6	+ Tens
Cone	1589.7	-44.2	-0.9	-42.1	...	- Comp
Shell 3	1110.0	-52.4	2.0	61.8	1121.4	+ Tens
Shell 3	1110.0	-52.4	-2.0	-61.8	...	- Comp
Top Head	2805.0	-7.3	...	0.6	2798.3	+ Tens
Top Head	2805.0	-7.3	...	-0.6	...	- Comp

Skirt Support Analysis Per EN 13445-3 Section 16.12:

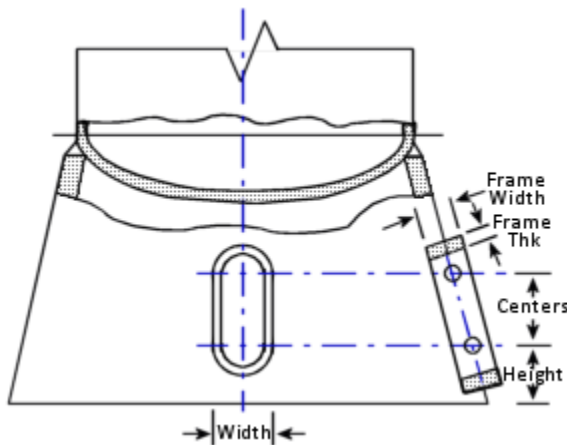
The analysis of this skirt has been conducted referencing the EN 13445-3 design code. It is important to note that the selected design code does not explicitly cover the analysis of this component. Therefore, the results provided herein should be regarded as informational only.

Item: Skirt

Total vessel (empty) weight	Fg	15823.959 lb.
Head Weight below section 2-2	DeltaFg	208.247 lb.
Weight of vessel contents (liquid)	Ff	0.000 lb.
Vessel Gross Weight	Fg + Ff	15823.959 lb.
Skirt Mean Diameter	Dz	42.000 in.
Skirt Analysis Thickness (Corroded)	ez	0.500 in.
Skirt Height	H	36.000 in.
Additional Axial Force at section 1-1	F1	0.000 lb.
Moment at section 1-1	M1	38531.301 ft.lb.
Applied Moment - Bottom of Skirt	Mb	44666.016 ft.lb.
Weight at Bottom of Skirt	W	17068.498 lb.

Structural Type C Skirt per EN 13445 Figure 16.12-3:

Cylinder Mean Diameter at Skirt Top	Db	40.750 in.
Cylinder Corroded Thickness	eb	0.750 in.



There are no Access Openings in the Skirt - Plain Skirt Considered

Moment of Inertia	Ixx =	14547.146 in**4
Moment of Inertia	Iyy =	14547.146 in**4
Section Modulus	W =	692.721 in. ³
Section Metal Area	A =	65.973 sq.in.

Analysis of the Section at weakest section Modulus [Z min]:

Radius of Gyration of Skirt at 4-4 [rg]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \sqrt{\min(I_{xx}, I_{yy}) / \text{Area}} \\
 &= \sqrt{\min(14547, 14547) / 65.97} \\
 &= 14.85 \text{ in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Skirt Slenderness Ratio [rg/L]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= rg / L \\
 &= 14.85 / 36
 \end{aligned}$$

FileName : Tower Analysis

Skirt Stress Calculations: Step: 23 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

$$= 0.412$$

Correct the Moment [M4]:

top of skirt is the critical end

Controlling Moment [M4] = 38531 ft.lb.

Axial Stress at Residual (Weakest) Surface Area [Sigma]:

Downwind Side:

$$= -M / Z - W / A$$

$$= -38531/2771 - 17068/65.97$$

$$= -425.6 \text{ psi}$$

Upwind Side:

$$= +(M) / Z - W / A$$

$$= +38531/2771 - 17068/65.97$$

$$= -91.85 \text{ psi}$$

16.12.3.4 Checking at connection areas:

Force at the joint, 16.12-1 [Fzp]:

$$= F1 - Fg - Ff + 4 * M1 / Dz$$

$$= 0 - 15824 - 0 + 4 * 38531/42$$

$$= 28212 \text{ lb.}$$

Force at the joint, 16.12-2 [Fzq]:

$$= F1 - Fg - Ff - 4 * M1 / Dz$$

$$= 0 - 15824 - 0 - 4 * 38531/42$$

$$= -59860 \text{ lb.}$$

16.12.3.4.1 Membrane stresses:

Membrane stress at 1-1, 16.12-3 & 4:

Stress [sigma_(1p)^m]:

$$= (Fzp + \Delta F_{(g)}) / (\pi * Db * eb) + P * Db / (4 * eb)$$

$$= (28212 + 208.2 + 0) / (\pi * 40.75 * 0.75) + 100 * 40.75 / (4 * 0.75)$$

$$= 1654.33 \text{ psi}$$

Stress [sigma_(1q)^m]:

$$= (Fzq + \Delta F_{(g)} + Ff) / (\pi * Db * eb) + P * Db / (4 * eb)$$

$$= (-59860 + 208.2 + 0) / (\pi * 40.75 * 0.75) + 100 * 40.75 / (4 * 0.75)$$

$$= 737.06 \text{ psi}$$

Membrane stress at 2-2, 16.12-9:

Stress [sigma_(2p)^m & sigma_(2q)^m]:

$$= (Ff + \Delta F_{(g)}) / (\pi * Db * eb) + P * Db / (4 * eb)$$

$$= (0 + 208.2) / (\pi * 40.75 * 0.75) + 100 * 40.75 / (4 * 0.75)$$

$$= 1360.50 \text{ psi}$$

Membrane stress at 3-3, 16.12 12 & 13:

Stress [sigma_(3p)^m]:

$$= Fzp / (\pi * Dz * ez)$$

$$= 28212 / (\pi * 42 * 0.5)$$

$$= 427.62 \text{ psi}$$

Stress [sigma_(3q)^m]:

$$= Fzq / (\pi * Dz * ez)$$

$$= -59860 / (\pi * 42 * 0.5)$$

$$= -907.33 \text{ psi}$$

16.12.3.4.2 Bending stresses:

Moment due to eccentricity between shell and skirt, 16.12-37 [Mp]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 0.5(D_z - D_b) * fZn \\
 &= 0.5(42 - 40.75) * 28212 \\
 &= 1469.365 \text{ ft.lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Moment due to eccentricity between shell and skirt, 16.12-38 [Mq]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 0.5(D_z - D_b) * FZq \\
 &= 0.5(42 - 40.75) * -59860 \\
 &= -3117.695 \text{ ft.lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Stress at section 1-1 and 2-2 [$\sigma_{(1p)^b}$ & $\sigma_{(2p)^b}$]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 3 * M_p / (\pi * D_b * e_b^2) \\
 &= 3 * 1469 / (\pi * 40.75 * 0.75^2) \\
 &= 734.57 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Stress at section 1-1 and 2-2 [$\sigma_{(1q)^b}$ & $\sigma_{(2q)^b}$]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 3 * M_q / (\pi * D_b * e_b^2) \\
 &= 3 * -3118 / (\pi * 40.75 * 0.75^2) \\
 &= -1558.61 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Stress at section 3-3 [$\sigma_{(3p)^b}$]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 6 * M_p / (\pi * D_z * e_z^2) \\
 &= 6 * 1469 / (\pi * 42 * 0.5^2) \\
 &= 3207.18 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Stress at section 3-3 [$\sigma_{(3q)^b}$]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 6 * M_q / (\pi * D_z * e_z^2) \\
 &= 6 * -3118 / (\pi * 42 * 0.5^2) \\
 &= -6804.98 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

16.12.3.4.3 Total stresses and strength conditions:

Structural shape B and C:

Stress [$\sigma_{(1p)^{tot}}$]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \sigma_{(1p)^m} - \sigma_{(1p)^b(o)} + \sigma_{(1)^b(p)} \\
 &= 1654 - 734.6 + 0 \\
 &= 919.76 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Stress [$\sigma_{(1p)^{tot}}$]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \sigma_{(1p)^m} + \sigma_{(1p)^b(o)} - \sigma_{(1)^b(p)} \\
 &= 1654 - 734.6 + 0 \\
 &= 2388.90 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Stress [$\sigma_{(1q)^{tot}}$]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \sigma_{(1q)^m} - \sigma_{(1q)^b(o)} + \sigma_{(1)^b(p)} \\
 &= 737.1 - -1559 + 0 \\
 &= 2295.67 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Stress [$\sigma_{(1q)^{tot}}$]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \sigma_{(1q)^m} + \sigma_{(1q)^b(o)} - \sigma_{(1)^b(p)} \\
 &= 737.1 - -1559 + 0 \\
 &= -821.54 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Stress [$\sigma_{(2p)^{tot}}$]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \sigma_{(2p)^m} + \sigma_{(2p)^b(o)} + \sigma_{(2)^b(p)} \\
 &= 1361 - 734.6 + 0 \\
 &= 2095.07 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Stress [$\sigma_{(2p)^{tot}}$]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \sigma_{(2p)^m} - \sigma_{(2p)^b(o)} - \sigma_{(2)^b(p)} \\
 &= 1361 - 734.6 + 0
 \end{aligned}$$

FileName : Tower Analysis

Skirt Stress Calculations:

Step: 23 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

$$= 625.93 \text{ psi}$$

Stress [sigma_(2qi)^{tot}]:

$$= \sigma_{(2q)}^m + \sigma_{(2q)}^{b(o)} + \sigma_{(2)}^{b(p)}$$

$$= 1361 - 1559 + 0$$

$$= -198.10 \text{ psi}$$

Stress [sigma_(2qo)^{tot}]:

$$= \sigma_{(2p)}^m - \sigma_{(2p)}^{b(o)} - \sigma_{(2)}^{b(p)}$$

$$= 1361 - 1559 + 0$$

$$= 2919.11 \text{ psi}$$

Stress [sigma_(3pi)^{tot}]:

$$= \sigma_{(3p)}^m - \sigma_{(3p)}^b$$

$$= 427.6 - 3207$$

$$= -2779.55 \text{ psi}$$

Stress [sigma_(3po)^{tot}]:

$$= \sigma_{(3p)}^m + \sigma_{(3p)}^b$$

$$= 427.6 + 3207$$

$$= 3634.80 \text{ psi}$$

Stress [sigma_(3qi)^{tot}]:

$$= \sigma_{(3q)}^m - \sigma_{(3q)}^b$$

$$= -907.3 - 6805$$

$$= 5897.65 \text{ psi}$$

Stress [sigma_(3qo)^{tot}]:

$$= \sigma_{(3q)}^m + \sigma_{(3q)}^b$$

$$= -907.3 + -6805$$

$$= -7712.31 \text{ psi}$$

Allowable stresses:

For sigma_(1pi)^{tot} and sigma_(1po)^{tot}, the stress must not exceed:

$$= fs(3 - (1 / 1.5)) * (\sigma_{(1p)}^m / f)^2$$

$$= 20000 (3 - (1/1.5)) * (1654/20000)^2$$

$$= 59908.77 \text{ psi}$$

For sigma_(1qi)^{tot} and sigma_(1qo)^{tot}, the stress must not exceed:

$$= fs(3 - (1 / 1.5)) * (\sigma_{(1q)}^m / f)^2$$

$$= 20000 (3 - (1/1.5)) * (737.1/20000)^2$$

$$= 59981.89 \text{ psi}$$

For sigma_(2pi)^{tot} and sigma_(2po)^{tot}, the stress must not exceed:

$$= fs(3 - (1 / 1.5)) * (\sigma_{(2p)}^m / f)^2$$

$$= 20000 (3 - (1/1.5)) * (1361/20000)^2$$

$$= 59938.30 \text{ psi}$$

For sigma_(2qi)^{tot} and sigma_(2qo)^{tot}, the stress must not exceed:

$$= fs(3 - (1 / 1.5)) * (\sigma_{(2q)}^m / f)^2$$

$$= 20000 (3 - (1/1.5)) * (1361/20000)^2$$

$$= 59938.30 \text{ psi}$$

For sigma_(3pi)^{tot} & sigma_(3po)^{tot}, the stress must not exceed:

$$= fs(3 - (1 / 1.5)) * (\sigma_{(3p)}^m / f)^2$$

$$= 20000 (3 - (1/1.5)) * (427.6/20000)^2$$

$$= 59993.91 \text{ psi}$$

For sigma_(3qi)^{tot} & sigma_(3qo)^{tot}, the stress must not exceed:

$$= fs(3 - (1 / 1.5)) * (\sigma_{(3q)}^m / f)^2$$

$$= 20000 (3 - (1/1.5)) * (-907.3/20000)^2$$

$$= 59972.56 \text{ psi}$$

Note: Moments are displayed as in-lbf units.

Please note: None of the following stresses in the table below are in the region where there is an access opening.

Summary of Stresses: (psi)

Stress	Actual	Allowed	Result	Equation
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Stot1pi	919.76	59908.77	Pass	46
Stot1po	2388.90	59908.77	Pass	47
Stot1qi	2295.67	59981.89	Pass	48
Stot1qo	-821.54	59981.89	Pass	49
Stot2pi	2095.07	59938.30	Pass	50
Stot2po	625.93	59938.30	Pass	51
Stot2qi	-198.10	59938.30	Pass	52
Stot2qo	2919.11	59938.30	Pass	53
Stot3pi	-2779.55	59993.91	Pass	54
Stot3po	3634.80	59993.91	Pass	55
Stot3qi	5897.65	59972.56	Pass	56
Stot3qo	-7712.31	59972.56	Pass	57

The stresses are satisfactory in the region without openings.

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

Shop/Field Installation Options :

Note : The CG is computed from the first Element From Node

Center of Gravity of the Stiffening Rings	31.967 ft.
Center of Gravity of the Nozzles	14.097 ft.
Center of Gravity of Bare Shell New and Cold	20.491 ft.
Center of Gravity of Bare Shell Corroded	20.202 ft.
Vessel CG in the Operating Condition	20.113 ft.
Vessel CG in the Fabricated (Shop/Empty) Condition	20.408 ft.
Vessel CG in the Test Condition	20.773 ft.

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

FileName : Tower Analysis

Basing Calculations:

Step: 25 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Skirt Data :

Skirt Outside Diameter at Base	SOD, D6	42.5000	in.
Skirt Thickness	STHK	0.5000	in.
Skirt Internal Corrosion Allowance	SCA	0.0000	in.
Skirt External Corrosion Allowance		0.0000	in.
Skirt Material	SA-516 70		

Basing Input: Type of Geometry: Basing W/Gussets & Chair Cap

Thickness of Basing	TBA, ea4	1.5000	in.
Design Temperature of the Basing		100.00	F
Basing Material		SA-516 70	
Basing Ope. All. Stress	BASOPE, f4	20000.00	psi
Basing Yield Stress		38000.00	psi
Inside Diameter of Basing	DI, D4	41.5000	in.
Outside Diameter of Basing	DOU, D5	51.5000	in.
Nominal Diameter of Bolts	BND, d(b0)	2.0000	in.
Bolt Corrosion Allowance	BCA	0.0000	in.
Bolt Material		SA-193 B7	
Bolt Material Class/Thickness Range		<= 2 1/2	
Bolt Operating Allowable Stress	SA, fB	25000.00	psi
Number of Bolts	RN, nb	8	
Diameter of Bolt Circle	DC, DBC	47.5000	in.
Thickness of Gusset Plates	TGA, e7	0.7500	in.
Width of Gussets at Top Plate	TWDT	4.5000	in.
Width of Gussets at Base Plate	BWDT	4.5000	in.
Gusset Plate Elastic Modulus	E	28884600.0	psi
Gusset Plate Yield Stress	SY	38000.0	psi
Height of Gussets	HG, h1	9.0000	in.
Distance between Gussets	RG, b6	3.5000	in.
Dist. from Bolt Center to Gusset (Rg/2)	CG	1.7500	in.
Number of Gussets per bolt	NG	2	
Thickness of Top Plate or Ring	TTA, e5	1.7500	in.
Radial Width of the Top Plate	TOPWTH, b5	4.5000	in.
Circum. Width of the Top Plate	CMWTH, b4	7.0000	in.
Anchor Bolt Hole Dia. in Top Plate	dia,H	2.1250	in.
External Corrosion Allowance	CA	0.0000	in.
Dead Weight of Vessel	DW	17068.5	lb.
Operating Weight of Vessel	ROW	17068.5	lb.
Earthquake Moment on Basing	EQMOM	15705.5	ft.lb.
Wind Moment on Basing	WIMOM	44666.0	ft.lb.
Percent Bolt Preload	pp1	100.0	
Use AISC A5.2 Increase in Fc and Bolt Stress		No	
Use Allowable Weld Stress per AISC J2.5		No	
Factor for Increase of Allowables	Fact	1.0000	

Results for Basing Analysis : Analyze Option

Basing Thickness Calculation method used : Simplified (Steel on Steel)

Calculation of Bolt Loads for Multiple Loading Conditions:

Bolt Load, Earthquake Operating Case [F_(B,e)]:

FileName : Tower Analysis

Basing Calculations:

Step: 25 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= ((4 * M/DC) - W)/nb \quad \text{per Jawad \& Farr, Eq. 12.3} \\
 &= ((4 * 188466/47.5) - 17068)/8 \\
 &= -149.7 \text{ lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Bolt Load, Windload Empty Case [F_(B,w)]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= ((4 * M/DC) - W)/nb \quad \text{per Jawad \& Farr, Eq. 12.3} \\
 &= ((4 * 535992/47.5) - 17068)/8 \\
 &= 3508.5 \text{ lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Bolt Load, Windload Vortex Shedding Case [F_(B,v)]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= ((4 * M/DC) - W)/nb \quad \text{per Jawad \& Farr, Eq. 12.3} \\
 &= ((4 * 0/47.5) - 17068)/8 \\
 &= -2133.6 \text{ lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Calculation of Maximum Load per Bolt [W/Bolt], Wind + Dead Weight Condition:

where: W = ROW M = WIMOM

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= ((4 * M/DC) - W)/nb \quad \text{per Jawad \& Farr, Eq. 12.3} \\
 &= ((4 * 535992/47.5) - 17068)/8 \\
 &= 3508.5 \text{ lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Required Area for Each Bolt, Based on Max Load	0.1403	sq.in.
Area Available in a Single Bolt (Corr)	2.3000	sq.in.
Area Available in all the Bolts (Corr)	18.4000	sq.in.
Bolt Stress Based on Simplified Analysis	1525.4	psi
Allowable Bolt Stress 25000.0 [Fact]	25000.00	psi

Concrete Contact Area of Base Ring	CCA	730.42	sq.in.
Concrete Contact Section Modulus of Base Ring		7755.40	in. ³

Concrete Load (Simplified method), Wind in Operating Condition [Sc]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= ((pp1/100*(Abt*Sa)+W)/Cca) + M/CZ \quad \text{per Jawad \& Farr Eq. 12.1} \\
 &= (1 (18.4 * 25000 + 17068) / 730.4) + 535992/7755 \\
 &= 722.25 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Concrete Allowable Stress	1200.00	psi
---------------------------	---------	-----

Determine Maximum Bending Width of Basing Section [Rw1]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (Dou - SkirtOD)/2 \\
 &= (51.5 - 42.5)/2 \\
 &= 4.5 \text{ in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Determine Maximum Bending Width of Basing Section [Rw2]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (SkirtID - Di + 2*Sca)/2 \\
 &= (41.5 - 41.5 + 2*0)/2 \\
 &= 0 \text{ in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Calculation of required Basing Thickness, (Simplified) [Tb]:

Allowable Bending Stress 1.5 Basope = 30000.000 psi

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \max(Rw1, Rw2) * \sqrt{(3 * Sc / S)} + CA \quad \text{per Jawad \& Farr Eq. 12.12} \\
 &= \max(4.5, 0) * \sqrt{(3 * 722.3/30000)} + 0 \\
 &= 1.2094 \text{ in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Basing Stress at given Thickness [Sb]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 3 * Sc (\max[Rw1, Rw2] / (Tb - Ca))^2 \\
 &= 3 * 722.3 (\max[4.5, 0] / (1.5 - 0))^2 \\
 &= 19501, \text{ must be less than } 30000 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Required Thickness of Top Plate in Tension:

(Calculated as a fixed beam per Megyesy)

$$\begin{aligned}
 Ft &= (Sa * Abss), & \text{Bolt Allowable Stress * Area} \\
 Rm &= (Ft * 2 * Cg)/8, & \text{Bending Moment}
 \end{aligned}$$

FileName : Tower Analysis

Basing Calculations:

Step: 25 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Sb Allowable Bending Stress
 Wt = (Topwth - Bnd), Width of Section

Required Thickness of Top Plate [T]:

$$= \sqrt{6 * Rm / (Sb * Wt)} + CA$$

$$= \sqrt{6 * 25156 / (30000 * 2.5)} + 0$$

$$= 1.419 \text{ in.}$$

Top Chair Cap Plate per Moss:

P = (Sa*Abss) Bolt Allowable Stress * Area
 e = (Topwth-Bhole)/2 Distance to Edge of Hole
 Sb Allowable Bending Stress
 b = Cg Gusset Plate Dimension
 db = Bhole Bolt Hole Diameter

Top Chair Cap Plate Required Thickness [Tc]:

Allowable Bending Stress 1.5 Basope = 30000.000 psi

$$= \sqrt{P / (Sb * e) * (0.375 * b - 0.22 * db)} + CA$$

$$= \sqrt{57500 / (30000 * 0.938) * (0.375 * 3.5 - 0.22 * 2.125)} + 0$$

$$= 1.3144 \text{ in.}$$

Stress in the Top Plate at given Thickness [Stpl]:

$$= P / (0.375 * b - 0.22 * db) / e / (Tta - Ca)^2$$

$$= 57500 / (0.375 * 3.5 - 0.22 * 2.125) / 0.938 / (1.75 - 0)^2$$

$$= 16923 \text{ psi, must be less than } 30000 \text{ psi}$$

Required Thickness of Gusset in Compression, per AISC E2-1:

1. Allowed Compression at Given Thickness:

Factor K1/r Per E2-1	41.5685	
Factor Cc Per E2-1	122.4916	
Allowable Buckling Str. per E2-1	20017.37	psi
Actual Buckling Str. at Given Thickness	8518.52	psi

Required Gusset/Support Plate thickness, + CA	0.3977	in.
---	--------	-----

2. Allowed Compression at Calculated Thickness:

Factor K1/r Per E2-1	78.3862	
Factor Cc Per E2-1	122.4916	
Allowable Buckling Str. per E2-1	16126.55	psi
Act. Buckling Str. at Calculated Thickness	16063.46	psi

Summary of Basing Thickness Calculations:

Required Basing Thickness (simplified)	1.2094	in.
Actual Basing Thickness	1.5000	in.
Required Top Ring/Plate Thickness as a Fixed Beam	1.4186	in.
Required Thickness of Chair Cap per Moss/AISI	1.3144	in.
Actual Top Plate/Ring Thickness	1.7500	in.
Required Gusset/Support Plate thickness, + CA	0.3977	in.
Actual Gusset/Support Plate Thickness	0.7500	in.

Local Stress at the Top Plate per AISI, including axial Stress [S]:

$$= Wmax * e / t^2 [1.32 * Z / (1.43 * Cmwth * (Hg + Tta)^2 / (R * Tskirt) + (4 * Cmwth) * (Hg + Tta)^2)^{.333} + 0.031 / \sqrt{R * Tskirt}]$$

$$= 3508 * 2.5 / 0.5^2 [1.32 * 0.161 / (1.43 * 7 * (9.75)^2 / (20.75 * 0.5) + (4 * 7 * (9 + 0.75)^2)^{.333} + 0.031 / \sqrt{20.75 * 0.5}]$$

$$= 396.9 \text{ psi}$$

Where [Z]:

FileName : Tower Analysis

Basing Calculations:

Step: 25 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 1/[(0.177*Wgp*Tba/sqrt(R*t))*(Tba/t)^2 + 1] \\
 &= 1/[(0.177*7*1.5/sqrt(20.75*0.5))*(1.5/0.5)^2+1] \\
 &= 0.161
 \end{aligned}$$

Where [e]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (Dc - Ds) / 2 \\
 &= (47.5 - 42.5) / 2 \\
 &= 2.500 \text{ in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Local Stress in the Skirt due to the Gussets	396	psi
Weight plus Bending Stress in the Skirt (Highest)	1052	psi
Comb. loc. + bending stress Worst Load Case	1449	psi
Allowed membrane+bending stress(1.5* Skirt All.)	30000	psi

Weld Size Calculations per Steel Plate Engineering Data - Vol. 2

Compute the Weld load at the Skirt/Base Junction [W]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{SkirtStress} * (\text{SkirtThickness} - CA) \\
 &= 1052 * (0.5 - 0) \\
 &= 526.1 \text{ lb./in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Results for Computed Minimum Basing Weld Size [BWeld]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= W / [(0.4 * \text{Yield}) * 2 * 0.707] \\
 &= 526.1 / [(0.4 * 34800) * 2 * 0.707] \\
 &= 0.0267 \text{ in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Results for Computed Minimum Gusset and Top Plate to Skirt Weld Size

Vertical Plate Load [Wv]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Bolt Load} / (\text{Cmwth} + 2 * (Hg + Tta)) \\
 &= 57500 / (5 + 2 * (9 + 1.75)) \\
 &= 2170 \text{ lb./in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Horizontal Plate Load [Wh]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Bolt Load} * e / (\text{Cmwth} * (Hg+Tta) + 0.6667 * (Hg+Tta)^2) \\
 &= 57500 * 2.5 / (5 * (10.75) + 0.6667 * (10.75)^2) \\
 &= 1099 \text{ lb./in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Resultant Weld Load [Wr]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{sqrt}(Wv^2 + Wh^2) \\
 &= \text{sqrt}(2170^2 + 1099^2) \\
 &= 2432 \text{ lb./in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Results for Computed Min Gusset and Top Plate to Skirt Weld Size [GsWeld]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= Wr / [(0.4 * \text{Yield}) * 2 * 0.707] \\
 &= 2432 / [(0.4 * 34800) * 2 * 0.707] \\
 &= 0.124 \text{ in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Results for Computed Minimum Gusset to Top Plate Weld Size

Weld Load [Wv]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Bolt Load} / (2 * \text{Topwth}) \\
 &= 57500 / (2 * 4.5) \\
 &= 6389 \text{ lb./in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Weld Load [Wh]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Bolt Load} * e / (2 * Hgt * \text{Topwth}) \\
 &= 57500 * 2.5 / (2 * 10.75 * 4.5) \\
 &= 1486 \text{ lb./in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Resultant Weld Load [Wr]:

$$= \text{sqrt}(Wv^2 + Wh^2)$$

FileName : Tower Analysis

Basing Calculations: Step: 25 9:37pm Jun 10, 2025

$$= \sqrt{6389^2 + 1486^2}$$
$$= 6559 \text{ lb./in.}$$

Results for Computed Min Gusset to Top Plate Weld Size [GtpWeld]:

$$\begin{aligned} &= W_r / [(0.4 * \text{Yield}) * 2 * 0.707] \\ &= 6559 / [(0.4 * 34800) * 2 * 0.707] \\ &= 0.333 \text{ in.} \end{aligned}$$

Note: The calculated weld sizes need not exceed the component thickness framing into the weld. At the same time, the weld must meet a minimum size specification which is 3/16 in. (4.76 mm) or 1/4 in. (6.35 mm), depending on the component thickness.

Summary of Required Weld Sizes:

Required Basing to Skirt Double Fillet Weld Size	0.1875	in.
Required Gusset to Skirt Double Fillet Weld Size	0.2500	in.
Required Top Plate to Skirt Weld Size	0.3333	in.
Required Gusset to Top Plate Double Fillet Weld Size	0.3333	in.

Review notes about nozzle loadings and supports in the Warnings report.

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

Conical Reinforcement Calculations, ASME VIII Div. 1, App. 1

Input Values:

Cone

Design Internal Pressure, Small End	100.000	psig
Design Internal Pressure, Large End	100.000	psig
Temperature for Internal Pressure	200.0	F
Design External Pressure	15.000	psig
Temperature for External Pressure	200.0	F

CONE Properties:

Cone Material		SA-516 70
Cone Allowable Stress at Temperature	Ss	20000.00 psi
Cone Allowable Stress At Ambient		20000.00 psi
Longitudinal Joint Efficiency of Cone		0.85
Circumferential Joint Efficiency of Cone		0.70
Actual Thickness of Cone	Tc	0.7500 in.
Corrosion Allowance for Cone	Cac	0.1250 in.
Diameter Basis for Cone and Cylinders		ID
Diameter of Small End of Cone	Ds	28.000 in.
Diameter of Large End of Cone	Dl	40.000 in.
Half Apex Angle for Cone		14.04 degrees
Axial Length of Cone	Lc	24.000 in.

SMALL-END Properties:

Attached Small End Material Specification		SA-516 70
Operating Allowable Stress	Ss	20000.00 psi
Ambient Allowable Stress		20000.00 psi
Joint Efficiency	Es	0.8500
Actual Thickness	Ts	0.7500 in.
Corrosion Allowance	Cas	0.1250 in.
Axial Length of Attached Element	Ls	124.333 in.

LARGE-END Properties:

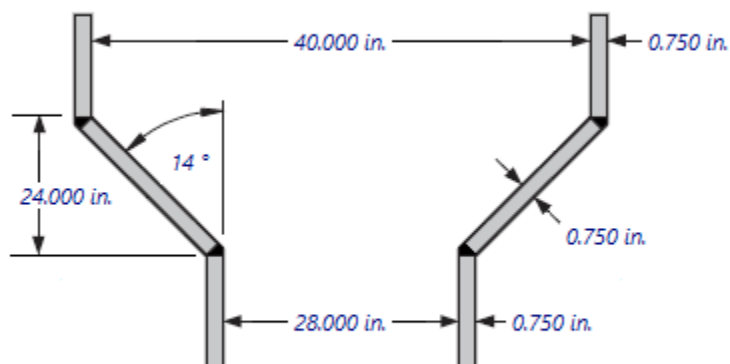
Attached Large End Material Specification		SA-516 70
Operating Allowable Stress	Sl	20000.00 psi
Ambient Allowable Stress		20000.00 psi
Joint Efficiency	El	0.8500
Actual Thickness	Tl	0.7500 in.
Corrosion Allowance	Cal	0.1250 in.
Axial Length of Attached Element	Ll	2.400 in.

Type of Reinforcement at Large End of Cone: None

Type of Reinforcement at Small End of Cone: None

Force Arl & Ars calculation, cone -> flange No

Force Arl & Ars calculation, cone -> cylinder No



Cone Geometry

Calculated Values:

Elastic Modulus Data from ASME Section II Part D at 200 F

Elastic Modulus of Cone Material	0.288E+08 psi at 200 F
Elastic Modulus of Small Cylinder Material	0.288E+08 psi at 200 F
Elastic Modulus of Large Cylinder Material	0.288E+08 psi at 200 F
Elastic Modulus of Large End Reinforcement	0.288E+08 psi at 200 F
Elastic Modulus of Small End Reinforcement	0.288E+08 psi at 200 F

Elastic Modulus Data from ASME Section II Part D at 200 F

Elastic Modulus of Cone Material	0.288E+08 psi at 200 F
Elastic Modulus of Small Cylinder Material	0.288E+08 psi at 200 F
Elastic Modulus of Large Cylinder Material	0.288E+08 psi at 200 F
Elastic Modulus of Large End Reinforcement	0.288E+08 psi at 200 F
Elastic Modulus of Small End Reinforcement	0.288E+08 psi at 200 F

Forces and Moments on the ends of the Cone:

Axial Force on Small End of Cone	2970.29 lb.
Axial Force on Large End of Cone	3658.62 lb.
Moment on Small End of Cone	2129.74 ft.lb.
Moment on Large End of Cone	2992.06 ft.lb.

The moments above are computed from the Wind & Seismic loads as well as any user defined moments and include effects due to eccentric masses. The vertical forces include the weight of the elements and details above and below the cone as well as any user defined vertical forces. Vertical forces also include loads cause from vertical accelerations due to earthquake loading.

Note: Both ends of the Cone are Lines of Support

Maximum Centroid Reinforcement Distance Large End	0.9003 in.
Maximum Centroid Reinforcement Distance Small End	0.7591 in.

Note: No ring was found close enough to the large end to be considered.

Note: No ring was found close enough to the small end to be considered.

Reinforcement Calculations for Cone / Large Cylinder:

Required Area of Reinforcement for Large End Under Internal Pressure

Large end ratio of pressure to allowable stress [P/Ss E1]: 0.00588

Large End Maximum half apex angle w/o reinforcement [delta]:
 = $326.6 * \sqrt{P / (Ss * E1)}$ per 1-5 equation 1
 = $326.6 * \sqrt{100 / (20000 * 0.85)}$
 = 25.049 degrees

Large end actual half apex angle [alpha]: 14.036 degrees

Because delta is greater than alpha, reinforcement calculations are not required for the large end under internal pressure.

Required Area of Reinforcement for Large End Under External Pressure

Large end ratio of pressure to allowable stress [P/Ss E1]: 0.00088

Large End Maximum half apex angle w/o reinforcement [delta]:
 = $104 * \sqrt{P / (Ss * E1)}$ per 1-8 equation 1
 = $104 * \sqrt{15 / (20000 * 0.85)}$
 = 3.089 degrees

Large end actual half apex angle [alpha]: 14.036 degrees

Intermediate Value [k]:
 = $\max(Y / (Srl * Erl), 1)$
 = $\max(576.00E+09 / (20000 * 28800000), 1)$
 = 1.0000

where [Y] is:

= Large End All. Stress * Large End Elastic Modulus (Ext. temp.)
 = $20000 * 28800000$
 = $575999967232.0 \text{ (psi)}^2$

Allowable Stress of Large End Material (Ext. Temp) 20000.0 psi
 Allowable Stress of Cone Material (Ext. Temp) 20000.0 psi

Required Area of Reinforcement, Large End, External [Ar]:
 = $(k * QL * R1 * \tan(\text{angle}) / (Ss * E1)) * (1 - 1/4 * ((P * R1 - QL) / QL) * (\text{delta} / \alpha))$
 = $(1 * 211.7 * 20.75 * 0.25 / (20000 * 0.85)) * (1 - 1/4 * ((15 * 20.75 - 211.7) / 211.7) * (3.089 / 14.04))$
 = 0.0629 sq.in.

Force per Length, Cone Large End External Pressure, compressive side [QL-]:
 = $P_{ext}(R1/2) + f1$
 = $15 (20.75/2) + 56.11$
 = 211.733 lb./in.

Axial Load per Unit Circumference excluding Pressure [f1]:
 = $F_{axial} / (\pi(D1 + T1)) + \text{Moment} / (\pi(R1 - T1/2)^2)$
 = $+3659 / (\pi(41.5 - 0.75)) + 35905 / (\pi(20.75 - 0.75/2)^2)$
 = 56.1 lb./in.

Force per Length, Cone Large End External Pressure, tensile side [QL+]:
 = $P_{ext}(R1/2) + f1$
 = $15 (20.75/2) + 1.049$
 = 156.674 lb./in.

Axial Load per Unit Circumference excluding Pressure [f1]:
 = $F_{axial} / (\pi(D1 + T1)) - \text{Moment} / (\pi(R1 - T1/2)^2)$
 = $+3659 / (\pi(41.5 - 0.75)) - 35905 / (\pi(20.75 - 0.75/2)^2)$
 = 1.0 lb./in.

FileName : Tower Analysis

Conical Section: Cone

Cone: 5 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Available Area of Reinforcement, Large End, External [Ael]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 0.55[\text{sqrt}(Dl * ts)(ts - t) + \text{sqrt}(Dl * tc / \cos(\alpha))(tc - tr)) \text{ per 1-8 eqn. 3} \\
 &= 0.55[\text{sqrt}(41.5 * 0.625)(0.625 - 0.0397) + \\
 &\quad \text{sqrt}(41.5 * 0.625/0.97)(0.625 - 0.103)] \\
 &= 3.1248 \text{ sq.in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Summary of Reinforcement Area, Large End, External Pressure:

Area of reinforcement required per App. 1-8(1)	0.0629	sq.in.
Area of reinforcement in shell per App. 1-8(2)	3.1248	sq.in.
Area of reinforcement in stiffening ring	0.0000	sq.in.

Intermediate Results, Large End, External Pressure:

Calculate Cylinder Decay Length:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 2 * \text{sqrt}(RL * ts) \\
 &= 2 * \text{sqrt}(20.75 * 0.625) \\
 &= 7.2024 \text{ in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Note: LL is zero since large cylinder length is less than the decay length

Area Available in Cone, Shell, and Reinforcement [AT]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= LL * ts/2 + Lc * tc/2 + As \\
 &= 0 * 0.625/2 + 24.74 * 0.625/2 + 0 \\
 &= 7.731 \text{ sq.in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Determine the Meridian Length [M]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= -RL * \tan(\alpha)/2 + LL/2 + (RL^2 - RS^2)/(3 * RL * \tan(\alpha)) \\
 &= -20.75 * \tan(14.04)/2 + 0/2 + (20.75^2 - 14.75^2)/(3 * 20.75 * \tan(14.04)) \\
 &= 11.093 \text{ in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Force per Unit Length on the Cone/Shell Junction [FL]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= P * M + \tan(\alpha)(\text{Force}/(\pi * D) + \text{Moment}/(\pi * \text{Radius}^2)) \\
 &= 15 * 11.09 + \tan(14.04)(3659/(\pi * 41.5) + 35905/(\pi * 20.75^2)) \\
 &= 180.046 \text{ lb./in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Actual Buckling Stress associated with force FL, [B]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 0.75(FL * DL / ATL) \\
 &= 0.75(180 * 41.5/7.731) \\
 &= 724.883 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Material Strain associated with this stress [A]: 0.000050

Required Moment of Inertia, Large End, External Pressure [I's]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= A * D1^2 * At1 / 10.9 \\
 &= 0.50339E-04 * 41.5 * 41.5 * 7.731/10.9 \\
 &= 0.06 \text{ in.}^4
 \end{aligned}$$

Available Moment of Inertia, Large End, External Pressure:

	Area	Centroid	Ar*Ce	Dist	I	Ar*Di ²
Shl	1.500	0.0000	0.000	-0.1912	0.049	0.055
Con	1.805	-0.3501	-0.632	0.1589	0.136	0.046
Sec	0.000	0.3125	0.000	-0.5037	0.000	0.000
TOT	3.305		-0.632		0.185	0.100

Centroid of Section			-0.1912	Moment of Inertia		0.29

Summary of Large End Inertia Calculations

Available Moment of Inertia (Large End)	0.285	in**4
Required Moment of Inertia (Large End)	0.061	in**4

Reinforcement Calculations for Cone / Small Cylinder:

Required Area of Reinforcement for Small End under Internal Pressure

Small end ratio of pressure to allowable stress [P/Ss E1]: 0.00588

Small End Maximum half apex angle w/o reinforcement [delta]:
 = $89 * \sqrt{P / (Ss * E1)}$ per 1-5 equation 6
 = $89 * \sqrt{100 / (20000 * 0.85)}$
 = 6.826 degrees

Small end actual half apex angle [alpha]: 14.036 degrees

Intermediate Value [k]:
 = $\max(Y / (Sr * Ers), 1)$
 = $\max(576.00E+09 / (20000 * 28800000), 1)$
 = 1.0000

where [Y] is:

= Small End All. Stress * Small End Elastic Modulus (Int. temp.)
 = $20000 * 28800000$
 = $575999967232.0 \text{ (psi)}^2$

Decay Length, Cone Small End:
 = $1.4 * \sqrt{Rs (ts - ca)}$
 = $1.4 * \sqrt{14.12 (0.75 - 0.125)}$
 = 4.160 in.

Required Area of Reinforcement, Small End, Internal [Ars]:
 = $k * QS * Rs / (Ss * E1) * (1 - \delta / \alpha) * \tan(\alpha)$ per 1-5 equation 7
 = $1 * 712.1 * 14.12 / (20000 * 0.85) * (1 - 6.826 / 14.04) * 0.25$
 = 0.076 sq.in.

Force per Length, Cone Small End, tensile side [QS+]:
 = $P (Rs / 2) + f2$
 = $100 (14.12 / 2) + 5.806$
 = 712.056 lb./in.

Axial Load per Unit Circumference excluding Pressure [f2]:
 = $F_{axial} / (\pi (Ds + Ts)) + \text{Moment} / (\pi (Rs + Ts / 2)^2)$
 = $-2970 / (\pi (28.25 + 0.75)) + 25557 / (\pi (14.12 + 0.75 / 2)^2)$
 = 5.8 lb./in.

Force per Length, Cone Small End, compressive side [QS-]:
 = $P (Rs / 2) + f2$
 = $100 (14.12 / 2) + -71.58$
 = 634.672 lb./in.

Axial Load per Unit Circumference excluding Pressure [f2]:
 = $F_{axial} / (\pi (Ds + Ts)) - \text{Moment} / (\pi (Rs + Ts / 2)^2)$
 = $-2970 / (\pi (28.25 + 0.75)) - 25557 / (\pi (14.12 + 0.75 / 2)^2)$
 = -71.6 lb./in.

Area of Reinforcement Available in Small End Shell [Aes]:
 = $0.78 [\sqrt{Rs * ts} * (ts - t) + \sqrt{Rs * tc / \cos(\alpha)} * (tc - tr)]$ per 1-5 eqn. 8
 = $0.78 [\sqrt{14.12 * 0.625} * (0.625 - 0.0834) + \sqrt{14.12 * 0.625 / 0.97} * (0.625 - 0.0859)]$
 = 2.5236 sq.in.

Summary of Reinforcement Area, Small End, Internal Pressure:

Area of reinforcement required per App. 1-5(7)	0.0760	sq.in.
Area of reinforcement in shell per App. 1-5(8)	2.5236	sq.in.
Area of reinforcement in stiffening ring	0.0000	sq.in.

Required Area of Reinforcement for Small End Under External Pressure

Allowable Stress of Small End Material (Ext. Temp) 20000.0 psi
 Allowable Stress of Cone Material (Ext. Temp) 20000.0 psi

Intermediate Value [k]:

$$= \max(Y / (Srs * Ers), 1)$$

$$= \max(576.00E+09 / (20000 * 28800000), 1)$$

$$= 1.0000$$

where [Y] is:

$$= \text{Small End All. Stress} * \text{Small End Elastic Modulus (Ext. temp.)}$$

$$= 20000 * 28800000$$

$$= 575999967232.0 \text{ (psi)}^2$$

Area of Reinforcement Required in Small End Shell [Ars]:

$$= k * QS * Rs * \tan(\alpha) / (Ss * E1)$$

$$= (1 * 182.9 * 14.75 * 0.25 / (20000 * 0.85))$$

$$= 0.0397 \text{ sq.in.}$$

Force per Length, Cone Small End External Pressure, compressive side [QS-]:

$$= \text{Pext}(Rs/2) + f2$$

$$= 15 (14.75/2) + 72.25$$

$$= 182.879 \text{ lb./in.}$$

Axial Load per Unit Circumference excluding Pressure [f2]:

$$= \text{Faxial} / (\pi (Ds + Ts)) + \text{Moment} / (\pi (Rs - Ts/2)^2)$$

$$= +2970 / (\pi (29.5 - 0.75)) + 25557 / (\pi (14.75 - 0.75/2)^2)$$

$$= 72.3 \text{ lb./in.}$$

Force per Length, Cone Small End External Pressure, tensile side [QS+]:

$$= \text{Pext}(Rs/2) + f2$$

$$= 15 (14.75/2) + -6.482$$

$$= 104.143 \text{ lb./in.}$$

Axial Load per Unit Circumference excluding Pressure [f2]:

$$= \text{Faxial} / (\pi (Ds + Ts)) - \text{Moment} / (\pi (Rs - Ts/2)^2)$$

$$= +2970 / (\pi (29.5 - 0.75)) - 25557 / (\pi (14.75 - 0.75/2)^2)$$

$$= -6.5 \text{ lb./in.}$$

Area of Reinforcement Available in Small End Shell [Aes]:

$$= 0.55 [\sqrt{Ds * ts} (ts - t) + \sqrt{Ds * tc / \cos(\alpha)} (tc - tr)]$$

$$= 0.55 [\sqrt{29.5 * 0.625} (0.625 - 0.169) +$$

$$\sqrt{29.5 * 0.625 / 0.97} (0.625 - 0.0841)]$$

$$= 2.3731 \text{ sq.in.}$$

Summary of Reinforcement Area, Small End, External Pressure:

Area of reinforcement required per App. 1-8(6)	0.0397	sq.in.
Area of reinforcement in shell per App. 1-8(7)	2.3731	sq.in.
Area of reinforcement in stiffening ring	0.0000	sq.in.

Intermediate Results, Small End, External Pressure:

Area Available in Cone, Shell, and Reinforcement	46.58	sq.in.
Force per Unit Length on Shell / Cone Junction	1121.92	lb./in.
Actual Buckling Stress associated with this Force	532.84	psi
Material Strain associated with this stress	0.000037	

Required Moment of Inertia, Small End, External Pressure [I's]:

$$= A * Ds^2 * Ats / 10.9$$

$$= 0.37003E-04 * 29.5 * 29.5 * 46.58 / 10.9$$

$$= 0.14 \text{ in.}^4$$

Available Moment of Inertia, Small End, External Pressure:

FileName : Tower Analysis

Conical Section: Cone

Cone: 5 9:37pm Jun 10, 2025

	Area	Centroid	Ar*Ce	Dist	I	Ar*Di ²
Shl	1.476	0.0000	0.000	0.1498	0.048	0.033
Con	1.521	0.2952	0.449	-0.1454	0.097	0.032
Sec	0.000	0.3125	0.000	-0.1627	0.000	0.000
TOT	2.997		0.449		0.145	0.065

Centroid of Section			0.1498	Moment of Inertia		0.21

Summary of Small End Inertia Calculations

Available Moment of Inertia (Small End)	0.210 in**4
Required Moment of Inertia (Small End)	0.138 in**4



Because the 1/2 apex angle is less than 30 degrees, the following discontinuity stress evaluation results are for information only.

The following calculations are only required per 1-5(g) and do include external loads due to wind or seismic. These discontinuity stresses are computed at the shell/cone junction and do not include effects of local stiffening from a junction ring.

Results for Discontinuity Stresses per Bednar p. 236 2nd Edition:

Stress Type	Stress	Allowable	Location

Tensile Stress	2786.69	69600.00	Small Cyl. Long.
Compres. Stress	-456.58	-69600.00	Small Cyl. Long.
Membrane Stress	3202.61	30000.00	Small End Tang.
Tensile Stress	2822.54	69600.00	Cone Longitudinal
Compres. Stress	-420.72	-69600.00	Cone Longitudinal
Tensile Stress	3273.70	30000.00	Cone Tangential
Tensile Stress	4337.85	69600.00	Large Cyl. Long.
Compres. Stress	-1071.46	-69600.00	Large Cyl. Long.
Membrane Stress	1861.07	-30000.00	Large End Tang.
Tensile Stress	4388.11	69600.00	Cone Longitudinal
Compres. Stress	-1021.20	-69600.00	Cone Longitudinal
Compres Stress	1961.71	-30000.00	Cone Tangential

An asterisk (*) denotes that this stress was not applicable for this combination of loads.

Maximum Allowable Pressure Calculations for Cone to Shell Junction:

Pressure Case	Pressure psig	Reason for Failure at this Pressure

MAWP	503.090	Thickness due to internal pressure, Cone Large End
MAPnc	605.290	Thickness due to internal pressure, Cone Large End

These pressures were determined by iteration.

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

FileName : Tower Analysis

Nozzle Calcs.: Drain

Nozl: 11 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Input, Nozzle Desc: Drain**From: 20**

Pressure for Reinforcement Calculations	P	100.000	psig
Temperature for Internal Pressure	Temp	200	F
Design External Pressure	Pext	15.00	psig
Temperature for External Pressure	Tempex	200	F

Parent Material		SA-516 70	
Parent Allowable Stress at Temperature	Sv	20000.00	psi
Parent Allowable Stress At Ambient	Sva	20000.00	psi

Inside Diameter of Elliptical Head	D	40.0000	in.
Aspect Ratio of Elliptical Head	Ar	2.00	
Head Finished (Minimum) Thickness	t	0.2500	in.
Head Internal Corrosion Allowance	c	0.1250	in.
Head External Corrosion Allowance	co	0.0000	in.

Distance from Head Centerline	L1	0.0000	in.
-------------------------------	----	--------	-----

User Entered Minimum Design Metal Temperature		-20.00	F
---	--	--------	---

Type of Element Connected to the Parent : Nozzle

Material		SA-106 B	
Material UNS Number		K03006	
Material Specification/Type		Smls. pipe	
Allowable Stress at Temperature	Sn	17100.00	psi
Allowable Stress At Ambient	Sna	17100.00	psi

Diameter Basis (for tr calc only)		Inside	
Layout Angle		0.00	deg
Diameter		3.0000	in.

Size and Thickness Basis		Nominal	
Nominal Thickness		80	

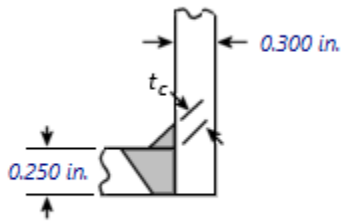
Flange Material		SA-105	
Flange Type		Weld Neck Flange	

Corrosion Allowance	can	0.1250	in.
Joint Efficiency of Shell Seam at Nozzle	E1	1.00	
Joint Efficiency of Nozzle Neck	En	1.00	

Outside Projection	ho	6.0000	in.
Weld leg size between Nozzle and Pad/Shell	Wo	0.3750	in.
Groove weld depth between Nozzle and Vessel	Wgnv	0.2500	in.
Inside Projection	h	0.0000	in.
Weld leg size, Inside Element to Shell	Wi	0.0000	in.
ASME Code Weld Type		UW-16.1(C)	

Flange Class		150	
Flange Grade		GR 1.1	

The Pressure Design option was Design Pressure + static head.



UW-16 (c)

Reinforcement CALCULATION, Description: Drain

ASME Code, Section VIII, Div. 1, UG-37 to UG-45

Actual Inside Diameter Used in Calculation 2.900 in.
 Actual Thickness Used in Calculation 0.300 in.

Nozzle input data check completed without errors.

Reqd thk per UG-37(a) of Elliptical Head, tr [Int. Press]
 $= P \cdot D \cdot K_1 / (2 \cdot S_v \cdot E - 0.2 \cdot P)$ per Appendix 1-4(c)
 $= 100 \cdot 40.25 \cdot 0.9 / (2 \cdot 20000 \cdot 1 - 0.2 \cdot 100)$
 $= 0.0906$ in.

Reqd thk per UG-37(a) of Nozzle Wall, trn [Int. Press]
 $= P \cdot R / (S_n \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P)$ per UG-27 (c)(1)
 $= 100 \cdot 1.575 / (17100 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 100)$
 $= 0.0092$ in.

Required Nozzle thickness under External Pressure per UG-28 : 0.0140 in.

UG-40, Limits of Reinforcement: [Internal Pressure]

Parallel to Vessel Wall (Diameter Limit)	D1	6.3000 in.
Parallel to Vessel Wall, opening length	d	3.1500 in.
Normal to Vessel Wall (Thickness Limit), no pad	Tlnp	0.3125 in.

Taking a UG-36(c)(3)(a) exemption for nozzle: Drain.

This calculation is valid for nozzles that meet all the requirements of paragraph UG-36. Please check the Code carefully, especially for nozzles that are not isolated or do not meet Code spacing requirements. To force the computation of areas for small nozzles go to Tools->Configuration and check the box to force the UG-37 small nozzle area calculation.

UG-45 Minimum Nozzle Neck Thickness Requirement: [Int. Press.]

Wall Thickness for Internal/External pressures	ta	= 0.1390 in.
Wall Thickness per UG16(b),	tr16b	= 0.2188 in.
Wall Thickness, shell/head, internal pressure	trb1	= 0.2257 in.
Wall Thickness	tb1 = max(trb1, tr16b)	= 0.2257 in.
Wall Thickness, shell/head, external pressure	trb2	= 0.1401 in.
Wall Thickness	tb2 = max(trb2, tr16b)	= 0.2188 in.
Wall Thickness per table UG-45	tb3	= 0.3140 in.

Determine Nozzle Thickness candidate [tb]:

$= \min[tb3, \max(tb1, tb2)]$
 $= \min[0.314, \max(0.226, 0.219)]$
 $= 0.2257$ in.

Minimum Wall Thickness of Nozzle Necks [tUG-45]:

FileName : Tower Analysis

Nozzle Calcs.: Drain

Noz1: 11 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

$= \max(ta, tb)$
 $= \max(0.139, 0.226)$
 $= 0.2257 \text{ in.}$

Available Nozzle Neck Thickness = $0.875 * 0.300 = 0.263 \text{ in.} \rightarrow \text{OK}$ **Nozzle Junction Minimum Design Metal Temperature (MDMT) Calculations:****Nozzle Neck to Flange Weld, Curve: B**

Govrn. thk, $tg = 0.263$, $tr = 0.00924$, $c = 0.125 \text{ in.}$, $E* = 1$
 Thickness Ratio = $tr * E*/(tg - c) = 0.0672$, Temp. Reduction = 140 F

Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UCS-66, Curve B	-20 F
Min Metal Temp. at Required thickness (UCS 66.1)	-155 F

Nozzle-Shell/Head Weld (UCS-66(a)1(b)), Curve: B

Govrn. thk, $tg = 0.25$, $tr = 0.0906$, $c = 0.125 \text{ in.}$, $E* = 1$
 Thickness Ratio = $tr * E*/(tg - c) = 0.725$, Temp. Reduction = 28 F

Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UCS-66, Curve B	-20 F
Min Metal Temp. at Required thickness (UCS 66.1)	-48 F

Gov. MDMT of the nozzle to shell joint welded assembly : -48 F

Flange MDMT including Temperature reduction per UCS-66.1:

Unadjusted MDMT of ASME B16.5/47 flanges per UCS-66(c)	0 F
Flange MDMT with Temp reduction per UCS-66(b)(1)(-b)	-55 F

Where the Stress Reduction Ratio per UCS-66(b)(1)(-b) is :
 Design Pressure/Ambient Rating = $100.00/285.00 = 0.351$

Weld Size Calculations, Description: Drain

Intermediate Calc. for nozzle/shell Welds Tmin 0.1250 in.

Results Per UW-16.1:

	Required Thickness	Actual Thickness
Nozzle Weld	$0.0875 = 0.7 * t_{min.}$	$0.2651 = 0.7 * W_o \text{ in.}$

The Drop for this Nozzle is : 0.0423 in.

The Cut Length for this Nozzle is, Drop + Ho + H + T : 6.2923 in.

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

FileName : Tower Analysis

Nozzle Calcs.: Manway

Nozl: 12 9:37pm Jun 10, 2025

Input, Nozzle Desc: Manway**From: 30**

Pressure for Reinforcement Calculations	P	100.000	psig
Temperature for Internal Pressure	Temp	200	F
Design External Pressure	Pext	15.00	psig
Temperature for External Pressure	Tempex	200	F

Parent Material		SA-516 70	
Parent Allowable Stress at Temperature	Sv	20000.00	psi
Parent Allowable Stress At Ambient	Sva	20000.00	psi

Inside Diameter of Cylindrical Shell	D	40.0000	in.
Design Length of Section	L	350.9333	in.
Shell Finished (Minimum) Thickness	t	0.7500	in.
Shell Internal Corrosion Allowance	c	0.1250	in.
Shell External Corrosion Allowance	co	0.0000	in.

Distance from Bottom/Left Tangent		3.17	ft.
-----------------------------------	--	------	-----

User Entered Minimum Design Metal Temperature		-20.00	F
---	--	--------	---

Type of Element Connected to the Parent : Nozzle

Material		SA-106 B	
Material UNS Number		K03006	
Material Specification/Type		Smls. pipe	
Allowable Stress at Temperature	Sn	17100.00	psi
Allowable Stress At Ambient	Sna	17100.00	psi

Diameter Basis (for tr calc only)		Inside	
Layout Angle		0.00	deg
Diameter		16.0000	in.

Size and Thickness Basis		Nominal	
Nominal Thickness		40	

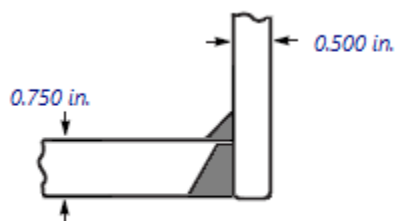
Flange Material		SA-105	
Flange Type		Weld Neck Flange	

Corrosion Allowance	can	0.1250	in.
Joint Efficiency of Shell Seam at Nozzle	E1	1.00	
Joint Efficiency of Nozzle Neck	En	1.00	

Outside Projection	ho	6.0000	in.
Weld leg size between Nozzle and Pad/Shell	Wo	0.3750	in.
Groove weld depth between Nozzle and Vessel	Wgnv	0.7500	in.
Inside Projection	h	0.0000	in.
Weld leg size, Inside Element to Shell	Wi	0.0000	in.

Flange Class		150	
Flange Grade		GR 1.1	

The Pressure Design option was Design Pressure + static head.

**Reinforcement CALCULATION, Description: Manway**

ASME Code, Section VIII, Div. 1, UG-37 to UG-45

Actual Inside Diameter Used in Calculation 15.000 in.
 Actual Thickness Used in Calculation 0.500 in.

Nozzle input data check completed without errors.

Reqd thk per UG-37(a) of Cylindrical Shell, tr [Int. Press]

$$= P \cdot R / (S_v \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P) \text{ per UG-27 (c)(1)}$$

$$= 100 \cdot 20.12 / (20000 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 100)$$

$$= 0.1009 \text{ in.}$$

Reqd thk per UG-37(a) of Nozzle Wall, trn [Int. Press]

$$= P \cdot R / (S_n \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P) \text{ per UG-27 (c)(1)}$$

$$= 100 \cdot 7.625 / (17100 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 100)$$

$$= 0.0447 \text{ in.}$$

Required Nozzle thickness under External Pressure per UG-28 : 0.0342 in.

UG-40, Limits of Reinforcement: [Internal Pressure]

Parallel to Vessel Wall (Diameter Limit)	D1	30.5000 in.
Parallel to Vessel Wall, opening length	d	15.2500 in.
Normal to Vessel Wall (Thickness Limit), no pad	Tlnp	0.9375 in.

Weld Strength Reduction Factor [fr1]:

$$= \min(1, S_n / S_v)$$

$$= \min(1, 17100 / 20000)$$

$$= 0.855$$

Weld Strength Reduction Factor [fr2]:

$$= \min(1, S_n / S_v)$$

$$= \min(1, 17100 / 20000)$$

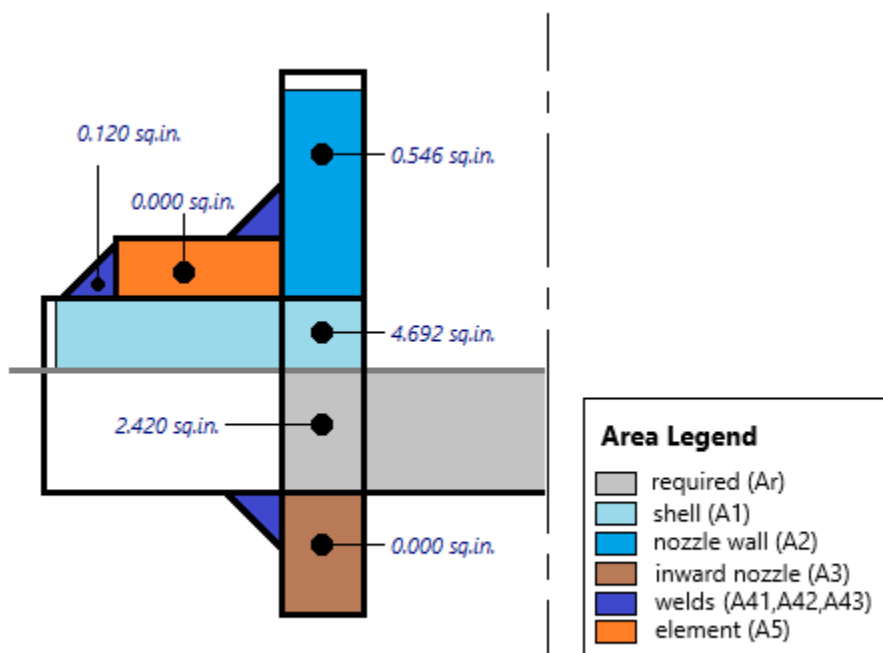
$$= 0.855$$

Weld Strength Reduction Factor [fr3]:

$$= \min(fr2, fr4)$$

$$= \min(0.855, 1)$$

$$= 0.855$$

**Figure UG 37.1 Nozzle Areas****Results of Nozzle Reinforcement Area Calculations: (sq.in.)**

AREA AVAILABLE, A1 to A5		Design	External	Mapnc
Area Required	Ar	1.550	2.420	NA
Area in Shell	A1	7.935	4.692	NA
Area in Nozzle Wall	A2	0.529	0.546	NA
Area in Inward Nozzle	A3	0.000	0.000	NA
Area in Welds	A41+A42+A43	0.120	0.120	NA
Area in Element	A5	0.000	0.000	NA
TOTAL AREA AVAILABLE	Atot	8.585	5.359	NA

The External Pressure Case Governs the Analysis.

Nozzle Angle Used in Area Calculations 90.00 degs.

The area available without a pad is Sufficient.

Area Required [A]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 0.5(d * tr * F + 2 * tn * tr * F(1 - fr1)) \text{ per UG-37(d)} \\
 &= 0.5(15.25 * 0.315 * 1 + 2 * 0.375 * 0.315 * 1(1 - 0.855)) \\
 &= 2.420 \text{ sq.in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Reinforcement Areas per Figure UG-37.1

Area Available in Shell [A1]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= d(E1 * t - F * tr) - 2 * tn(E1 * t - F * tr) * (1 - fr1) \\
 &= 15.25 (1 * 0.625 - 1 * 0.315) - 2 * 0.375 \\
 &\quad (1 * 0.625 - 1 * 0.315) * (1 - 0.855) \\
 &= 4.692 \text{ sq.in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Area Available in Nozzle Projecting Outward [A2]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (2 * tlnp)(tn - trn) fr2 \\
 &= (2 * 0.938)(0.375 - 0.0342) 0.855
 \end{aligned}$$

FileName : Tower Analysis

Nozzle Calcs.: Manway

Noz1: 12 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

$$= 0.546 \text{ sq.in.}$$

Area Available in Inward Weld + Outward Weld [A41 + A43]:

$$= W_o^2 * fr2 + (W_i - can / 0.707)^2 * fr2$$

$$= 0.375^2 * 0.855 + (0)^2 * 0.855$$

$$= 0.120 \text{ sq.in.}$$

UG-45 Minimum Nozzle Neck Thickness Requirement: [Int. Press.]Wall Thickness for Internal/External pressures $ta = 0.1697 \text{ in.}$ Wall Thickness per UG16(b), $tr16b = 0.2188 \text{ in.}$ Wall Thickness, shell/head, internal pressure $trb1 = 0.2259 \text{ in.}$ Wall Thickness $tb1 = \max(trb1, tr16b) = 0.2259 \text{ in.}$ Wall Thickness, shell/head, external pressure $trb2 = 0.1401 \text{ in.}$ Wall Thickness $tb2 = \max(trb2, tr16b) = 0.2188 \text{ in.}$ Wall Thickness per table UG-45 $tb3 = 0.4530 \text{ in.}$

Determine Nozzle Thickness candidate [tb]:

$$= \min[tb3, \max(tb1, tb2)]$$

$$= \min[0.453, \max(0.226, 0.219)]$$

$$= 0.2259 \text{ in.}$$

Minimum Wall Thickness of Nozzle Necks [tUG-45]:

$$= \max(ta, tb)$$

$$= \max(0.17, 0.226)$$

$$= 0.2259 \text{ in.}$$

Available Nozzle Neck Thickness = $0.875 * 0.500 = 0.438 \text{ in.} \rightarrow \text{OK}$ **Nozzle Junction Minimum Design Metal Temperature (MDMT) Calculations:****Nozzle Neck to Flange Weld, Curve: B**Govrn. thk, $tg = 0.438$, $tr = 0.0447$, $c = 0.125 \text{ in.}$, $E* = 1$ Thickness Ratio = $tr * E* / (tg - c) = 0.143$, Temp. Reduction = 140 F

Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UCS-66, Curve B -14 F

Min Metal Temp. at Required thickness (UCS 66.1) -155 F

Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UG-20(f) -20 F

Nozzle-Shell/Head Weld (UCS-66(a)(b)), Curve: BGovrn. thk, $tg = 0.438$, $tr = 0.0447$, $c = 0.125 \text{ in.}$, $E* = 1$ Thickness Ratio = $tr * E* / (tg - c) = 0.143$, Temp. Reduction = 140 F

Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UCS-66, Curve B -14 F

Min Metal Temp. at Required thickness (UCS 66.1) -155 F

Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UG-20(f) -20 F

Gov. MDMT of the nozzle to shell joint welded assembly : -155 F

Flange MDMT including Temperature reduction per UCS-66.1:

Unadjusted MDMT of ASME B16.5/47 flanges per UCS-66(c) 0 F

Flange MDMT with Temp reduction per UCS-66(b)(1)(-b) -55 F

Where the Stress Reduction Ratio per UCS-66(b)(1)(-b) is :

$$\text{Design Pressure/Ambient Rating} = 100.00 / 285.00 = 0.351$$

Weld Size Calculations, Description: ManwayIntermediate Calc. for nozzle/shell Welds $T_{min} = 0.3750 \text{ in.}$

Results Per UW-16.1:

 Required Thickness Actual Thickness
 Nozzle Weld 0.2500 = Min per Code 0.2651 = 0.7 * Wo in.

Weld Strength and Weld Loads per UG-41.1, Sketch (a) or (b)

Weld Load [W]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \max(0, (A-A1+2*tn*fr1*(E1*t-tr))Sv) \\
 &= \max(0, (2.42 - 4.692 + 2 * 0.375 * 0.855 * \\
 &\quad (1 * 0.625 - 0.315))20000) \\
 &= \max(0, -41474.09) \text{ lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Note: F is always set to 1.0 throughout the calculation.

Weld Load [W1]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (A2+A5+A4-(wi-Can/.707)^2*fr2)*Sv \\
 &= (0.546 + 0 + 0.12 - 0 * 0.855) * 20000 \\
 &= 13331.24 \text{ lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Weld Load [W2]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (A2 + A3 + A4 + (2 * tn * t * fr1)) * Sv \\
 &= (0.546 + 0 + 0.12 + (0.401)) * 20000 \\
 &= 21346.87 \text{ lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Weld Load [W3]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (A2+A3+A4+A5+(2*tn*t*fr1))*S \\
 &= (0.546 + 0 + 0.12 + 0 + (0.401)) * 20000 \\
 &= 21346.87 \text{ lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Strength of Connection Elements for Failure Path Analysis

Shear, Outward Nozzle Weld [Sonw]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (\pi/2) * Dlo * Wo * 0.49 * Snw \\
 &= (3.142/2.0) * 16 * 0.375 * 0.49 * 17100 \\
 &= 78970. \text{ lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Shear, Nozzle Wall [Snw]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (\pi * (Dlr + Dlo)/4) * (Thk - Can) * 0.7 * Sn \\
 &= (3.142 * 7.812) * (0.5 - 0.125) * 0.7 * 17100 \\
 &= 110170. \text{ lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Tension, Shell Groove Weld [Tngw]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (\pi/2) * Dlo * (T - cas) * 0.74 * Sng \\
 &= (3.142/2.0) * 16 * (0.75 - 0.125) * 0.74 * 20000 \\
 &= 232478. \text{ lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

See UG-41 and UW-15 for clarification of allowable stresses.

Strength of Failure Paths:

Failure Path [Path 1-1]:

$$= (SONW + SNW) = (78970 + 110170) = 189141 \text{ lb.}$$

Failure Path [Path 2-2]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (Sonw + Tpgw + Tngw + Sinw) \\
 &= (78970 + 0 + 232478 + 0) = 311448 \text{ lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Failure Path [Path 3-3]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (Sonw + Tngw + Sinw) \\
 &= (78970 + 232478 + 0) = 311448 \text{ lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Summary of Failure Path Calculations:

Path 1-1 = 189140 lb., must exceed W = 0 lb. or W1 = 13331 lb.

PV Elite 27 Licensee: Kedkep Consulting Inc

FileName : Tower Analysis -----

Nozzle Calcs.: Manway Nozl: 12 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Path 2-2 = 311448 lb., must exceed W = 0 lb. or W2 = 21346 lb.

Path 3-3 = 311448 lb., must exceed W = 0 lb. or W3 = 21346 lb.

Maximum Allowable Pressure for this Nozzle at this Location:

Converged Maximum Allowable Pressure in the Operating case: 308.2 psig

Nozzle is O.K. for the External Pressure: 15 psig

The Drop for this Nozzle is : 1.6697 in.

The Cut Length for this Nozzle is, Drop + Ho + H + T : 8.4197 in.

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

FileName : Tower Analysis

Nozzle Calcs.: Inlet

Nozl: 13 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Input, Nozzle Desc: Inlet**From: 40**

Pressure for Reinforcement Calculations	P	100.000	psig
Temperature for Internal Pressure	Temp	200	F
Design External Pressure	Pext	15.00	psig
Temperature for External Pressure	Tempex	200	F

Parent Material		SA-516 70	
Parent Allowable Stress at Temperature	Sv	20000.00	psi
Parent Allowable Stress At Ambient	Sva	20000.00	psi

Inside Diameter of Cylindrical Shell	D	40.0000	in.
Design Length of Section	L	350.9333	in.
Shell Finished (Minimum) Thickness	t	0.7500	in.
Shell Internal Corrosion Allowance	c	0.1250	in.
Shell External Corrosion Allowance	co	0.0000	in.

Distance from Bottom/Left Tangent		17.00	ft.
-----------------------------------	--	-------	-----

User Entered Minimum Design Metal Temperature		-20.00	F
---	--	--------	---

Type of Element Connected to the Parent : Nozzle

Material		SA-106 B	
Material UNS Number		K03006	
Material Specification/Type		Smls. pipe	
Allowable Stress at Temperature	Sn	17100.00	psi
Allowable Stress At Ambient	Sna	17100.00	psi

Diameter Basis (for tr calc only)		Inside	
Layout Angle		0.00	deg
Diameter		6.0000	in.

Size and Thickness Basis		Nominal	
Nominal Thickness		40	

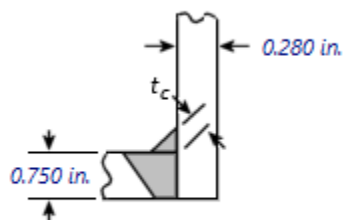
Flange Material		SA-105	
Flange Type		Weld Neck Flange	

Corrosion Allowance	can	0.1250	in.
Joint Efficiency of Shell Seam at Nozzle	E1	1.00	
Joint Efficiency of Nozzle Neck	En	1.00	

Outside Projection	ho	6.0000	in.
Weld leg size between Nozzle and Pad/Shell	Wo	0.3750	in.
Groove weld depth between Nozzle and Vessel	Wgnv	0.7500	in.
Inside Projection	h	0.0000	in.
Weld leg size, Inside Element to Shell	Wi	0.0000	in.
ASME Code Weld Type		UW-16.1(C)	

Flange Class		150	
Flange Grade		GR 1.1	

The Pressure Design option was Design Pressure + static head.



UW-16 (c)

Reinforcement CALCULATION, Description: Inlet

ASME Code, Section VIII, Div. 1, UG-37 to UG-45

Actual Inside Diameter Used in Calculation 6.065 in.
 Actual Thickness Used in Calculation 0.280 in.

Nozzle input data check completed without errors.

Reqd thk per UG-37(a) of Cylindrical Shell, tr [Int. Press]
 = $P \cdot R / (S_v \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P)$ per UG-27 (c)(1)
 = $100 \cdot 20.12 / (20000 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 100)$
 = 0.1009 in.

Reqd thk per UG-37(a) of Nozzle Wall, trn [Int. Press]
 = $P \cdot R / (S_n \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P)$ per UG-27 (c)(1)
 = $100 \cdot 3.158 / (17100 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 100)$
 = 0.0185 in.

Required Nozzle thickness under External Pressure per UG-28 : 0.0204 in.

UG-40, Limits of Reinforcement: [Internal Pressure]

Parallel to Vessel Wall (Diameter Limit)	D1	12.6300 in.
Parallel to Vessel Wall, opening length	d	6.3150 in.
Normal to Vessel Wall (Thickness Limit), no pad	Tlnp	0.3875 in.

Weld Strength Reduction Factor [fr1]:

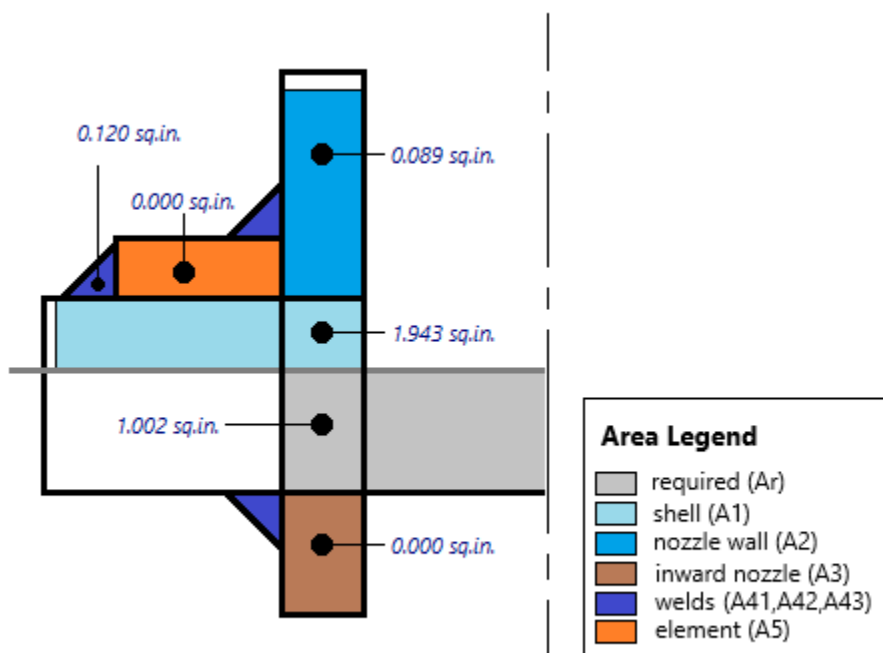
= min(1, S_n / S_v)
 = min(1, $17100 / 20000$)
 = 0.855

Weld Strength Reduction Factor [fr2]:

= min(1, S_n / S_v)
 = min(1, $17100 / 20000$)
 = 0.855

Weld Strength Reduction Factor [fr3]:

= min(fr2, fr4)
 = min(0.855, 1)
 = 0.855

**Figure UG 37.1 Nozzle Areas****Results of Nozzle Reinforcement Area Calculations: (sq.in.)**

AREA AVAILABLE, A1 to A5		Design	External	Mapnc
Area Required	Ar	0.642	1.002	NA
Area in Shell	A1	3.286	1.943	NA
Area in Nozzle Wall	A2	0.090	0.089	NA
Area in Inward Nozzle	A3	0.000	0.000	NA
Area in Welds	A41+A42+A43	0.120	0.120	NA
Area in Element	A5	0.000	0.000	NA
TOTAL AREA AVAILABLE	Atot	3.497	2.152	NA

The External Pressure Case Governs the Analysis.

Nozzle Angle Used in Area Calculations 90.00 degs.

The area available without a pad is Sufficient.

Area Required [A]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 0.5(d * tr * F + 2 * tn * tr * F(1 - fr1)) \text{ per UG-37(d)} \\
 &= 0.5(6.315 * 0.315 * 1 + 2 * 0.155 * 0.315 * 1(1 - 0.855)) \\
 &= 1.002 \text{ sq.in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Reinforcement Areas per Figure UG-37.1

Area Available in Shell [A1]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= d(E1 * t - F * tr) - 2 * tn(E1 * t - F * tr) * (1 - fr1) \\
 &= 6.315 (1 * 0.625 - 1 * 0.315) - 2 * 0.155 \\
 &\quad (1 * 0.625 - 1 * 0.315) * (1 - 0.855) \\
 &= 1.943 \text{ sq.in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Area Available in Nozzle Projecting Outward [A2]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (2 * tlnp)(tn - trn) fr2 \\
 &= (2 * 0.387)(0.155 - 0.0204) 0.855
 \end{aligned}$$

FileName : Tower Analysis

Nozzle Calcs.: Inlet

Noz1: 13 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

$$= 0.089 \text{ sq.in.}$$

Area Available in Inward Weld + Outward Weld [A41 + A43]:

$$= W_o^2 * fr2 + (W_i - can / 0.707)^2 * fr2$$

$$= 0.375^2 * 0.855 + (0)^2 * 0.855$$

$$= 0.120 \text{ sq.in.}$$

UG-45 Minimum Nozzle Neck Thickness Requirement: [Int. Press.]Wall Thickness for Internal/External pressures $ta = 0.1454 \text{ in.}$ Wall Thickness per UG16(b), $tr16b = 0.2188 \text{ in.}$ Wall Thickness, shell/head, internal pressure $trb1 = 0.2259 \text{ in.}$ Wall Thickness $tb1 = \max(trb1, tr16b) = 0.2259 \text{ in.}$ Wall Thickness, shell/head, external pressure $trb2 = 0.1401 \text{ in.}$ Wall Thickness $tb2 = \max(trb2, tr16b) = 0.2188 \text{ in.}$ Wall Thickness per table UG-45 $tb3 = 0.3699 \text{ in.}$

Determine Nozzle Thickness candidate [tb]:

$$= \min[tb3, \max(tb1, tb2)]$$

$$= \min[0.37, \max(0.226, 0.219)]$$

$$= 0.2259 \text{ in.}$$

Minimum Wall Thickness of Nozzle Necks [tUG-45]:

$$= \max(ta, tb)$$

$$= \max(0.145, 0.226)$$

$$= 0.2259 \text{ in.}$$

Available Nozzle Neck Thickness = $0.875 * 0.280 = 0.245 \text{ in.} \rightarrow \text{OK}$ **Nozzle Junction Minimum Design Metal Temperature (MDMT) Calculations:****Nozzle Neck to Flange Weld, Curve: B**Govrn. thk, $tg = 0.245$, $tr = 0.0185$, $c = 0.125 \text{ in.}$, $E* = 1$ Thickness Ratio = $tr * E* / (tg - c) = 0.154$, Temp. Reduction = 140 F

Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UCS-66, Curve B -20 F

Min Metal Temp. at Required thickness (UCS 66.1) -155 F

Nozzle-Shell/Head Weld (UCS-66(a)(1)(b)), Curve: BGovrn. thk, $tg = 0.245$, $tr = 0.0185$, $c = 0.125 \text{ in.}$, $E* = 1$ Thickness Ratio = $tr * E* / (tg - c) = 0.154$, Temp. Reduction = 140 F

Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UCS-66, Curve B -20 F

Min Metal Temp. at Required thickness (UCS 66.1) -155 F

Gov. MDMT of the nozzle to shell joint welded assembly : -155 F

Flange MDMT including Temperature reduction per UCS-66.1:

Unadjusted MDMT of ASME B16.5/47 flanges per UCS-66(c) 0 F

Flange MDMT with Temp reduction per UCS-66(b)(1)(-b) -55 F

Where the Stress Reduction Ratio per UCS-66(b)(1)(-b) is :

$$\text{Design Pressure/Ambient Rating} = 100.00 / 285.00 = 0.351$$

Weld Size Calculations, Description: InletIntermediate Calc. for nozzle/shell Welds $T_{min} \quad 0.1550 \text{ in.}$ **Results Per UW-16.1:**

Required Thickness	Actual Thickness
--------------------	------------------

PV Elite 27 Licensee: Kedkep Consulting Inc

92

FileName : Tower Analysis -----

Nozzle Calcs.: Inlet Nozl: 13 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Nozzle Weld $0.1085 = 0.7 * t_{min}$. $0.2651 = 0.7 * W_o$ in.

Maximum Allowable Pressure for this Nozzle at this Location:

Converged Maximum Allowable Pressure in the Operating case: 118.9 psig

Nozzle is O.K. for the External Pressure: 15 psig

The Drop for this Nozzle is : 0.2762 in.

The Cut Length for this Nozzle is, Drop + Ho + H + T : 7.0262 in.

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

FileName : Tower Analysis

Nozzle Calcs.: Outlet

Nozl: 14 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Input, Nozzle Desc: Outlet**From: 60**

Pressure for Reinforcement Calculations	P	100.000	psig
Temperature for Internal Pressure	Temp	200	F
Design External Pressure	Pext	15.00	psig
Temperature for External Pressure	Tempex	200	F

Parent Material		SA-516 70	
Parent Allowable Stress at Temperature	Sv	20000.00	psi
Parent Allowable Stress At Ambient	Sva	20000.00	psi

Inside Diameter of Cylindrical Shell	D	28.0000	in.
Design Length of Section	L	124.3333	in.
Shell Finished (Minimum) Thickness	t	0.7500	in.
Shell Internal Corrosion Allowance	c	0.1250	in.
Shell External Corrosion Allowance	co	0.0000	in.

Distance from Bottom/Left Tangent		39.17	ft.
-----------------------------------	--	-------	-----

User Entered Minimum Design Metal Temperature		-20.00	F
---	--	--------	---

Type of Element Connected to the Parent : Nozzle

Material		SA-106 B	
Material UNS Number		K03006	
Material Specification/Type		Smls. pipe	
Allowable Stress at Temperature	Sn	17100.00	psi
Allowable Stress At Ambient	Sna	17100.00	psi

Diameter Basis (for tr calc only)		Inside	
Layout Angle		0.00	deg
Diameter		6.0000	in.

Size and Thickness Basis		Nominal	
Nominal Thickness		40	

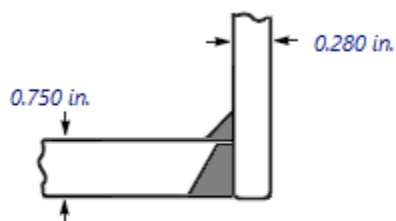
Flange Material		SA-105	
Flange Type		Weld Neck Flange	

Corrosion Allowance	can	0.1250	in.
Joint Efficiency of Shell Seam at Nozzle	E1	1.00	
Joint Efficiency of Nozzle Neck	En	1.00	

Outside Projection	ho	6.0000	in.
Weld leg size between Nozzle and Pad/Shell	Wo	0.3750	in.
Groove weld depth between Nozzle and Vessel	Wgnv	0.7500	in.
Inside Projection	h	0.0000	in.
Weld leg size, Inside Element to Shell	Wi	0.0000	in.

Flange Class		150	
Flange Grade		GR 1.1	

The Pressure Design option was Design Pressure + static head.

**Reinforcement CALCULATION, Description: Outlet**

ASME Code, Section VIII, Div. 1, UG-37 to UG-45

Actual Inside Diameter Used in Calculation 6.065 in.
 Actual Thickness Used in Calculation 0.280 in.

Nozzle input data check completed without errors.

Reqd thk per UG-37(a) of Cylindrical Shell, tr [Int. Press]

$$= P \cdot R / (S_v \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P) \text{ per UG-27 (c)(1)}$$

$$= 100 \cdot 14.12 / (20000 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 100)$$

$$= 0.0708 \text{ in.}$$

Reqd thk per UG-37(a) of Nozzle Wall, trn [Int. Press]

$$= P \cdot R / (S_n \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P) \text{ per UG-27 (c)(1)}$$

$$= 100 \cdot 3.158 / (17100 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 100)$$

$$= 0.0185 \text{ in.}$$

Required Nozzle thickness under External Pressure per UG-28 : 0.0204 in.

UG-40, Limits of Reinforcement: [Internal Pressure]

Parallel to Vessel Wall (Diameter Limit)	D1	12.6300 in.
Parallel to Vessel Wall, opening length	d	6.3150 in.
Normal to Vessel Wall (Thickness Limit), no pad	T1np	0.3875 in.

Weld Strength Reduction Factor [fr1]:

$$= \min(1, S_n / S_v)$$

$$= \min(1, 17100 / 20000)$$

$$= 0.855$$

Weld Strength Reduction Factor [fr2]:

$$= \min(1, S_n / S_v)$$

$$= \min(1, 17100 / 20000)$$

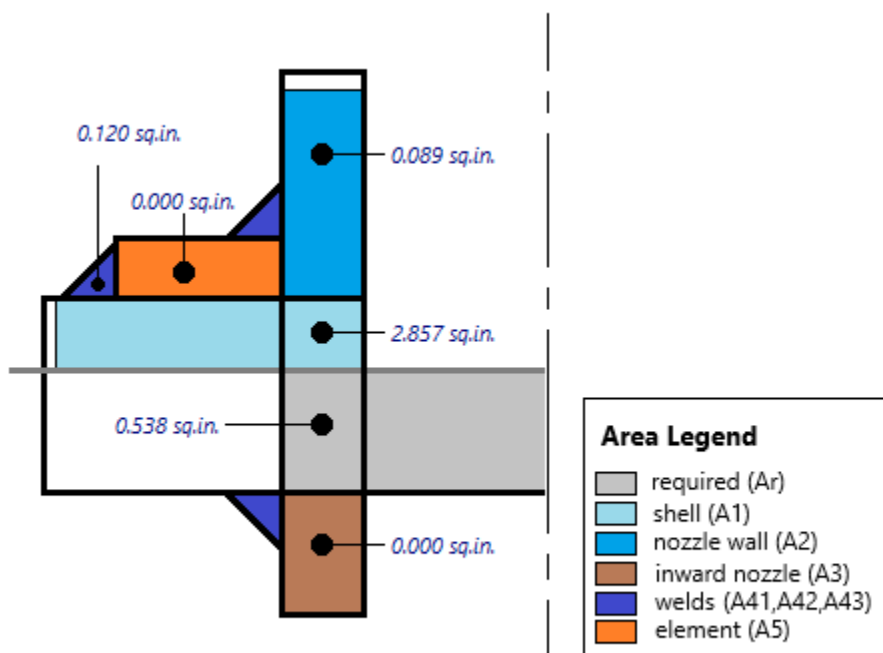
$$= 0.855$$

Weld Strength Reduction Factor [fr3]:

$$= \min(fr2, fr4)$$

$$= \min(0.855, 1)$$

$$= 0.855$$

**Figure UG 37.1 Nozzle Areas****Results of Nozzle Reinforcement Area Calculations: (sq.in.)**

AREA AVAILABLE, A1 to A5		Design	External	Mapnc
Area Required	Ar	0.451	0.538	NA
Area in Shell	A1	3.475	2.857	NA
Area in Nozzle Wall	A2	0.090	0.089	NA
Area in Inward Nozzle	A3	0.000	0.000	NA
Area in Welds	A41+A42+A43	0.120	0.120	NA
Area in Element	A5	0.000	0.000	NA
TOTAL AREA AVAILABLE	Atot	3.685	3.067	NA

The External Pressure Case Governs the Analysis.

Nozzle Angle Used in Area Calculations 90.00 degs.

The area available without a pad is Sufficient.

Area Required [A]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 0.5(d * tr * F + 2 * tn * tr * F(1 - fr1)) \text{ per UG-37(d)} \\
 &= 0.5(6.315 * 0.169 * 1 + 2 * 0.155 * 0.169 * 1(1 - 0.855)) \\
 &= 0.538 \text{ sq.in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Reinforcement Areas per Figure UG-37.1

Area Available in Shell [A1]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= d(E1 * t - F * tr) - 2 * tn(E1 * t - F * tr) * (1 - fr1) \\
 &= 6.315 (1 * 0.625 - 1 * 0.169) - 2 * 0.155 \\
 &\quad (1 * 0.625 - 1 * 0.169) * (1 - 0.855) \\
 &= 2.857 \text{ sq.in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Area Available in Nozzle Projecting Outward [A2]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (2 * tlnp)(tn - trn) fr2 \\
 &= (2 * 0.387)(0.155 - 0.0204) 0.855
 \end{aligned}$$

FileName : Tower Analysis

Nozzle Calcs.: Outlet

Noz1: 14 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

$$= 0.089 \text{ sq.in.}$$

Area Available in Inward Weld + Outward Weld [A41 + A43]:

$$= W_o^2 * fr2 + (W_i - can / 0.707)^2 * fr2$$

$$= 0.375^2 * 0.855 + (0)^2 * 0.855$$

$$= 0.120 \text{ sq.in.}$$

UG-45 Minimum Nozzle Neck Thickness Requirement: [Int. Press.]Wall Thickness for Internal/External pressures $ta = 0.1454 \text{ in.}$ Wall Thickness per UG16(b), $tr16b = 0.2188 \text{ in.}$ Wall Thickness, shell/head, internal pressure $trb1 = 0.1958 \text{ in.}$ Wall Thickness $tb1 = \max(trb1, tr16b) = 0.2188 \text{ in.}$ Wall Thickness, shell/head, external pressure $trb2 = 0.1356 \text{ in.}$ Wall Thickness $tb2 = \max(trb2, tr16b) = 0.2188 \text{ in.}$ Wall Thickness per table UG-45 $tb3 = 0.3699 \text{ in.}$

Determine Nozzle Thickness candidate [tb]:

$$= \min[tb3, \max(tb1, tb2)]$$

$$= \min[0.37, \max(0.219, 0.219)]$$

$$= 0.2188 \text{ in.}$$

Minimum Wall Thickness of Nozzle Necks [tUG-45]:

$$= \max(ta, tb)$$

$$= \max(0.145, 0.219)$$

$$= 0.2188 \text{ in.}$$

Available Nozzle Neck Thickness = $0.875 * 0.280 = 0.245 \text{ in.} \rightarrow \text{OK}$ **Nozzle Junction Minimum Design Metal Temperature (MDMT) Calculations:****Nozzle Neck to Flange Weld, Curve: B**Govrn. thk, $tg = 0.245$, $tr = 0.0185$, $c = 0.125 \text{ in.}$, $E* = 1$ Thickness Ratio = $tr * E* / (tg - c) = 0.154$, Temp. Reduction = 140 F

Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UCS-66, Curve B -20 F

Min Metal Temp. at Required thickness (UCS 66.1) -155 F

Nozzle-Shell/Head Weld (UCS-66(a)(b)), Curve: BGovrn. thk, $tg = 0.245$, $tr = 0.0185$, $c = 0.125 \text{ in.}$, $E* = 1$ Thickness Ratio = $tr * E* / (tg - c) = 0.154$, Temp. Reduction = 140 F

Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UCS-66, Curve B -20 F

Min Metal Temp. at Required thickness (UCS 66.1) -155 F

Gov. MDMT of the nozzle to shell joint welded assembly : -155 F

Flange MDMT including Temperature reduction per UCS-66.1:

Unadjusted MDMT of ASME B16.5/47 flanges per UCS-66(c) 0 F

Flange MDMT with Temp reduction per UCS-66(b)(1)(-b) -55 F

Where the Stress Reduction Ratio per UCS-66(b)(1)(-b) is :

$$\text{Design Pressure/Ambient Rating} = 100.00 / 285.00 = 0.351$$

Weld Size Calculations, Description: OutletIntermediate Calc. for nozzle/shell Welds $T_{min} \quad 0.1550 \text{ in.}$ **Results Per UW-16.1:**

Required Thickness	Actual Thickness
--------------------	------------------

Nozzle Weld $0.1085 = 0.7 * t_{min}$. $0.2651 = 0.7 * W_o \text{ in.}$

Weld Strength and Weld Loads per UG-41.1, Sketch (a) or (b)

Weld Load [W]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \max(0, (A-A1+2*t_n*fr1*(E1*t-tr))S_v) \\
 &= \max(0, (0.538 - 2.857 + 2 * 0.155 * 0.855 * \\
 &\quad (1 * 0.625 - 0.169)) 20000) \\
 &= \max(0, -43962.02) \text{ lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Note: F is always set to 1.0 throughout the calculation.

Weld Load [W1]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (A2+A5+A4-(W_i-Can/.707)^2*fr2)*S_v \\
 &= (0.0892 + 0 + 0.12 - 0 * 0.855) * 20000 \\
 &= 4188.58 \text{ lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Weld Load [W2]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (A2 + A3 + A4 + (2 * t_n * t * fr1)) * S_v \\
 &= (0.0892 + 0 + 0.12 + (0.166)) * 20000 \\
 &= 7501.71 \text{ lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Weld Load [W3]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (A2+A3+A4+A5+(2*t_n*t*fr1))*S \\
 &= (0.0892 + 0 + 0.12 + 0 + (0.166)) * 20000 \\
 &= 7501.71 \text{ lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Strength of Connection Elements for Failure Path Analysis

Shear, Outward Nozzle Weld [Sonw]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (\pi/2) * D_{lo} * W_o * 0.49 * S_{nw} \\
 &= (3.142/2.0) * 6.625 * 0.375 * 0.49 * 17100 \\
 &= 32699. \text{ lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Shear, Nozzle Wall [Snw]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (\pi * (D_{lr} + D_{lo})/4) * (Thk - Can) * 0.7 * S_n \\
 &= (3.142 * 3.235) * (0.28 - 0.125) * 0.7 * 17100 \\
 &= 18856. \text{ lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Tension, Shell Groove Weld [Tngw]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (\pi/2) * D_{lo} * (T - cas) * 0.74 * S_{ng} \\
 &= (3.142/2.0) * 6.625 * (0.75 - 0.125) * 0.74 * 20000 \\
 &= 96260. \text{ lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

See UG-41 and UW-15 for clarification of allowable stresses.

Strength of Failure Paths:

Failure Path [Path 1-1]:

$$= (SONW + SNW) = (32699 + 18856) = 51555 \text{ lb.}$$

Failure Path [Path 2-2]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (Sonw + Tpgw + Tngw + Sinw) \\
 &= (32699 + 0 + 96260 + 0) = 128959 \text{ lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Failure Path [Path 3-3]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (Sonw + Tngw + Sinw) \\
 &= (32699 + 96260 + 0) = 128959 \text{ lb.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Summary of Failure Path Calculations:

Path 1-1 = 51554 lb., must exceed W = 0 lb. or W1 = 4188 lb.
 Path 2-2 = 128958 lb., must exceed W = 0 lb. or W2 = 7501 lb.

PV Elite 27 Licensee: Kedkep Consulting Inc

98

FileName : Tower Analysis

Nozzle Calcs.: Outlet Nozl: 14 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

Path 3-3 = 128958 lb., must exceed W = 0 lb. or W3 = 7501 lb.

Maximum Allowable Pressure for this Nozzle at this Location:

Converged Maximum Allowable Pressure in the Operating case: 169.1 psig

Nozzle is O.K. for the External Pressure: 15 psig

The Drop for this Nozzle is : 0.3975 in.

The Cut Length for this Nozzle is, Drop + Ho + H + T : 7.1475 in.

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.

FileName : Tower Analysis

Nozzle Calcs.: Vent

Nozl: 15 9:37pm Jun 10, 2025

Input, Nozzle Desc: Vent**From: 70**

Pressure for Reinforcement Calculations	P	100.000	psig
Temperature for Internal Pressure	Temp	200	F
Design External Pressure	Pext	15.00	psig
Temperature for External Pressure	Tempex	200	F

Parent Material		SA-516 70	
Parent Allowable Stress at Temperature	Sv	20000.00	psi
Parent Allowable Stress At Ambient	Sva	20000.00	psi

Inside Diameter of Elliptical Head	D	28.0000	in.
Aspect Ratio of Elliptical Head	Ar	2.00	
Head Finished (Minimum) Thickness	t	0.3750	in.
Head Internal Corrosion Allowance	c	0.1250	in.
Head External Corrosion Allowance	co	0.0000	in.

Distance from Head Centerline	L1	0.0000	in.
-------------------------------	----	--------	-----

User Entered Minimum Design Metal Temperature		-20.00	F
---	--	--------	---

Type of Element Connected to the Parent : Nozzle

Material		SA-106 B	
Material UNS Number		K03006	
Material Specification/Type		Smls. pipe	
Allowable Stress at Temperature	Sn	17100.00	psi
Allowable Stress At Ambient	Sna	17100.00	psi

Diameter Basis (for tr calc only)		Inside	
Layout Angle		0.00	deg
Diameter		2.5000	in.

Size and Thickness Basis		Nominal	
Nominal Thickness		80	

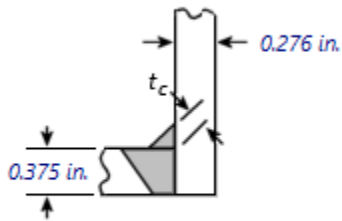
Flange Material		SA-105	
Flange Type		Weld Neck Flange	

Corrosion Allowance	can	0.1250	in.
Joint Efficiency of Shell Seam at Nozzle	E1	1.00	
Joint Efficiency of Nozzle Neck	En	1.00	

Outside Projection	ho	6.0000	in.
Weld leg size between Nozzle and Pad/Shell	Wo	0.3750	in.
Groove weld depth between Nozzle and Vessel	Wgnv	0.3750	in.
Inside Projection	h	0.0000	in.
Weld leg size, Inside Element to Shell	Wi	0.0000	in.
ASME Code Weld Type		UW-16.1(C)	

Flange Class		150	
Flange Grade		GR 1.1	

The Pressure Design option was Design Pressure + static head.



UW-16 (c)

Reinforcement CALCULATION, Description: Vent

ASME Code, Section VIII, Div. 1, UG-37 to UG-45

Actual Inside Diameter Used in Calculation 2.323 in.
 Actual Thickness Used in Calculation 0.276 in.

Nozzle input data check completed without errors.

Reqd thk per UG-37(a) of Elliptical Head, tr [Int. Press]
 $= P \cdot D \cdot K_1 / (2 \cdot S_v \cdot E - 0.2 \cdot P)$ per Appendix 1-4(c)
 $= 100 \cdot 28.25 \cdot 0.9 / (2 \cdot 20000 \cdot 1 - 0.2 \cdot 100)$
 $= 0.0636$ in.

Reqd thk per UG-37(a) of Nozzle Wall, trn [Int. Press]
 $= P \cdot R / (S_n \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P)$ per UG-27 (c)(1)
 $= 100 \cdot 1.286 / (17100 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 100)$
 $= 0.0075$ in.

Required Nozzle thickness under External Pressure per UG-28 : 0.0124 in.

UG-40, Limits of Reinforcement: [Internal Pressure]

Parallel to Vessel Wall (Diameter Limit)	D1	5.1460 in.
Parallel to Vessel Wall, opening length	d	2.5730 in.
Normal to Vessel Wall (Thickness Limit), no pad	Tlnp	0.3775 in.

Taking a UG-36(c)(3)(a) exemption for nozzle: Vent.

This calculation is valid for nozzles that meet all the requirements of paragraph UG-36. Please check the Code carefully, especially for nozzles that are not isolated or do not meet Code spacing requirements. To force the computation of areas for small nozzles go to Tools->Configuration and check the box to force the UG-37 small nozzle area calculation.

UG-45 Minimum Nozzle Neck Thickness Requirement: [Int. Press.]

Wall Thickness for Internal/External pressures	ta	= 0.1374 in.
Wall Thickness per UG16(b),	tr16b	= 0.2188 in.
Wall Thickness, shell/head, internal pressure	trb1	= 0.1957 in.
Wall Thickness	tb1 = max(trb1, tr16b)	= 0.2188 in.
Wall Thickness, shell/head, external pressure	trb2	= 0.1356 in.
Wall Thickness	tb2 = max(trb2, tr16b)	= 0.2188 in.
Wall Thickness per table UG-45	tb3	= 0.3030 in.

Determine Nozzle Thickness candidate [tb]:

$= \min[tb3, \max(tb1, tb2)]$
 $= \min[0.303, \max(0.219, 0.219)]$
 $= 0.2188$ in.

Minimum Wall Thickness of Nozzle Necks [tUG-45]:

FileName : Tower Analysis

Nozzle Calcs.: Vent

Noz1: 15 9:37pm Jun 10,2025

$= \max(t_a, t_b)$
 $= \max(0.137, 0.219)$
 $= 0.2188 \text{ in.}$

Available Nozzle Neck Thickness = $0.875 * 0.276 = 0.241 \text{ in.} \rightarrow \text{OK}$ **Nozzle Junction Minimum Design Metal Temperature (MDMT) Calculations:****Nozzle Neck to Flange Weld, Curve: B**

Govrn. thk, $t_g = 0.241$, $t_r = 0.00755$, $c = 0.125 \text{ in.}$, $E^* = 1$
 Thickness Ratio = $t_r * E^* / (t_g - c) = 0.0648$, Temp. Reduction = 140 F

Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UCS-66, Curve B -20 F
 Min Metal Temp. at Required thickness (UCS 66.1) -155 F

Nozzle-Shell/Head Weld (UCS-66(a)(1)(b)), Curve: B

Govrn. thk, $t_g = 0.241$, $t_r = 0.00755$, $c = 0.125 \text{ in.}$, $E^* = 1$
 Thickness Ratio = $t_r * E^* / (t_g - c) = 0.0648$, Temp. Reduction = 140 F

Min Metal Temp. w/o impact per UCS-66, Curve B -20 F
 Min Metal Temp. at Required thickness (UCS 66.1) -155 F

Gov. MDMT of the nozzle to shell joint welded assembly : -155 F

Flange MDMT including Temperature reduction per UCS-66.1:

Unadjusted MDMT of ASME B16.5/47 flanges per UCS-66(c) 0 F
 Flange MDMT with Temp reduction per UCS-66(b)(1)(-b) -55 F

Where the Stress Reduction Ratio per UCS-66(b)(1)(-b) is :
 Design Pressure/Ambient Rating = $100.00 / 285.00 = 0.351$

Weld Size Calculations, Description: VentIntermediate Calc. for nozzle/shell welds $t_{min} = 0.1510 \text{ in.}$ **Results Per UW-16.1:**

	Required Thickness	Actual Thickness
Nozzle Weld	$0.1057 = 0.7 * t_{min.}$	$0.2651 = 0.7 * W_o \text{ in.}$

The Drop for this Nozzle is : 0.0406 in.

The Cut Length for this Nozzle is, Drop + Ho + H + T : 6.4156 in.

PV Elite is a trademark of Hexagon AB, 2025, All rights reserved.